

### STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ROY COOPER GOVERNOR JAMES H. TROGDON, III SECRETARY

September 30, 2019

Mr. Tom Steffens U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Washington Regulatory Field Office Post Office Box 1000 Washington, NC 27889-1000 Mr. Stephen Lane N.C. Dept. of Environmental Quality Division of Coastal Management 400 Commerce Avenue Morehead City, NC 28557

Subject:

Application for CAMA Major Development Permit, Section 404 and Section 10 Individual Permit, Section 401 Water Quality Certification, and Neuse River Buffer Authorization for the Proposed Replacement of Bridges 138 and 139 over the Neuse River on SR 14770 (Maple Cypress Road) in Craven County, North Carolina. TIP B-4484, Debit Permit Fees from WBS No. 33723.1.2

### Dear Sirs:

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) proposes to replace the existing bridges 138 and 139 over the Neuse River in Craven County with a parallel bridges to the northwest. The purpose of this letter is to request approval under a Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA) Major Development Permit, Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 404 Individual Permit, a CWA Section 401 Water Quality Certification, Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA) Section 10, and Neuse River Buffer Authorization. In addition to this cover letter, ENGE Form 4345 and CAMA MP 1, 2, and 5 Forms, this application package includes the following: adjacent landowner list, CAMA adjacent riparian landowner notifications, stormwater management plan, permit impact drawings (including utility relocation plans), and half size roadway plans. The US Coast Guard has issued an exemption for this project, which is attached. In addition, a request has been submitted to the National Marine Fisheries Service for concurrence that the project will not affect the Atlantic Sturgeon.

### 1.0 Purpose and Need

As identified in the October 2017 Environmental Assessment / Finding of No Significant Impact (EA/FONSI), the need for the proposed action is to replace two structurally deficient, functionally obsolete bridges. The purpose of the proposed action is to improve bridge structural safety and functionality for vehicular traffic.

NCDOT Structures Management Unit records (*Bridge Inspection Report*, March 29, 2019; *Bridge Inspection Report*, June 7, 2019) indicate Bridge No. 138 and 139 have sufficiency ratings of 7.98 and 71.42, respectively, out of a possible 100 for a new structure. Bridge No. 138 is considered structurally deficient due to superstructure and substructure ratings of four or less and has two years of estimated

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remaining life left. Bridge No. 139 has an estimated twelve years of estimated remaining life. NCDOT has completed recent repairs to both structures.

### 2.0 Project Description

The proposed project is located in northeastern Craven County, approximately midway between Kinston and Vanceboro. The land surrounding the bridge is predominantly rural and includes marshes, wooded areas, large tracts of agricultural crops, and low-density single family homes.

SR 1470 (Maple Cypress Road) is a two-lane roadway with a statutory speed limit of 55 miles per hour (mph). It is classified as a major collector road according to NCDOT Functional Classification maps. The estimated (2012) annual average daily traffic (AADT) along SR 1470 (Maple Cypress Road) is 1,800 vehicles per day (vpd). There are no signalized intersections within the project study area. Craven County school buses make two total trips per day across the bridges.

Known utilities in the project study area include a water line, power, and telecommunications cable.

### 3.0 Summary of Impacts

Construction of the project would result in 2.5 acres of permanent wetland impacts, 0.4 acre of temporary wetland impacts, <0.01 acre of permanent surface water impacts, and 0.13 acre of temporary surface water impacts.

See Section 7.3 for wetland and surface water impact summary tables.

### 4.0 Summary of Mitigation

The proposed construction of B-4484 will permanently impact 2.5 acres of jurisdictional wetlands. NCDOT has investigated potential on-site wetland mitigation opportunities, but no practical mitigation sites were available. The existing roadway embankments that will be graded as part of the project were evaluated for potential mitigation credit. However, due to the presence of overhead utility lines and the relocated water line, access and clearing would be required in these areas. Therefore no mitigation credit opportunity was practical.

Therefore, mitigation will be provided by North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality – Division of Mitigation Services (DMS). In accordance with the "Memorandum of Agreement Among the North Carolina Department of Transportation, and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington District" (MOA), July 22, 2003, the DMS will be requested to provide off-site mitigation to satisfy the federal CWA compensatory mitigation requirements for this project.

### 5.0 Project Schedule

B-4484 is scheduled to be let in April 2020. Mobilization will begin upon let followed by upland staging and construction, and relocation of utilities in uplands or via directional bore. In-water construction will start in October 2020. Due to the in-water work moratorium of February 15-September 30, proposed completion of the new bridge is 2023 and demolition of existing bridges is scheduled for 2024.

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### 6.0 NEPA Document Status

An Environmental Assessment / Finding of No Significant Impact was signed on October 2, 2017 and is attached.

### 7.0 Resource Status

The project is located in the Neuse River Basin and lies within the USGS Hydrologic Unit 03020202. The project crosses the Neuse River (NCDEQ Index No. 27-(85) which is classified as C;Sw;NSW.

### 7.1 Wetland Delineations

Wetland delineations were performed using the 1987 U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Wetland Delineation Manual and the USACE 2010 Regional Supplement for the Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region. Results of the wetland delineation were reported in the April 2014 Natural Resources Technical Report (NRTR). While updated delineations were performed in 2017, inundation of the Neuse River floodplain prevented verification of this delineation, which had reduced wetland sizes in several locations. Therefore the impacts provided in this application are based on the 2014 delineation. The 2017 delineation data was used to extend the wetland boundary parallel and adjacent to the existing boat ramp driveway only. This line was field inspected on September 12, 2019 and deemed accurate. The final design avoids and minimizes wetland impacts to the maximum extent practical.

### 7.2 Characterization of Jurisdictional Sites

The project area bridges the Neuse River on Maple Cypress Road in Craven County. Seven wetlands were mapped within the project footprint, including riverine swamp forest and bottomland hardwood forest. All wetlands are subject only to Section 404 regulations. No CAMA coastal wetlands are present on the site.

The Neuse River has not been designated an Outstanding Resource Water (ORW), High Quality Water (HQW) or water supply watershed (WS-I or WS-II) within 1.0 mile downstream of the study area.

Per the above NSW designation, NCDOT's Design Standards in Sensitive Watersheds will be implemented for the project.

### 7.3 Impacts to Jurisdictional Resources

Impacts to jurisdictional wetlands as well as surface waters for B-4484 are summarized below in Tables 1 and 2.

**Table 1: Wetland Impacts** 

Permit Drawing Site Number	ring   Wetland Blotic Communities   Wetland Type		Permanent Impacts (ac.)	Temporary Impacts (ac.)	
1	Riverine Swamp Forest / Bottomland Hardwood Forest	404	0.74	1	
2	Riverine Swamp Forest / Bottomland Hardwood Forest	404	1.76	0.4	
		Total:	2.5	0.4	

- Permanent Impacts represent permanent excavation, fill, and mechanized clearing
- Temporary Impacts represent temporary fill (work platform) and construction access (hand clearing)
- Totals represent the cumulative area of each site (not rounded per site) so differ slightly from individual site impacts

**Table 2: Surface Water Impacts** 

Permit Drawing Site Number	Waterbody	Permanent (ac.)	Temporary (ac.)	Mitigation Required
1	Neuse River	<0.01	0.13	No
	Total:	< 0.01	0.13	

<sup>-</sup> Totals represent the cumulative area of each site (not rounded per site) so differ slightly from individual site impacts

**Table 3: Riparian Buffer Impacts** 

Permit Drawing Site Number	Waterbody	Zone 1 (s.f.)	Zone 2 (s.f.)	Mitigation Required
1	Neuse River	7,479	4,364	No
	Total:	7,479	4,364	

<u>Permanent Impacts:</u> Proposed permanent impacts include fill for roadway embankment in 1.09 acres of 404 jurisdictional wetlands at Sites 1 and 2. Permanent excavation impacts to 404 riparian wetlands consist of 0.09 acre for relocation of an existing channel at impact site 2. There will be 1.2 acres of mechanized clearing at both sites 1 and 2 in wetlands for construction access (0.58 ac) and maintenance (0.62 ac). Proposed permanent impacts to surface waters are <0.01 acre (141 sq. ft), which includes the proposed bridge piles (Sites 1 and 2).

Temporary Impacts: There will be 0.27 acre of temporary wetland impacts for dewatering and construction access associated with the channel relocation within the Neuse River floodplain at Site 2, which will also require 0.09 acre of excavation in wetlands to construct. A total of 0.11 acre of excavation will also be required to allow the grading of the causeway areas downstream of the new bridge 139 to be tied into adjacent wetland elevation. There will be 0.13 acre of temporary surface water impacts to the Neuse River due to the work platforms, bridge construction, and existing bridge demolition. Of the 1.2 acres of mechanized clearing, 0.58 acre will be allowed to revegetate after project completion.

<u>Utility Relocation:</u> Overhead power lines and aerial and subsurface water lines will require relocation to allow construction of the proposed project. The overhead power line relocation will involve one pole moved within an upland location near bridge 139 at the Wildlife Resources Commission boat ramp access

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drive. The existing water line is both aerial and subsurface throughout the project. The new line will be installed from upland roadside bore pits using directional drill methods.

### **Bridge Demolition**

Both bridges will be demolished using top-down methods. Temporary impacts associated with the removal of the existing piles at each bridge total 0.07 acre of surface water for bridge 138, and 0.03 acre of wetland for bridge 139. The superstructure of each bridge will be cut and removed with measures in place to prevent materials from entering jurisdictional waters. Once a segment of bridge is removed, the existing piles will be pulled. Full removal of piles will be accomplished unless they break off during removal. In that case, the piles will be cut at or below the river bed (bridge 138) or wetland elevation (bridge 139) to avoid increased disturbance to completely remove the piles. NCDOT's Best Management Practices for Construction and Maintenance Activities will be implemented for the bridge demolition. A Bridge Demolition Plan will be prepared by the selected contractor, submitted to NCDOT for approval, and shared with permitting agencies.

Individual impact site descriptions are provided below:

### 7.3.1 Site 1 (Permit Drawings 4-5)

Site 1 is the replacement of bridge 138 over the Neuse River. The bridge approaches will be constructed with retaining walls to reduce encroachment into adjacent wetlands. Fill slopes above the retaining wall have been steepened as much as practical to 2:1 due to load limits on the retaining wall and constructability and safety considerations adjacent to the sheet pile walls. Rock plating, while not required, will be applied to the slopes for added protection and stability. Mechanized clearing will be performed adjacent to the retaining walls for construction access and under the bridge for maintenance access. A work platform will be used to construct the new bridge from both sides of the Neuse River, with a span left open to maintain boat passage. Three minor impacts (fill and mechanized clearing) are also proposed to allow for non-erosive discharge of stormwater from the bridge into the adjacent wetlands, rather than direct discharge into the river.

### 7.3.2 Site 2 (Permit Drawings 6-9)

Site 2 is the construction of the new bridge over the Neuse River overflow and associated approaches. The roadway fill approaching this bridge will be constructed with 1.5:1 side slopes protected with rock plating. A retaining wall was evaluated for this area but deemed not practical due to design and constructability considerations. Construction of the wall at this location would require tie-backs that would result in moving the wall further out into the wetland in order to maintain traffic on the existing road. This would have caused additional impacts to wetlands as compared to the proposed 1.5:1 slopes without retaining walls. Mechanized clearing will be performed adjacent to the fill slope and for the bridge and work platform to allow for construction access and pile installation. The existing road embankment will be abandoned upon completion of the construction and graded down to drain via sheet flow into the adjacent wetlands. A temporary construction area has been established around the channel relocation to allow for sheet piling or other dewatering method to be implemented so the culvert extension can be constructed in the dry.

### 8.0 Protected Species

The United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) list 16 federally protected species for Craven County as of the September 20, 2019 listing (Table 3).

Table 3. Federally Protected Species in Craven County

Scientific Name	Common Name	Federal Status	Habitat	Biological Conclusion
Alligator mississippiensis	American alligator	T(S/A)	Yes	N/A
Chelonia mydas	Green sea turtle	T	No	No Effect
Dermochelys coriacea	Leatherback sea turtle	E	No	No Effect
Myotis septentrionalis	Northern long-eared bat	T	Yes	MALAA
Necturus lewisi	Neuse River waterdog	PT	Yes	N/A
Noturus furiosus	Carolina madtom	PE	Yes	N/A
Picoides borealis	Red-cockaded woodpecker	E	No	No Effect
Calidris canutus rufa	Red knot_	T	No	No Effect
Acipenser oxyrinchus	Atlantic Sturgeon	Е	Yes	MANLAA
Trichechus manatus	West Indian manatee	E	Yes	MANLAA
Lysimachia asperulaefolia	Rough-leaved loosestrife	Е	No	No Effect
Aeschynomene virginica	Sensitive joint-vetch	T	No	No Effect

E = Endangered, T = Threatened, T(S/A) = Threatened(Similarity of Appearance), T = Threatened, P=Proposed; MANLAA = May Affect, Not Likely to Adversely Affect, MALAA = May Affect, Likely to Adversely Affect, N/A = Not Applicable.

NCDOT has determined that the project will not affect listed species, with the exception of Northern long-eared bat, Atlantic sturgeon, and West Indian manatee. Biological conclusions from the 2014 NRTR are provided in Table 3. A request has been submitted to the NMFS for concurrence that the project is not likely to adversely affect the Atlantic sturgeon.

### American alligator

Biological Conclusion: Not Applicable

The American alligator remains on the protected species list due to its similarity in appearance to the Endangered American crocodile and no biological conclusion is required.

### Green sea turtle

Biological Conclusion: No Effect

This project will not affect the beaches or coastal waters of North Carolina, therefore no habitat for green sea turtles exists within the study area. A review of NCNHP records, accessed September 24, 2019, indicates no known green sea turtle occurrences within 1.0 mile of the study area.

### Leatherback sea turtle

Biological Conclusion: No Effect

This project will not affect the beaches or coastal waters of North Carolina, therefore no habitat for leatherback sea turtles exists within the study area. A review of NCNHP records, updated May 1, 2009, indicates no known leatherback sea turtle occurrences within 1.0 mile of the study area.

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### Northern long-eared bat

Biological Conclusion: May Affect, Likely to Adversely Affect

The USFWS has developed a programmatic biological opinion (PBO) in conjunction with the Federal Highway Administration, the US Army Corps of Engineers and NCDOT for the northern long-eared bat (NLEB) (*Myotis septentrionalis*) in eastern North Carolina. The PBO covers the entire NCDOT program in Divisions 1-8, including all NCDOT projects and activities. The programmatic determination for NLEB for the NCDOT program is "May Affect, Likely to Adversely Affect." The PBO provides incidental take coverage for NLEB and will ensure compliance with Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act for five years for all NCDOT projects with a federal nexus in Divisions 1-8, which includes Craven County.

### Red-cockaded woodpecker

Biological Conclusion: No Effect

Suitable habitat for the red cockaded woodpecker does not exist in the study area. Forests in the study area are comprised of a closed hardwood canopy and subcanopy. Where pine trees occur in maintained or disturbed areas, they are not of sufficient age or density to provide suitable nesting or foraging habitat. A review of NCNHP records, accessed September 25, 2019, indicates no known RCW occurrences within 1.0 mile of the study area.

### Red knot

Biological Conclusion: No Effect

Suitable habitat for the red knot does not exist in the study area. The study area consists of forested, riparian areas in a freshwater system. It lacks coastal foraging and roosting areas preferred by the red knot. A review of NCNHP records, accessed September 25, 2019, indicates no known red knot occurrences within 1.0 mile of the study area.

### Atlantic Sturgeon

Biological Conclusion: May Affect, Not Likely to Adversely Affect

The Neuse River at this location is designated as critical habitat for the Atlantic sturgeon. A review of NCNHP records, access September 25, 2019, indicates there are no known Atlantic sturgeon occurrences within 1.0 mile of the study area.

### West Indian manatee

Biological Conclusion: May Affect, Not Likely to Adversely Affect

Suitable habitat for the West Indian manatee does exist in the study area. A review of NCNHP records, accessed September 25, 2019, revealed a 1994 manatee occurrence within the study area (EO ID: 5451). NCDOT will utilize the "Guidelines for Avoiding Impacts to the West Indian Manatee: precautionary Measures for Construction Activities in North Carolina's Waters" during construction of the bridge.

### Rough-leaved loosestrife

Biological Conclusion: No Effect

Suitable habitat for rough-leaved loosestrife does not exist in the study area. The canopy in the wetland areas that are not regularly flooded is too dense to allow rough-leaved loosestrife to grow. A review of NCNHP records, accessed September 25, 2019, indicates no known rough-leaved loosestrife occurrence within 1.0 mile of the study area.

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### Sensitive joint-vetch

Biological Conclusion: No Effect

Suitable habitat for sensitive joint-vetch does not exist in the study area. The wetland areas and roadside ditches are not brackish or tidally influenced and therefore do not provide the necessary conditions for this vetch. A review of NCNHP records, accessed September 25, 2019, indicates no known sensitive joint-vetch occurrence within 1.0 mile of the study area.

Two other species, the Neuse River waterdog and the Carolina madtom are proposed for listing under the Endangered Species Act. Surveys were performed at the site in Spring 2019 and none were found.

### 8.1 Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGPA)

In the July 9, 2007 Federal Register (72:37346-37372), the bald eagle was declared recovered, and removed (de-listed) from the Federal List of Threatened and Endangered wildlife. This delisting took effect August 8, 2007. After delisting, the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (Eagle Act) (16 U.S.C. 668-668d) became the primary law protecting bald eagles.

The Neuse River is a water body of sufficient size to be considered potential feeding habitat. Also, there are trees near the project large enough to support the nesting of bald eagles. While a bald eagle was seen on the July 6, 2009 site visit, no nest trees were visible within 660 feet of the study area. A review of NCNHP records, accessed September 26, 2019, indicates no known bald eagle occurrence within 1.0 mile of the study area. The NCDOT will survey the project area again for bald eagle nests prior to construction.

### 8.2 Protection Measures

Protection measures for several species have been recommended for B-4484. The Neuse River within the project area is designated as critical habitat for the Atlantic sturgeon. In order to minimize potential effects to these resources, NCDOT has committed to the following nondiscretionary measures for the construction of this project:

### In-Water Work Moratorium:

An in-water work moratorium will be implemented during the construction of B-4484. Construction activity at or below the mean high water elevation within the Neuse River, including its floodplain when inundated, will not be allowed from February 15 to September 30. Work in upland areas, on the bridge superstructure, and within exclusion devices around individual bents or other work areas (installed prior to the start of the moratorium) will be allowed to continue.

### West Indian Manatee:

All conditions outlined in Guidelines for Avoiding Impacts to the West Indian Manatee: Precautionary Measures for Construction Activities in North Carolina Waters (USFWS, 2003) will be adhered to.

### 9.0 Cultural Resources

No sites eligible for the National Register of Historic Places are within the project area. NC State Historic Preservation Office concurrence is included in the attached EA.

### 10.0 FEMA Compliance

The project has been coordinated with appropriate state and local officials and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) to assure compliance with FEMA, state, and local floodway regulations.

### 11.0 Mitigation Options

The NCDOT is committed to incorporating all reasonable and practicable design features to avoid and minimize jurisdictional impacts, and to provide full compensatory mitigation of all remaining, unavoidable jurisdictional impacts.

### 11.1 Avoidance & Minimization

All jurisdictional features were delineated, field verified and surveyed within the corridor for B-4484 as described above. Using these surveyed features, preliminary designs were adjusted to avoid and/or minimize impacts to jurisdictional areas. NCDOT employs many strategies to avoid and minimize impacts to jurisdictional areas in all of its designs. Many of these strategies have been incorporated into BMP documents that have been reviewed and approved by the resource agencies and which will be followed throughout construction. All wetland areas and environmental sensitive areas (ESA) not affected by the project will be protected from unnecessary encroachment. Individual avoidance and minimization measures include the following:

### 11.1.1 Design Measures

- Bridge 138 over the Neuse River has been lengthened to span riparian buffers and the river banks.
- Retaining walls have been utilized to reduce wetland impacts on the approaches to bridge 138.
- There will be no deck drains or direct discharge of stormwater off the bridges. All stormwater will be discharged at the ends of the bridges at non-erosive velocity.
- Riprap has been eliminated along the base of sheet pile walls.
- Granite, not marl, will be specified for riprap protection areas.
- Fill slopes have been steepened to the maximum extent practical considering erosive velocities and geotechnical considerations.
  - 2:1 slopes are used above retaining walls for load, constructability, and safety considerations
  - 1.5:1 slopes are used where retaining walls were not practical (see Impact Site 2 discussion)

### 11.1.2 General Construction Measures

- Refer to Section 8.2 for protected species measures
- No staging of construction equipment or storage of construction supplies will be allowed in wetlands.
- Temporary work platforms are proposed to access the new bridge alignments except one span to allow boat passage along the river where a barge may be used.
- Sediment and erosion control measures shall adhere to the Design Standards in Sensitive Watersheds during construction of the project.
- Special Sediment Control Fence and Environmentally-Sensitive Area fencing will be used where applicable.
- Bridge piles will be driven, and no jetting will be used.
- Pile driving will be accomplished using pile cushions and will be ramped up to minimize the effects of in-water noise.
- No dredging is proposed.
- Turbidity curtains will be considered in areas of adequate shallow depth and lower velocity.
   Turbidity will be monitored during in-water work to ensure compliance with state water quality standards.

- Water line relocation will be accomplished using directional subsurface methods to avoid wetland and surface water impacts.
- To ensure that all borrow and waste activities occur on high ground, except as authorized by permit, the NCDOT shall require its contractors to identify all areas to be used to borrow material, or to dispose of dredged, fill or waste material. Documentation of the location and characteristics of all borrow and disposal sites associated with the project will be available on request.

### 11.1.3 Demolition Measures

- NCDOT will adhere to Best Management Practices for Construction and Maintenance Activities.
- Demolition will be accomplished through top-down and/or barge access.
- Non-shattering methods will be implemented (no explosives) for bridge removal.
- No bridge deck or substructure components will be dropped in the water.
- Existing bridge piles will be removed completely, unless not practicable.
- If a pile snaps off at a depth below the stream bed or wetland elevation it will be left in place rather than disturb additional area to remove.
- A demolition plan will be finalized by the selected contractor. The final demolition plan will also be approved by NCDOT and provided to permitting agencies for review prior to implementation.

### 11.2 Compensation

The NCDOT has avoided and minimized impacts to jurisdictional resources to the greatest extent possible as described above. Unavoidable jurisdictional wetland impacts will be offset by in-lieu fee payment to the NCDMS.

### 12.0 Indirect and Cumulative Effects

The project is a replacement of existing infrastructure; therefore, additional development is not likely to occur as a result of the project. The replacement will neither influence nearby land use or stimulate growth as no new travel lanes are proposed.

### 13.0 Regulatory Approvals

NCDOT requests that the proposed work be authorized under:

- A Coastal Area Management Act Major Development Permit. The Certified Mail records for each adjacent riparian landowner are provided with this permit application. The return receipts will be forwarded once they have been received. Authorization to debit the \$475 Permit Application Fee from WBS 33723.1.2 is hereby given.
- A Clean Water Act Section 404 Individual Permit and Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 Permit.
- A Clean Water Act Section 401 Certification and Neuse Buffer Authorization. Authorization to debit the \$540 Application Fee from WBS 33723.1.2 is hereby given.

A copy of this permit application and its distribution list will be posted on the NCDOT website at: <a href="http://xfer.services.ncdot.gov/pdea/PermApps/">http://xfer.services.ncdot.gov/pdea/PermApps/</a>.

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If you have any questions regarding this information, please contact me at (252) 439-2811 or ckwhitley@ncdot.gov.

Sincerely,

Casey Whitley, PE PLS

Division 2

cc: NCDOT Permit Application Standard Distribution List

Garcy Ward, NCDWR

Jay Johnson, NCDOT Division 2 Jennifer Farino, P.E., RS&H

Phil May, Carolina Ecosystems, Inc.

### Attachments:

- ENG 4345 Form
- DCM MP-1 Form: Application for Major Development Permit
- DCM MP-2 Form: Excavation and Fill
- DCM MP-5 Form: Bridges and Culverts
- USACE Landowner List
- CAMA Landowner List & Notification Receipts
- EA/FONSI
- Vicinity Map
- USGS Map
- Stormwater Management Plan
- Permit Impact Drawings
- Impact Summary Table
- Buffer Drawings
- Roadway Drawings
- Utility Drawings

### U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS APPLICATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY PERMIT

33 CFR 325. The proponent agency is CECW-CO-R.

OMB APPROVAL NO. 0710-0003 EXPIRES: 28 FEBRUARY 2013

Public reporting for this collection of information is estimated to average 11 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of the collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Department of Defense, Washington Headquarters, Executive Services and Communications Directorate, Information Management Division and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0710-0003). Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if it does not display a currently valid OMB control number. Please DO NOT RETURN your form to either of those addresses. Completed applications must be submitted to the District Engineer having jurisdiction over the location of the proposed activity.

#### PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT

Authorities: Rivers and Harbors Act, Section 10, 33 USC 403; Clean Water Act, Section 404, 33 USC 1344; Marine Protection, Research, and Sanctuaries Act, Section 103, 33 USC 1413; Regulatory Programs of the Corps of Engineers; Final Rule 33 CFR 320-332. Principal Purpose: Information provided on this form will be used in evaluating the application for a permit. Routine Uses: This information may be shared with the Department of Justice and other federal, state, and local government agencies, and the public and may be made available as part of a public notice as required by Federal law. Submission of requested information is voluntary, however, if information is not provided the permit application cannot be evaluated nor can a permit be issued. One set of original drawings or good reproducible copies which show the location and character of the proposed activity must be attached to this application (see sample drawings and/or instructions) and be submitted to the District Engineer having jurisdiction over the location of the proposed activity. An application that is not completed in full will be returned.

	(ITEMS 1 THRU 4 TO BE	FILLED BY THE CORPS)		
1. APPLICATION NO.	2. FIELD OFFICE CODE	3. DATE RECEIVED	4. DATE APPLICATION COMPLETE	
	(ITEMS BELOW TO BE	FILLED BY APPLICANT)		
5. APPLICANT'S NAME		8. AUTHORIZED AGENT'S NAME A	AND TITLE (agent is not required)	
First - Casey Middle -	Last - Whitley	First - Middle -	Last -	
Company - NCDOT Highway Divi	ision 2	Company -	!	
E-mail Address - ckwhitley@ncdot.g	gov	E-mail Address -	!	
6. APPLICANT'S ADDRESS:		9. AGENT'S ADDRESS:		
Address- 1037 W.H. Smith Blvd	,	Address-	1	
City - Greenville State - No	C Zip - 27835 Country - USA	City - State -	Zip - Country -	
7. APPLICANT'S PHONE NOs. w/ARE	EA CODE	10. AGENTS PHONE NOs. w/AREA	CODE	
a. Residence b. Business (252)439-2		a. Residence b. Business c. Fax		
		AUTHORIZATION		
11. I hereby authorize,supplemental information in support of t	to act in my behalf as this permit application.	s my agent in the processing of this app	plication and to furnish, upon request,	
	SIGNATURE OF APPLIC	CANT DATE		
	NAME, LOCATION, AND DESCRI	PTION OF PROJECT OR ACTIVITY		
12. PROJECT NAME OR TITLE (see i B-4484	instructions)			
13. NAME OF WATERBODY, IF KNOW	WN (if applicable)	14. PROJECT STREET ADDRESS (	(if applicable)	
Neuse River	0	Address Maple Cypress Road	ļ	
15. LOCATION OF PROJECT Latitude: •N 35.3132	Longitude: •W -77.3006	City - Dover S	State- NC Zip- 28526	
16. OTHER LOCATION DESCRIPTION	•			
State Tax Parcel ID	Municipality Dov	ver		
Section - Tow	wnship -	Range -		

17. DIRECTIONS TO THE SITE From Washington, take US-17 Business to Vanceboro. Turn right onto NC-118 W/Bailey Li three miles. Turn left onto Nelson Road, and in six miles, turn left onto Maple Cypress Road mile crossing the Neuse River and it's overflow channel.	
18. Nature of Activity (Description of project, include all features) Bridge No. 138 is 22 feet wide accommodating a two-lane roadway and is 580.5 feet in lengt accommodating a two-lane roadway and is 180 feet in length. Bridge No. 138 is proposed to proposed to be 375 feet in length. Bridge 138 will be 34.5 feet wide (30-foot clear roadway v four-foot shoulders and will be constructed on the northwest side of the existing bridge. Brid and one three-foot should, and one six-foot shoulder. Traffic will use the existing bridges dur widening and one-lane, two-way flagger operations.	be 600 feet in length, and Bridge No. 139 is width) accommodating two 11-foot lanes and lge 139 will accommodate two 11-foot lanes
19. Project Purpose (Describe the reason or purpose of the project, see instructions)  The purpose of this project is to improve bridge safety and functionality. The need for the probridges.	oject is to replace the structurally deficient
USE BLOCKS 20-23 IF DREDGED AND/OR FILL MATERIAL IS TO	BE DISCHARGED
20. Reason(s) for Discharge Proposed impacts are required as a result of a new alignment for the roadway and bridges, as existing hydraulic structures within the project corridor.	well as shoulders and lengthening/replacing
21. Type(s) of Material Being Discharged and the Amount of Each Type in Cubic Yards:  Type  Type	Туре
Amount in Cubic Yards Amount in Cubic Yards	Amount in Cubic Yards
See attached cover letter.	
22. Surface Area in Acres of Wetlands or Other Waters Filled (see instructions)	
Acres See attached cover letter.	
or Linear Feet See attached cover letter.	
23. Description of Avoidance, Minimization, and Compensation (see instructions) See attached cover letter.	

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24. Is Any Portion of the	e Work Already Complete?	Yes No if YES	, DESCRIBE THE COMPLE	ETED WORK	
25. Addresses of Adjoini	ng Property Owners, Lesse	es, Etc., Whose Property	Adjoins the Waterbody (if mo	e than can be entered here, please	attach a supplemental list).
a. Address- See attache	ed Property Owners List.	_			
a. Addisos procuration	ou Property O William Elbe	•			
City -		State -	Zip -		
b. Address-					
City -		State -	Zip -		
c. Address-					
City -		State -	Zip -		
d. Address-					
City -		State -	Zip -		
e. Address-					
City -		State -	Zip -		
	ton or Approvele@onicle rou		-	s Mark Described in This 4	to ligation
AGENCY	tes or Approvals/Denials red TYPE APPROVAL*	IDENTIFICATION	DATE APPLIED	DATE APPROVED	DATE DENIED
		NUMBER			
				,	
* Would include but is not	restricted to zoning, building	g, and flood plain permits		·	
27. Application is hereby	made for permit or permits further certify that I possess	to authorize the work desc	cribed in this application. I determine the critical control of the critical critica	ertify that this information i or am acting as the duly a	n this application is uthorized agent of the
applicant.	n-an	. /. /		<u> </u>	
WSG W	OF APPLICANT	10/1/19 DATE	SIGNAT	JRE OF AGENT	DATE
The Application must b	e signed by the person v	who desires to undertak			

The Application must be signed by the person who desires to undertake the proposed activity (applicant) or it may be signed by a duly authorized agent if the statement in block 11 has been filled out and signed.

18 U.S.C. Section 1001 provides that: Whoever, in any manner within the jurisdiction of any department or agency of the United States knowingly and willfully falsifies, conceals, or covers up any trick, scheme, or disguises a material fact or makes any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations or makes or uses any false writing or document knowing same to contain any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or entry, shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than five years or both.

ENG FORM 4345, OCT 2012 Page 3 of 3

## APPLICATION for Major Development Permit



(last revised 12/27/06)

### North Carolina DIVISION OF COASTAL MANAGEMENT

1. Primary Applicant/ Landowner Information								
Business Name				Project Name (if applicable)				
Ncdot Division 2			B-4484 Replace I	Bridges No. 13	8 & 139	over the Neuse River		
Applicant 1: First Name				Last Name				
Casey		K		Whitley				
Applicant 2: First Name MI			Last Name					
N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A			
If additional applicants, plea	ase attach an additional pag	e(s) ı	vith names i	isted.				
Mailing Address				PO Box	City State		State	
1037 W H Smith Blvd				1587	Greenville		NC	
ZIP	Country		Phone No.	FA		FAX No.	No.	
27835 USA 252 - 439		252 - 439 ·	- 2811 ext.		N/A -	-		
Street Address (if different from above)			City	ity State a		ZIP		
N/A			N/A	N/A		N/A-		
Email	_		•					
ckwhitley@ncdot.gov								

2. Agent/Contractor Information							
Business Name N/A							
Agent/ Contractor 1: First N N/A	lame	Mi N/A	Last Name N/A				
Agent/ Contractor 2: First Name MI N/A N/A			Last Name N/A				
Mailing Address N/A			PO Box N/A	City N/A			State N/A
ZIP N/A		Phone No. 1 N/A	ext.		Phone No. 2 N/A -	-	ext.
FAX No. N/A		Contractor # N/A					
Street Address (if different from above) N/A		City N/A	State N/A		ZIP N/A		
Email N/A				•		•	

<Form continues on back>

3. Project Location						
County (can be multiple)	Street Address	,			State Rd. #	
Craven	Maple Cypress Roa	ad			1470	
Subdivision Name		City		State	Zip	
N/A		Dover		NC	28526 -	
Phone No. N/A ext.				ch additional	page with list)	
a. In which NC river basin is the project located?     Neuse			b. Name of body of wate Neuse River	er nearest to	proposed project	
c. Is the water body identified in (b) ab ⊠Natural ☐Manmade ☐Unknow		de?	d. Name the closest maj	or water bod	y to the proposed project site.	
e. Is proposed work within city limits or planning jurisdiction?  ☐Yes ⊠No			f. If applicable, list the pl work falls within. N/A	anning jurisd	liction or city limit the proposed	
4. Site Description						
a. Total length of shoreline on the tract (ft.)     154 feet			b. Size of entire tract (sq.ft.) 504,700 sq.ft.			
c. Size of individual lot(s)  N/A, , (If many lot sizes, please attach additional page with a list)			d. Approximate elevation of tract above NHW (normal high water) or NWL (normal water level)     20' □NHW or ☑NWL			
e. Vegetation on tract Primarily maintained roadside g	rasses and herbs, m	ixed pine	and oak forest, and riv	erine swam	pp forest.	
f. Man-made features and uses now or Man-made features include exi	sting bridges and roa	idway, as	well as subsurface and	l aerial utilit	ies. Uses include	
transportation and recreational	fishing and boating.					
g. Identify and describe the existing la	nd uses <u>adjacent</u> to the	proposed	project site.			
Primarily undeveloped land, op-	en water, and instituti	ional (boa	at ramp and public river	access).		
h. How does local government zone th	e tract?	i.	Is the proposed project co	nsistent with	the applicable zoning?	
Craven County has not zoned th	Craven County has not zoned this area.			(Attach zoning compliance certificate, if applicable)  ☐Yes ☐No ☒NA		
j. Is the proposed activity part of an uri	j. Is the proposed activity part of an urban waterfront redevelopment proposal?			□Yes	⊠No	
k. Has a professional archaeological a	k. Has a professional archaeological assessment been done for the tract? If			⊠Yes	□No □NA	
If yes, by whom?				NCDO	<u> </u>	
	Is the proposed project located in a National Registered Historic District or does it involve a  National Register listed or eligible property?					

<Form continues on next page>

Major Development Permit
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m. (i) Are there wetlands on the site?	⊠Yes □No
(ii) Are there coastal wetlands on the site?	□Yes ⊠No
(iii) If yes to either (i) or (ii) above, has a delineation been conducted?  (Attach documentation, if available)	⊠Yes □No
n. Describe existing wastewater treatment facilities.	
N/A	
o. Describe existing drinking water supply source.	
N/A	
p. Describe existing storm water management or treatment systems.	to a sale of the s
Existing roadway stormwater either sheet flows to existing roadside ditches or drains di River or it's overflow.	rectly from the bridges into the Neuse
5. Activities and Impacts	
	□Commercial ☑Public/Government □Private/Community
b. Give a brief description of purpose, use, and daily operations of the project when complete.	
See cover letter.	
<ul> <li>Describe the proposed construction methodology, types of construction equipment to be used of of equipment and where it is to be stored.</li> </ul>	during construction, the number of each type
See cover letter.	
d. List all development activities you propose.	
See cover letter.	
e. Are the proposed activities maintenance of an existing project, new work, or both?	Both - construction of replacement bridges on new location and existing
	roadway.
f. What is the approximate total disturbed land area resulting from the proposed project?	3.8 acres ☐Sq.Ft or ☑Acres
g. Will the proposed project encroach on any public easement, public accessway or other area that the public has established use of?	⊠Yes □No □NA
h. Describe location and type of existing and proposed discharges to waters of the state.	
See cover letter and attached permit impact drawings.	
. Men	My Dia Daia
i. Will wastewater or stormwater be discharged into a wetland?	⊠Yes □No □NA
If yes, will this discharged water be of the same salinity as the receiving water?	☐Yes ☑No ☐NA
j. Is there any mitigation proposed?  If yes, attach a mitigation proposal.	⊠Yes □No □NA

### <Form continues on back> 6. Additional Information in addition to this completed application form, (MF-1) the following items below, if applicable, must be submitted in order for the application package to be complete. Items (a) - (f) are always applicable to any major development application. Please consult the application instruction booklet on how to properly prepare the required items below a. A project narrative. b. An accurate, dated work plat (including plan view and cross-sectional drawings) drawn to scale. Please give the present status of the proposed project. Is any portion already complete? If previously authorized work, clearly indicate on maps, plats, drawings to distinguish between work completed and proposed. c. A site or location map that is sufficiently detailed to guide agency personnel unfamiliar with the area to the site. d. A copy of the deed (with state application only) or other instrument under which the applicant claims title to the affected properties. e. The appropriate application fee. Check or money order made payable to DENR. f. A list of the names and complete addresses of the adjacent waterfront (riparian) landowners and signed return receipts as proof that such owners have received a copy of the application and plats by certified mail. Such landowners must be advised that they have 30 days in which to submit comments on the proposed project to the Division of Coastal Management. Name See attached landowner list Phone No. Address Name Phone No. Address Name Phone No. Address g. A list of previous state or federal permits issued for work on the project tract. Include permit numbers, permittee, and issuing dates. h. Signed consultant or agent authorization form, if applicable, i. Wetland delineation, if necessary. A signed AEC hazard notice for projects in oceanfront and inlet areas. (Must be signed by property owner) k. A statement of compliance with the N.C. Environmental Policy Act (N.C.G.S. 113A 1-10), if necessary. If the project involves expenditure

### 7. Certification and Permission to Enter on Land

I understand that any permit issued in response to this application will allow only the development described in the application. The project will be subject to the conditions and restrictions contained in the permit.

of public funds or use of public lands, attach a statement documenting compliance with the North Carolina Environmental Policy Act.

I certify that I am authorized to grant, and do in fact grant permission to representatives of state and federal review agencies to enter on the aforementioned lands in connection with evaluating information related to this permit application and follow-up monitoring of the project.

I further certify that the information provided in this application is truthful to the best of my knowledge. Print Name Signature

Please indicate application attachments pertaining to your proposed project.

☑DCM MP-2 Excavation and Fill Information

☑DCM MP-5 Bridges and Culverts

□DCM MP-3 Upland Development

□DCM MP-4 Structures Information

### Form DCM MP-2

Length

Width

### **EXCAVATION** and FILL

(Except for bridges and culverts)

Access

Channel

(NLW or

NWL)

Attach this form to Joint Application for CAMA Major Permit, Form DCM MP-1. Be sure to complete all other sections of the Joint Application that relate to this proposed project. Please include all supplemental information.

**Boat Basin** 

**Boat Ramp** 

**Rock Groin** 

Describe below the purpose of proposed excavation and/or fill activities. All values should be given in feet.

Canal

	~~.					20
De	g. Existing pth			NA	NA	1.5'
	Final Project Depth			NA	NA	1.5'
•						
•	EXCAVATION				☐This section	not applicabl
۱.	Amount of material to be excavated from below NHW or NWL cubic yards.  N/A	. in b.	Type of material Soil	to be excavated.		
•	(i) Does the area to be excavated include coastal wetlands/ma (CW), submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV), shell bottom (S or other wetlands (WL)? If any boxes are checked, provide number of square feet affected.     CW	SB),	High-ground exc	avation in cubic y	vards.	
	(ii) Describe the purpose of the excavation in these areas:  Channel relocation within the floodplain at Site 2.					
	DISPOSAL OF EXCAVATED MATERIAL				☐This section	not applicabl
	Location of disposal area.  To be determined by contractor at an approved location	b.	Dimensions of di	sposal area.		-
•	(i) Do you claim title to disposal area?  ☐Yes ☒No ☐NA  (ii) If no, attach a letter granting permission from the owner.	d.				
	(i) Does the disposal area include any coastal wetlands/marsh (CW), submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV), shell bottom (S or other wetlands (WL)? If any boxes are checked, provide number of square feet affected.	SB),	(i) Does the dispo ☐Yes ☑No (ii) If yes, how mu	□NA	area in the water?	

Contractor will be required to dispose of material in upland areas

□SB \_

\_ □SAV

⊠None

(ii) Describe the purpose of disposal in these areas:

□cw \_

only.

Other

(excluding

shoreline

stabilization)

170'

20'

Rock

Breakwater

3.	SHORELINE STABILIZATION (If development is a wood groin, use MP-4 – Structures)		☑This section not applicable
a.	Type of shoreline stabilization:	b.	Length:
	□Bulkhead □Riprap □Breakwater/Sill □Other:		Width:
C.	Average distance waterward of NHW or NWL:	d.	Maximum distance waterward of NHW or NWL:
e.	Type of stabilization material:	f.	(i) Has there been shoreline erosion during preceding 12 months?  Yes No NA  (ii) If yes, state amount of erosion and source of erosion amount information.
g.	Number of square feet of fill to be placed below water level.  Bulkhead backfill Riprap  Breakwater/Sill Other	h.	Type of fill material.
i.	Source of fill material.		
4.	OTHER FILL ACTIVITIES (Excluding Shoreline Stabilization)		☑This section not applicable
a.	(i) Will fill material be brought to the site?	b.	(i) Will fill material be placed in coastal wetlands/marsh (CW), submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV), shell bottom (SB), or other wetlands (WL)? If any boxes are checked, provide the number of square feet affected.    CW
_	OCHEDAL		
5.			
a.	How will excavated or fill material be kept on site and erosion controlled?	b.	What type of construction equipment will be used (e.g., dragline, backhoe, or hydraulic dredge)?
	Fill material will be contained behind a retaining wall, or protected with rock plating.		Standard construction equipment including excavator, backhoe, dump truck etc. No dredge or dragline proposed.
C.	(i) Will navigational aids be required as a result of the project?  ☐Yes ☑No ☐NA	d.	(i) Will wetlands be crossed in transporting equipment to project site? ☐Yes ☒No ☐NA
	(ii) If yes, explain what type and how they will be implemented.		(ii) If yes, explain steps that will be taken to avoid or minimize environmental impacts.  Access to project will be via existing roadways
			p. o. j. o.
)9/2	23/2019		
Date		Cas	ey Whitley
3-44	484 Maple Cypress Road Bridge Replacement	App	icant Name
Proje	ect Name		

Form DCM MP-2 (Excupration and Fill, Page 3 of 3)

Applicant Signature

### Form DCM MP-5

### **BRIDGES and CULVERTS**

Attach this form to Joint Application for CAMA Major Permit, Form DCM MP-1. Be sure to complete all other sections of the Joint Application that relate to this proposed project. Please include all supplemental information.

1.	BRIDGES		☐This section not applicable
a.	Is the proposed bridge: ☐Commercial ☑Public/Government ☐Private/Community	b.	Water body to be crossed by bridge: Neuse River
c.	Type of bridge (construction material):  Prestressed concrete	d.	Water depth at the proposed crossing at NLW or NWL: 4' @ Bridge 138; 2' @ Bridge 139
e.	(i) Will proposed bridge replace an existing bridge?   Yes □No If yes,  (ii) Length of existing bridge: 580.5' & 180'  (iii) Width of existing bridge: 22' & 30'  (iv) Navigation clearance underneath existing bridge: 28.0' @ Bridge 138: 10.2' @ Bridge 139  (v) Will all, or a part of, the existing bridge be removed? (Explain) Both Bridge 138 and 139 will be removed in their entirety.	f.	(i) Will proposed bridge replace an existing culvert? ☐Yes ☒No If yes,  (ii) Length of existing culvert: N/A  (iii) Width of existing culvert: N/A  (iv) Height of the top of the existing culvert above the NHW or NWL: N/A  (v) Will all, or a part of, the existing culvert be removed?  (Explain) N/A
g.	Length of proposed bridge: 600' & 400'	h.	Width of proposed bridge: 30' & 31'
i.	Will the proposed bridge affect existing water flow? ☐Yes ☒No If yes, explain: N/A	j.	Will the proposed bridge affect navigation by reducing or increasing the existing navigable opening?   ☑Yes ☐No If yes, explain: Proposed low chord is approximately 0.5' higher than existing @ Bridge 138 amd 1.3' higher @ Bridge 139.
k.	Navigation clearance underneath proposed bridge: 28.5' & 11.5"	I.	Have you contacted the U.S. Coast Guard concerning their approval?   ☐ Yes ☐ No  If yes, explain: USCG has issued an exemption for this project.
m.	Will the proposed bridge cross wetlands containing no navigable waters?   ☑Yes ☐No If yes, explain: Bridge 139 will be constructed at 8.3' (11.5' from NWS elevation).	n.	Height of proposed bridge above wetlands: 12-18'
2.	CULVERTS		☑This section not applicable
а.	Number of culverts proposed:	b.	Water body in which the culvert is to be placed:

		114142	s on back>
	Type of culvert (construction material):		
	(i) Will proposed culvert replace an existing bridge?	8.	(i) Will proposed culvert replace an existing culvert?
	□Yes □No		☐Yes ☐No
	If yes,		If yes,
	(ii) Length of existing bridge:		(ii) Length of existing culvert(s):
	(iii) Width of existing bridge:		(iii) Width of existing culvert(s):
	(iv) Navigation clearance underneath existing bridge:(v) Will all, or a part of, the existing bridge be removed?		(iv) Height of the top of the existing culvert above the NHW or NWL:
	(Explain)		<ul><li>(v) Will all, or a part of, the existing culvert be removed? (Explain)</li></ul>
			3 <u>—</u>
	Loweth of supposed subsects	•	Medito of proposed outlinets
	Length of proposed culvert:	g.	Width of proposed culvert:
	Height of the top of the proposed culvert above the NHW or NWL.	i.	Depth of culvert to be buried below existing bottom contour.
	Will the proposed culvert affect navigation by reducing or increasing the existing navigable opening? ☐Yes ☐No If yes, explain:	k.	Will the proposed culvert affect existing water flow?  ☐Yes ☐No  If yes, explain:
	EXCAVATION and FILL		☐This section not applicab
_		_	
	(i) Will the placement of the proposed bridge or culvert require any excavation below the NHW or NWL?	b.	<ul> <li>(i) Will the placement of the proposed bridge or culvert require any excavation within coastal wetlands/marsh (CW), submerged</li> </ul>
	If yes,		aquatic vegetation (SAV), shell bottom (SB), or other wetlands
	(ii) Avg. length of area to be excavated:		(WL)? If any boxes are checked, provide the number of square feet affected.
	(iii) Avg. width of area to be excavated:		□CW □SAV □SB
	(iv) Avg. depth of area to be excavated:		□WL ⊠None
	(v) Amount of material to be excavated in cubic yards:		
	•		(ii) Describe the purpose of the excavation in these areas:
			N/A.

### Form DCM MP-5 (Bridges and Culverts, Page 3 of 4)

C.	(i) Will the placement of the proposed bridge or culvert require any high-ground excavation?		
d.	If the placement of the bridge or culvert involves any excavation, ples (i) Location of the spoil disposal area: Undetermined	ase co	mplete the following:
	(ii) Dimensions of the spoil disposal area: <u>Undetermined</u> (iii) Do you claim title to the disposal area? ☐Yes ☒No ( <i>If no, at</i> (iv) Will the disposal area be available for future maintenance? ☒Ye  (v) Does the disposal area include any coastal wetlands/marsh (CW) bottom (SB)?  ☐CW ☐SAV ☐WL ☐SB ☒None  If any boxes are checked, give dimensions if different from (ii) ab	es 🔲 , subm	No nerged aquatic vegetation (SAVs), other wetlands (WL), or shell
	(vi) Does the disposal area include any area below the NHW or NWL If yes, give dimensions if different from (ii) above. Undetermine	_	Yes ⊠No
ė.	(i) Will the placement of the proposed bridge or culvert result in any fill (other than excavated material described in Item d above) to be placed below NHW or NWL?   Yes □No If yes,  (ii) Avg. length of area to be filled: 12 sq ft  (iii) Avg. width of area to be filled: 12 sq ft  (iv) Purpose of fill: Pilings for the two proposed bridges.	f.	(i) Will the placement of the proposed bridge or culvert result in any fill (other than excavated material described in Item d above) to be placed within coastal wetlands/marsh (CW), submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV), shell bottom (SB), or other wetlands (WL)? If any boxes are checked, provide the number of square feet affected.    CW
g.	(i) Will the placement of the proposed bridge or culvert result in any fill (other than excavated material described in Item d above) to be placed on high-ground?   ☐ Yes ☐ No  If yes,  (ii) Avg. length of area to be filled: 25' & 11'  (iii) Avg. width of area to be filled: 95' & 61'  (iv) Purpose of fill: Roadway construction		
4.	GENERAL		
а.	Will the proposed project require the relocation of any existing utility lines?   ☐ Yes ☐ No  If yes, explain: Overhead electric and aerial/subsurafce water. (see cover letter).	b.	Will the proposed project require the construction of any temporary detour structures? ☐Yes ☑No If yes, explain:

e. What type of construction equipment will be used (for example, dragline, backhoe, or hydraulic dredge)?  Standard construction equipment including cranes, pile drivers, backhoes, excavators, barges, boats, & dump trucks  g. Will the placement of the proposed bridge or culvert require any shoreline stabilization?  If yes, complete Form DCM-MP-2.  Will wetlands be crossed in transporting equipment to dragge in trucks.  If yes, explain steps that will be taken to avoid or menvironmental impacts.  If yes, explain steps that will be taken to avoid or menvironmental impacts.			Ò	rm DCM MP-5 (Bridges and Culverts, Page 4 of 4	Fo
Form continues on back>   Form continues on back*   Form continues on back*   Form continues on back*   Form continues   Form con				If this portion of the proposed project has already received	
d. How will excavated or fill material be kept on site and controlled?  NCDOT standard practices (i.e. sit fence & check check controlled?  NCDOT standard practices (i.e. sit fence & ch					
e. What type of construction equipment will be used (for example, dragline, backhoe, or hydraulic dredge)?  Standard construction equipment including cranes, pile drivers, backhoes, excavators, barges, boats, & dump trucks  g. Will the placement of the proposed bridge or culvert require any shoreline stabilization?  If yes, complete form MP-2, Section 3 for Shoreline  Stabilization only.		s on back>	านคร	< Form conti	
e. What type of construction equipment will be used (for example, dragline, backhoe, or hydraulic dredge)?  Standard construction equipment including cranes, pile drivers, backhoes, excavators, barges, boats, & dump trucks  g. Will the placement of the proposed bridge or culvert require any shoreline stabilization?  If yes, explain steps that will be taken to avoid or minenvironmental impacts.  If yes, explain steps that will be taken to avoid or minenvironmental impacts.  If yes, explain steps that will be taken to avoid or minenvironmental impacts.  If yes, explain steps that will be taken to avoid or minenvironmental impacts.  If yes, explain steps that will be taken to avoid or minenvironmental impacts.		controlled?	d.		C,
dragline, backhoe, or hydraulic dredge)?  Standard construction equipment including cranes, pile drivers, backhoes, excavators, barges, boats, & dump trucks  g. Will the placement of the proposed bridge or culvert require any shoreline stabilization?  If yes, explain steps that will be taken to avoid or mile environmental impacts.  If yes, explain steps that will be taken to avoid or mile environmental impacts.  If yes, explain steps that will be taken to avoid or mile environmental impacts.	( dams)	NCDOT standard practices (i.e. sitt fence & check d		If yes, complete Form DCM-MP-2.	
Standard construction equipment including cranes, pile drivers, backhoes, excavators, barges, boats, & dump trucks  g. Will the placement of the proposed bridge or culvert require any shoreline stabilization?   Yes   No   If yes, complete form MP-2, Section 3 for Shoreline Stabilization only.  9/23/2019  Date  B-4484 Maple Cypress Road Bridge Replacement	oroject site? Yes ⊠No	Will wetlands be crossed in transporting equipment to proj	f.	What type of construction equipment will be used (for example, dradine, backhoe, or hydraulic dredge)?	e.
g. Will the placement of the proposed bridge or culvert require any shoreline stabilization?		If yes, explain steps that will be taken to avoid or minim		Standard construction equipment including cranes, pile drivers, backhoes, excavators, barges, boats, & dump	
shoreline stabilization?					
Date 3-4484 Maple Cypress Road Bridge Replacement				shoreline stabilization? ☐Yes ☑No  If yes, complete form MP-2, Section 3 for Shoreline	g.
3-4484 Maple Cypress Road Bridge Replacement				3/2019	9/23
Project Name				ect Name	Ргоје
Casey Whitley				ey Whitley	Case
Applicant Name Lose While				icant Name	Appli
Applicant Signature				icant Signature	Appli



## STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ROY COOPER
GOVERNOR

JAMES H. TROGDON, III
SECRETARY

September 26, 2019

### Dear Landowner:

The North Carolina Department of Transportation is planning to replace bridges 138 and 139 on SR 1470 (Maple Cypress Road) over the Neuse River. The proposed project will replace the aging existing structures over the Neuse River and its overflow channel. A full permit application detailing the bridge replacement will be provided to you in the Fall of 2019. NCDOT is currently proposing to relocate utilities (overhead power lines and underground water) out of the future construction area.

This bridge relocation crosses an Area of Environmental Concern, as defined by the North Carolina Division of Coastal Management (DCM), and must be approved by the DCM under provisions of the Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA). One of the prerequisites to this approval is that adjacent riparian landowners be given an opportunity to comment on the proposal.

The attached form is submitted to ensure that you have an opportunity to comment on the proposal. If you have  $\underline{\mathbf{no}}$  objections to the proposal, please return the form with your response within 30 days to this office. If you  $\underline{\mathbf{do}}$  have objections to the project, please forward your comments to:

Telephone: (252) 439-2811

Customer Service: 1-877-368-4968

Website: www.ncdot.gov

Location:

1037 W.H. SMITH BLVD

GREENVILLE, NC 27835

Mr. Stephen Lane N.C. Division of Coastal Management 400 Commerce Ave. Morehead City, NC 28557

Thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Casey Whitley, P.E. NCDOT Division 2

cc: Stephen Lane, NCDCM

### ADJACENT RIPARIAN LANDOWNER STATEMENT

(Craven County: Replace Bridge Nos. 138 and 139 over the Neuse River) NCDOT TIP B-4484

General Statutes and Division of Coastal Management Major Permit approval procedures require that riparian landowners with property adjoining a proposed development in an Area of Environmental Concern (AEC) be given thirty (30) days in which to comment on the proposed development. This form allows the adjacent riparian landowner to express either: (1) that he/she objects to the project; or, (2) that he/she does not object and desires to waive his/her right to the 30-day period so that the processing of the application can progress more rapidly. Of course, the adjacent riparian landowner need not sign this form at all if he/she so chooses.

adjacent riparian iandowner need not sign tins form at ar	in he/she so chooses.
I,	for relocating utilities associated with the se River in Craven County, North Carolina. more Areas of Environmental Concern and
I have no objection to the project as presently pro- objection as provided in General Statute 113-229.  I have objections to the project as presently propo	
Signature of Adjacent Riparian Landowner	Date
Phone Number with Area Code	

Parcel	Owner Name	Mailing Address		
1	Frances T. Kilpatrick	9201 NC Highway 55 West, Dover, NC 28526		
2	Sandra N. White	428 White Columns Way, Wilmington, NC 28411		
3	William E. Daniels	202 7th Street, New Bern, NC 28560		
4	Coastal Forest Resources Company	PO Box 709, Buckhannon, WV 26201		
5	Vonnie Heath	138 Castle Ct, Washington, NC 27889		
6	Ray Heath	165 Maple Cypress Road, Grifton, NC 28530		
7	Tonya H Byrd & Margaret Hargett & Dallas Delabruere & Austin A Hargett	116 Pinenut Lane, Bogart, GA 30622		
8	Tonya H Byrd & Margaret Hargett & Dallas Delabruere & Austin A Hargett	116 Pinenut Lane, Bogart, GA 30622		
Add.	Heath Family Farms, LLC	650 Biddle Road, Dover, NC 28526		

# REPLACEMENT OF BRIDGE NO. 138 AND 139 CARRYING SR 1470 (MAPLE CYPRESS ROAD) OVER THE NEUSE RIVER CRAVEN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

WBS No. 33723.1.1 STIP PROJECT No. B-4484

**ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION** 

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT / FINDING OF NO SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

### NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS – DIVISION 2

Submitted pursuant to the North Carolina State Environmental Policy Act

APPROVED:

10/2/2017

— DocuSigned by:
Preston Hunter
— 5433AB43E8E9415...

Date

R. Preston Hunter, PE, Division Engineer North Carolina Department of Transportation – Division 2

### REPLACEMENT OF BRIDGES NO. 138 AND 139 CARRYING SR 1470 (MAPLE CYPRESS ROAD) OVER THE NEUSE RIVER CRAVEN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

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October 2017

Prepared by RS&H Architects-Engineers-Planners, Inc. For the North Carolina Department of Transportation

10/2/2017	DocuSigned by:  Meredith Van Duyn  6614D9C576564D8
Date	Meredith H. Van Duyn, PE, Project Manager RS&H Architects-Engineers-Planners, Inc.
10/2/2017	Hon Yung
Date	Hon F. Yeung, PE, Project Manager North Carolina Department of Transportation, Division 2

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### **PROJECT COMMITMENTS**

REPLACEMENT OF BRIDGES NO. 138 AND 139
CARRYING SR 1470 (MAPLE CYPRESS ROAD)
OVER THE NEUSE RIVER
CRAVEN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

WBS No. 33723.1.1 STIP PROJECT No. B-4484

### **NCDOT Division 2**

NCDOT will adhere to *Guidelines for Avoiding Impacts to the West Indian Manatee:*Precautionary Measures for Construction Activities in North Carolina Waters for this project.

The Neuse River is identified by the North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission (NCWRC) as anadromous fish habitat and an inland primary nursery area. As a result, an in-water construction moratorium will be in effect from February 15 to September 30.

The project study area contains suitable habitat for bald eagles, which are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act. Bald eagles were observed during site visits in 2009 and 2017. NCDOT will conduct surveys for bald eagle nests prior to construction.

## REPLACEMENT OF BRIDGES NO. 138 AND 139 CARRYING SR 1470 (MAPLE CYPRESS ROAD) OVER THE NEUSE RIVER CRAVEN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

### WBS No. 33723.1.1 STIP PROJECT No. B-4484

### INTRODUCTION

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) proposes to replace Bridges No. 138 and 139 carrying SR 1470 (Maple Cypress Road) over the Neuse River and overflow in Craven County. Currently, Bridge No. 138 is 22 feet wide accommodating a two-lane roadway and is 580.5 feet in length. Bridge No. 139 is 29 feet wide accommodating a two-lane roadway and is 180 feet in length. Bridge No. 138 is proposed to be 600 feet in length, and Bridge No. 139 is proposed to be 375 feet in length. Both bridges will be 34.5 feet wide (30-foot clear roadway width) accommodating two 11-foot lanes and four-foot shoulders and will be constructed on the west side of the existing bridges. Traffic will use the existing bridges during construction, with temporary pavement widening and one-lane, two-way flagger operations.

This project is included in the NCDOT *State Transportation Improvement Program* (STIP) as Project No. B-4484. Right-of-way acquisition is scheduled in the summer of 2018, and construction is scheduled to begin in the summer of 2019. The project is subject to compliance with the North Carolina (State) Environmental Policy Act (SEPA). No substantial environmental impacts are anticipated as a result of the proposed project. This action is classified as State Environmental Assessment / Finding of No Significant Impact.

### I. PURPOSE AND NEED STATEMENT

The purpose of this project is to improve bridge safety and functionality. The need for the project is to replace the structurally deficient bridges. The project location is shown in **Figures 1**, **2**, **and 3**. Photos of the project area are included in **Figure 4**.

NCDOT Structures Management Unit records (*Bridge Inspection Report - 240138*, July 14, 2017; *Bridge Inspection Report - 240139*, December 07, 2016) indicate Bridge No. 138 and 139 have sufficiency ratings of 26.2 and 52.93, respectively, out of a possible 100 for a new structure. Bridge No. 138 is considered structurally deficient due to superstructure and substructure ratings of four or less and has two years of estimated remaining life left. Bridge No. 139 has an estimated twelve years of estimated remaining life. NCDOT has completed recent repairs to both structures.

Bridge No. 138 was built in 1952 and has a steel girder floor beam system with a reinforced concrete deck, as well as timber pile substructure. The posted weight limit on the bridge at the time of the Bridge Inspection Report (July 2017) was 34 tons for single vehicles and 37 tons for trucktractor semi-trailers. The posted weight limit during a site visit in August 2017 was 22 tons for single vehicles and 26 tons for truck-tractor semi-trailers. A change to the posted weight limit listed on the Bridge Inspection Report (July 2017) was requested to match the 22 tons for single

vehicles and 26 tons for truck-tractor semi-trailers currently posted at the bridge and seen on the August 2017 site visit.

Bridge No. 139 was built in 1972 and has a steel substructure (floor and pile), a steel girder floor beam system with a prestressed concrete deck. No weight limits are posted.

### II. EXISTING CONDITIONS

The proposed project is located in northeastern Craven County, approximately midway between Kinston and Vanceboro. The land surrounding the bridge is predominantly rural and includes marshes, wooded areas, large tracts of agricultural crops, and low-density single family homes.

SR 1470 (Maple Cypress Road) is a two-lane roadway with a statutory speed limit of 55 miles per hour (mph). It is classified as a major collector road according to NCDOT Functional Classification maps. The estimated (2012) annual average daily traffic (AADT) along SR 1470 (Maple Cypress Road) is 1,800 vehicles per day (vpd). There are no signalized intersections within the project study area. Craven County school buses make two total trips per day across the bridge.

Known utilities in the project study area include a water line, power, and telecommunications cable.

There were four crashes reported to have occurred in the immediate project vicinity during the tenyear period of October 1, 1998 through September 30, 2008. There were no fatal collisions reported. Crash data is summarized in **Tables 1 and 2**.

Total crash rates for the segment in **Table 1** is lower than the North Carolina statewide average (2012-2014) for a two-lane rural secondary route undivided (average 649.92 crashes per 100 million vehicle miles traveled (100MVMT)). The critical crash rate based on the North Carolina statewide average for a similar facility and a 95% confidence interval is 248.47.

Two of the collisions on the roadway segment of Maple Cypress Road on both sides of Bridge No. 138 during the ten year analysis period were fixed-object collisions, and two were rear-end collisions.

Table 1. Crash Summary: Totals and Severity

		Crash Rate*		Crash Severity**					
Roadway Segment	Total Crashes	Total	Non- Fatal Injury	Fatal	Type A Injury	Type B Injury	Type C Injury	PDO	EPDO Severity Index***
Maple Cypress Road – 500 feet on both sides of Bridge No. 138	4	208.57	52.14	0	0	0	1	3	2.85

<sup>\*</sup> Rate = Crashes per 100 Million Vehicles Miles; 2003-2013 (10 years)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Crash severity is rated Fatal, Class A to C (highest to lowest), or PDO (property damage only)

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> EPDO severity index of 8.4 is the threshold for locations that have more serious crashes. (Chapter 14 of NCDOT TEAAS Training Material)

Table 2. Roadway Segment Crash Type Summary: 10/01/1998 to 09/30/2008 (10 years)

Roadway Segment	Fixed Object	Rear End	Total
Maple Cypress Road – 500 feet on both sides of Bridge No. 138	2	2	4

### III. ALTERNATIVES

### A. Description of the Build Alternative

The proposed Build Alternative involves replacement of the structure along the existing roadway alignment, to its immediate west side. Improvements to the approach roadways will be required for a distance of approximately 510 feet to the south(west) of Bridge No. 138 and 870 feet to the north(east) of Bridge No. 139 to tie in the proposed pavement improvements to the existing roadway. This alternate will be designed using Sub Regional Tier guidelines with a design speed of 60 miles per hour. The driveway to the public boat ramp will be realigned slightly to avoid a sight distance issue. Traffic will not be detoured offsite during the construction period. The boat ramp access will remain open during construction.

Typical sections and the preliminary roadway design for Alternative 1 are included in **Figures 5** and 6.

### B. Alternatives Eliminated from Further Study

### No Build

The No Build Alternative serves as a basis of comparison between not replacing the bridge and the associated impacts with the Build alternative. The No Build Alternative would result in no new construction costs; no impacts to streams, wetlands, or other natural or cultural resources; and no residential or business relocations. However, this alternative would result in increased maintenance cost for a period of a few years prior to complete bridge closure. The eventual closure would result in travel delays. The No Build Alternative would not meet the purpose of and need for the proposed project to improve bridge safety. This alternative was dropped from consideration.

### Offsite Detour

The Craven County Emergency Services Director has expressed concern about the potential impacts of an off-site detour on emergency response times. Craven County is divided by the Neuse River and closing the bridge would impact response times for EMS, fire, and law enforcement services. The nearest detour on either side of the bridge is 32 miles (approximately 40 minutes driving time). Traffic will use the existing bridges during construction, with temporary pavement widening and one-lane operations. An off-site detour will not be used.

### Alternative 2

Build Alternative 2 proposed replacement of Bridges No. 138 and 139 on the east side, immediately adjacent to the existing structures and roadway. Alternative 2 was eliminated in 2017 due to its higher potential wetland impacts, with no other measurable benefits above Alternative 1. A comparison of Alternatives 1 and 2 was completed in February 2017 for the field meeting with permitting/regulatory agency representatives and is included in **Table 3** and in the meeting minutes in the Appendix.

**Table 3. Build Alternative Comparison** 

Category	Alternative 1	Alternative 2
Project Length	3,700 ft.	4,000 ft.
Overhead Utility Relocations (power and telecommunications)	10 poles	10 poles
Riparian Wetland Impacts	3.68 ac.	4.63 ac.
Surface Water Impacts	0.01 ac.	0.02 ac.
Stream Impacts	240 lf.	230 lf.
Neuse River Buffer Impacts	4,303 sq. ft.	3,926 sq. ft.
Water line relocation (underground and above-ground)	approx. 3,900 lf.	approx. 1,600 lf.
Construction Cost Estimate (as of Feb. 2017)	\$10.5 Million	\$11.1 Million

A combination of Alternative 1 and 2 was briefly discussed but eliminated due to sight distance concerns. This design would not have met NCDOT or AASHTO design standards.

### IV. ESTIMATED COSTS

The estimated costs for the Build Alternative, based on 2017 prices are as follows:

**Table 4. Estimated Project Costs (Alternative 1)** 

Item	<b>Build Alternative</b>
Right-of-Way <sup>1</sup>	\$66,000
Utility Relocation <sup>2</sup>	\$1,786,000
Construction <sup>3</sup>	\$11,548,000
TOTAL	\$13,400,000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>From NCDOT R/W Cost Estimate completed on 8/2/17.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes power pole relocation cost (\$87,600) from NCDOT Utility Estimate completed on 8/8/17, and water line construction/relocation utility cost (\$1,536,000) from NCDOT Preliminary Estimate completed on 7/12/17, as well as a 10% contingency.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes roadway, drainage, and structure costs (\$8,718,000) from NCDOT Preliminary Estimate completed on 7/12/17, as well as miscellaneous, mobilization, engineering, and construction contingencies.

#### V. OTHER HIGHWAY PROJECTS IN THE AREA

The New Bern Area Metropolitan Planning Organization's (NBAMPO) 2016-2025 Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Plan, adopted in July 23, 2015, Amendment No. 1, adopted September 24, 2015, and Amendment No. 2, adopted January 28, 2016, do not include any projects in the vicinity of B-4484. There are no nearby projects listed in the 2018-2027 STIP.

#### VI. NATURAL ENVIRONMENT

### A. Methodology

All work was conducted in accordance with the NCDOT Natural Environment Section standard operating procedures and July 2012 Natural Resources Technical Report (NRTR) template. Fieldwork was conducted on July 6, 2009, February 26, 2014, March 11, 2014, March 26, 2014, and September 11, 2017. The 2014 B-4484 NRTR and 2017 wetland survey updates are summarized here and incorporated by reference.

## B. Physiography and Soils

The study area lies in the southern outer coastal plain physiographic region of North Carolina. Topography in the project vicinity is generally flat. Elevations in the study area range from 4 to 8 feet above sea level. Land use in the project vicinity consists primarily of forestland and agriculture.

The Craven County Soil Survey identifies four soil types within the study area. The characteristics of the soils in this area are provided in **Table 5**.

Table 5. Soils in the Study Area

Table 5. Sons in the Study Area					
Soil Series	<b>Mapping Unit</b>	<b>Drainage Class</b>	Hydric Status		
Conetoe loamy sand	nd CnB Well Drained		Non-hydric		
Masontown mucky fine		Poorly			
sandy loam & Muckalee	MM	Drained/Very	Hydric		
sandy loam		Poorly Drained			
		Somewhat			
Tarboro sand	TaB	Excessively	sively Non-hydric		
		Drained	-		
Cookmook loomy cond	S <sub>0</sub>	Moderately Well	Hvdmi a*		
Seabrook loamy sand	Se	Drained	Hydric*		

<sup>\*</sup>Soils which are predominantly non-hydric, but which contain hydric inclusions

#### C. Water Resources

Water resources in the study area are part of the Neuse River Basin (U.S. Geological Survey [USGS] Hydrologic Unit 03020204). One stream, the Neuse River, was identified in the study area (**Table 6**). The physical characteristics of this stream are provided in **Table 7**. An unnamed tributary of the Neuse River was identified just outside of the study area at the northwest corner of the project.

Table 6. Water Resources in the Study Area

Stream Name	Map ID	DWQ Stream Index Number	Best Usage Classification	
Neuse River	Neuse River	27-(85)	C;Sw;NSW	

Table 7. Physical Characteristics of Water Resources in the Study Area

Map ID	Bank Height (ft)	Bankfull Width (ft)	Water Depth (in)	Channel Substrate	Velocity	Clarity
Neuse River	15	320	48-120	Sand	Medium	Turbid

The Neuse River is not designated an Outstanding Resource Water (ORW), High Quality Water (HQW) or water supply watershed (WS-I or WS-II) within 1.0 mile downstream of the study area. The Neuse River was not on the North Carolina 2014 Final 303(d) list of impaired waters due to sedimentation or turbidity, nor does it drain into any Section 303(d) waters within 1.0 mile of the study area, that are listed for sedimentation or turbidity.

This portion of the Neuse River is designated as an inland primary nursery by the North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission (NCWRC). There are no benthic samples taken within one mile of Bridge No. 138. Craven County is not designated by the NCWRC as containing Mountain Trout Waters, and no streams within the project study area are designated as Trout Waters.

#### D. Biotic Resources

This section describes the existing vegetation and associated wildlife that occur within the project study area. Potential impacts affecting these resources are also discussed.

#### 1. Terrestrial Communities

Five terrestrial communities were identified in the study area: maintained/disturbed, riverine swamp forest, bottomland hardwood forest, mixed pine hardwoods, and clearcut/cutover areas. The NRTR includes detailed mapping showing the location and extent of these terrestrial communities in the study area. A brief description of each community type follows.

#### Maintained/Disturbed

Maintained/disturbed areas in the study area are in places where the vegetation is periodically mowed, such as roadside shoulders, agricultural fields, and residences. The vegetation in this community is comprised of low growing grasses and herbs, including fescue, clover, wild onion, broomsedge, kudzu, and henbit.

## Riverine Swamp Forest

The riverine swamp forest community occurs in each quadrant of the study area near the river and its overflow areas. The vegetation in this community includes bald cypress, red maple, swamp cottonwood, black willow, overcup oak, green ash, American elm, lizard's tail, trumpet creeper, and various sedges.

#### Bottomland Hardwood Forest

Bottomland hardwood forest community exists in several locations in the study area. Species in this community include willow oak, laurel oak, blackgum, water hickory, box elder, sycamore, ironwood, sweetgum, Chinese privet, and deciduous holly in the overstory and understory. Greenbrier, wild grape, trumpet creeper, poison ivy, Japanese honeysuckle, and various sedges area also in the understory.

#### Mixed Pine Hardwood Forest

The extreme northeast portion of the study area includes small areas of mixed pine and hardwood forest, on slopes rising from the Neuse River floodplain. These areas are dominated by loblolly pine.

#### Clearcut/Cutover

The 2009 NRTR identified a recent clearcut northwest of the Neuse River bridge. This area has grown into a dense stand of saplings. Most of this area was inundated during the February-March 2014 field visits. South of the roadway, an area mapped by the 2009 NRTR as riverine swamp forest, bottomland hardwood, and pine plantation has now also recently been cut.

## Terrestrial Community Impacts

Terrestrial communities in the study area may be impacted by project construction as a result of grading and paving of portions of the study area. Community data of each type within the study area and potential impacts from Alternative 1 are shown in **Table 8.** 

Table 8. Coverage of Terrestrial Communities in the Study Area

Community	Coverage (ac.)	Impacts (ac.)
Maintained/Disturbed	7.36	3.28
Riverine Swamp Forest	14.63	1.61
Bottomland Hardwood Forest	3.98	0.33
Clearcut/Cutover	5.89	0.68
Mixed Pine Hardwood	1.64	0.03
Total	33.50	5.93

#### 2. Terrestrial Wildlife

Terrestrial communities in the study area are comprised of both natural and disturbed habitats that may support a diversity of wildlife species (those species actually observed are indicated with an asterisk \*). Mammal species that commonly exploit forested habitats and stream corridors found within the study area include species such as marsh rabbit\*, raccoon, Virginia opossum\*, gray squirrel, and white-tailed deer\*. Birds that commonly use forest and forest edge habitats include the American goldfinch\*, American robin\*, Carolina wren\*, Acadian flycatcher\*, great crested flycatcher\*, blue-gray gnatcatcher\*, prairie warbler\*, killdeer\*, northern cardinal\*, northern parula warbler\*, northern flicker\*, red-bellied woodpecker\* yellow throated vireo\*, indigo bunting\* barred owl\*, and red-shouldered hawk. Birds that may use the open habitat or water bodies within the study area include belted kingfisher, great blue heron, yellow crowned night heron\*, bald eagle\*, and turkey vulture\*. Reptile and amphibian species that may use terrestrial communities located in the study area include the king snake\*, eastern box turtle\*, Cope's gray treefrog\*, eastern fence lizard, and five-lined skink.

### 3. Aquatic Communities

Aquatic communities in the study area consist of a perennial coastal plain river and its overflow tributaries. The Neuse River can support these fish species: hickory shad, alewife, gizzard shad, silvery minnow, golden shiner, comely shiner, satinfin shiner, dusky shiner, whitefin shiner, channel catfish, pirate perch, warmouth, redbreast sunfish, bluegill, pumpkinseed, largemouth bass, white crappie, black crappie, scalyhead darter, and southern flounder. The Neuse River can also support beaver, stinkpot, southern dusky salamander, crayfish, and various benthic macroinvertebrates.

Aquatic organisms are acutely sensitive to changes in their environment, and environmental impacts from construction activities may result in long term or irreversible effects. Impacts usually associated with in-stream activities include alterations to the substrate and impacts to the adjacent streamside vegetation. Such disturbances within the substrate lead to increased siltation, which can clog the gills and/or feeding mechanisms of benthic organisms, fish, and amphibian species. Siltation may cover benthic macroinvertebrates with excessive amounts of sediment that inhibit their ability to obtain oxygen.

The removal of streamside vegetation and placement of fill material during construction enhances erosion and possible sedimentation. Quick revegetation of these areas helps to reduce the impacts by supporting the underlying soils. Erosion and sedimentation may carry soils, toxic compounds, trash, and other materials into the aquatic communities at the construction site. As a result, bars may form downstream of the site. Increased light from the removal of streamside vegetation may increase water temperatures. Warmer water contains less oxygen, thus reducing aquatic life that depends on high oxygen concentrations.

### 4. Invasive Species

Three species from the NCDOT Invasive Exotic Plant List for North Carolina were found to occur in the study area. The species identified were Chinese privet (Threat level 1), kudzu (Threat level 1), and Japanese honeysuckle (Threat level 2). NCDOT will manage invasive plant species as appropriate.

#### E. Jurisdictional Issues

### 1. Clean Water Act Waters of the United States

Section 404 of the Clean Water Act requires regulation of discharges into Waters of the United States. The USACE has the responsibility for implementation, permitting, and enforcement of the provisions of the Act. The USACE regulatory program is defined in 33 CFR 320-330.

One jurisdictional stream, the Neuse River, was identified in the study area (**Table 10**). The location of this stream is shown on **Figure 1**. The physical characteristics and water quality designations of the Neuse River are detailed in Section VI.C. This stream has been designated as a warm water stream for the purposes of stream mitigation.

Map ID	Length (ft)	Classification	Compensatory Mitigation Required	River Basin Buffers	Buffer Impacts (sq ft)
Neuse River	200	Perennial	Yes	Subject	3,185*

<sup>\*</sup> Includes 50 foot offset from the top of bank delineation

Wetlands are those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface water or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions.

Much of the project study area was inundated during the February-March 2014 site visits, which complicated the process of delineating the jurisdictional boundaries and mapping with the excess water. These wetland boundaries were reviewed in August and September 2017 when normal hydrologic conditions existed on the site. The updated delineation shows a reduced wetland area.

Eight jurisdictional wetlands were identified within the study area (**Figure 5**). Wetland classification data are presented in **Table 11**. All wetlands in the study area are within the Neuse River Basin (USGS Hydrologic Unit 03020204).

Table 11. Jurisdictional Characteristics of Wetlands in the Study Area

Map ID	Hydrologic Classification	Area (ac)	Potential Impacts (ac) <sup>1</sup>
WA	Riparian	1.24	0
WB	Riparian	$0.95^2$	0
WC	Riparian	1.22	0
WD	Riparian	$11.19^3$	1.59
WE	Riparian	0.06	0
WF	Riparian	0.03	0.02
WG	Riparian	0.14	0
WAA	Riparian	0.20	0
	Total	15.03	1.61

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Potential impacts include a 25-foot offset from preliminary construction limits.

#### 2. Clean Water Act Permits

The proposed project has been designated as a State EA/FONSI for the purposes of SEPA documentation. The USACE stated in the February 2017 field meeting with other agency representatives that an Individual Permit will be required.

In addition to the Section 404 permit, other required authorizations include the corresponding Section 401 Water Quality Certification (WQC) from the NCDWR. A NCDWR Section 401 Water Quality General certification may be required prior to the issuance of a Section 404 Permit. Other

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> WB area approximated per aerial imagery and wetland delineation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> WD area only includes wetlands within study area.

required 401 certifications may include a GC 3688 for temporary construction access and dewatering.

#### 3. Construction Moratoria

The Neuse River has been identified by the NCWRC as anadromous fish habitat and an inland primary nursery area. As a result, a construction moratorium has been requested from February 15 to September 30.

#### 4. North Carolina River Basin Buffer Rules

Streamside riparian zones within the study area are protected under provisions of the Neuse River Buffer Rules as administered by NCDWR. **Table 10** indicates which streams in the study area are subject to the buffer rule protection. The unnamed tributary at the northwest corner of the project lies outside of the study area, but its buffers may lie inside it. Due to floodplain inundation, it was not possible to locate the top of bank during the February-March site visits. Potential impacts to protected stream buffers will be determined once a final alignment and design have been determined.

## 5. Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 Navigable Waters

The Neuse River has been designated by the USACE as a Navigable Water under Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act.

## 6. Wetland and Stream Mitigation

Avoidance and Minimization of Impacts

The NCDOT has attempted to avoid and minimize impacts to streams and wetlands to the greatest extent practicable in choosing Alternative 1 as the preferred alternative. Due to buffer rules, Design Standards for Sensitive Watersheds will be followed. Further minimization of impacts will be determined during final design.

Compensatory Mitigation of Impacts

The NCDOT will investigate potential on-site stream and wetland mitigation opportunities. If on-site mitigation is not feasible, mitigation will be provided by North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality – Division of Mitigation Services (DMS). In accordance with the "Memorandum of Agreement Among the North Carolina Department of Transportation, and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington District" (MOA), July 22, 2003, the DMS will be requested to provide off-site mitigation to satisfy the federal Clean Water Act compensatory mitigation requirements for this project.

#### F. Federally Protected Species

Federal law under the provisions of Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) of 1973, as amended, requires that any action likely to adversely affect a federally protected species be subject to review by U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS). Other species may warrant protection under separate state laws.

Plants and animals with federal classifications of Endangered (E), Threatened (T), Proposed Endangered (PE), and Proposed Threatened (PT) are protected under Section 7 and Section 9 of the ESA.

As of May 23, 2017 (verified August 30, 2017), the USFWS and NMFS list eight federally protected species for Craven County (**Table 12**). A brief description of each species' habitat requirements follows, along with the Biological Conclusion rendered based on survey results.

**Table 12. Federally Protected Species Listed for Craven County** 

Scientific Name	Common Name	Federal Status	Habitat Present	Biological Conclusion
Myotis septentrionalis	Northern long-eared bat	T	Yes	MA/LAA
Calidris canutus rufa	Rufa red knot	T	No	No Effect
Picoides borealis	Red-cockaded woodpecker	Е	No	No Effect
Trichechus manatus	West Indian manatee	Е	Yes	MA/NLAA
Dermochelys coriacea	Leatherback sea turtle	Е	No	No Effect
Aeschynomene virginica*	Sensitive joint-vetch	T	No	No Effect
Lysimachia asperulaefolia	Rough-leaved loosestrife	Е	No	No Effect
Acipenser oxyrinchus	Atlantic sturgeon	Е	Yes	MA/NLAA

E = Endangered; T = Threatened; MA/NLTAA = May Affect, Not Likely to Adversely Affect; MA/LAA = May Affect, Likely to Adversely Affect

#### Northern long-eared bat

The USFWS has developed a programmatic biological opinion in conjunction with the Federal Highway Administration, the US Army Corps of Engineers, and NCDOT for the northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*) in eastern North Carolina. The programmatic biological opinion covers the entire NCDOT program in Divisions 1-8, including all NCDOT projects and activities. The programmatic determination for the northern long-eared bat for the NCDOT program is "May Affect, Likely to Adversely Affect." The programmatic biological opinion provides incidental take coverage for northern long-eared bat and will ensure compliance with Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act for five years for all NCDOT projects with a federal nexus in Divisions 1-8, which includes Craven County.

#### Rufa red knot

The rufa red knot is a medium sized shorebird about 9 to 11 inches in length. Red knots are a specialized molluscivore, eating hard-shelled mollusks, sometimes supplemented with easily accessed softer invertebrate prey. The red knot migrates annually between its breeding ground in the Canadian arctic and several wintering regions, including the Southeast United States from Florida to North Carolina. During both the northbound (spring) and southbound (fall) migrations, red knots use key staging and stopover areas to rest and feed. This species typically makes long flights between stops. The birds migrate in large flocks northward through the contiguous United States mainly March – early June, southward July – August. Arrival in breeding areas occurs in late May or early June; most have departed breeding areas by mid-August. Red knots are restricted to the ocean coasts during winter and occur primarily along the coast during migration. Habitats used by red knots in migration and wintering areas are similar in character, generally coastal

<sup>\*</sup> Historic record (the species was last observed in the county more than 50 years ago)

marine and estuarine habitats with large areas of exposed intertidal sediments. In North America, red knots are commonly found along sandy, gravel, or cobble beaches, tidal mudflats, salt marshes, shallow coastal impoundments, lagoons, and peat banks.

## **Biological Conclusion: No Effect**

Suitable habitat for the red knot does not exist in the study area. The study area consist of forested, riparian areas in a freshwater system. It lacks coastal foraging and roosting areas preferred by the red knot. A review of NCNHP records, updated August 18, 2017, indicates no known red knot occurrences within one mile of the study area.

### Red-cockaded woodpecker

The red-cockaded woodpecker (RCW) typically occupies open, mature stands of southern pines, particularly longleaf pine, for foraging and nesting/roosting habitat. The RCW excavates cavities for nesting and roosting in living pine trees, aged 60 years or older, and which are contiguous with pine stands of at least 30 years of age to provide foraging habitat. The foraging range of the RCW is normally no more than 0.5 mile.

## **Biological Conclusion: No Effect**

Suitable habitat for the red-cockaded woodpecker does not exist in the study area. Forests in the study area are comprised of a closed hardwood canopy and sub-canopy. Where pine trees occur in maintained or disturbed areas, they are not of sufficient age or density to provide suitable nesting or foraging habitat. A review of NCNHP records, updated August 18, 2017, indicates no known RCW occurrences within one mile of the study area.

#### **West Indian Manatee**

## USFWS optimal survey window: year round

**Habitat Description:** West Indian manatees have been observed in all the N.C. coastal counties. West Indian manatees are found in canals, sluggish rivers, estuarine habitats, salt water bays, and as far off shore as 3.7 miles. They utilize freshwater and marine habitats at shallow depths of 5 to 20 feet. In the winter, between October and April, manatees concentrate in areas with warm water. During other times of the year, habitats appropriate for the West Indian manatee are those with sufficient water depth, an adequate food supply, and in proximity to freshwater. West Indian manatees require a source of freshwater to drink. West Indian manatees are primarily herbivores, feeding on any aquatic vegetation present, but they may occasionally feed on fish.

### Biological Conclusion: May Affect, Not Likely to Adversely Affect

Suitable habitat for West Indian manatee does exist in the study area. A review of NCNHP records, updated May 1, 2009, revealed a 1990 manatee occurrence approximately 1100 feet downstream of the study area. NCDOT will utilize the *Guidelines for Avoiding Impacts to the West Indian Manatee: Precautionary Measures for Construction Activities in North Carolina Waters* during construction of the bridge.

#### Leatherback sea turtle

Leatherbacks are distributed worldwide in tropical waters of the Atlantic, Pacific, and Indian Oceans. They are generally open-ocean species, and may be common off the North Carolina coast

during certain times of the year. However, in northern waters, leatherbacks are reported to enter into bays, estuaries, and other inland bodies of water. Major nesting areas occur mainly in tropical regions. In the United States, primary nesting areas are in Florida; however, nests are known from Georgia, South Carolina, and North Carolina as well. Nesting occurs from April to August. Leatherbacks need sandy beaches backed with vegetation in the proximity of deep water and generally with rough seas. Beaches with a relatively steep slope are usually preferred.

## **Biological Conclusion: No Effect**

This project will not affect the beaches or coastal waters of North Carolina. Therefore, no habitat for leatherback sea turtles exists within the study area. A review of NCNHP records, updated August 18, 2017, indicates no known leatherback sea turtle occurrences within one mile of the study area.

### **Sensitive joint-vetch**

Sensitive joint-vetch grows in the mildly brackish intertidal zone where plants are flooded twice daily. This annual legume prefers the marsh edge at an elevation near the upper limit of tidal fluctuation but can also be found in swamps and on river banks. Sensitive joint-vetch normally occurs in areas with high plant diversity where annual species predominate and can grow in sand, mud, gravel, or peat substrates. Bare to sparsely vegetated substrates appear to be a microhabitat feature of critical importance to this plant. Such microhabitats may include accreting point bars that have not yet been colonized by perennial species, areas scoured out by ice, low swales within marshes, muskrat "eat outs" where this rodent removes all of the vegetation within a small portion of the marsh, storm damaged areas, and the saturated organic sediments of some interior marshes that have local nutrient deficiencies. In North Carolina, stable populations have been found in the estuarine meander zone of tidal rivers where sediments transported from upriver settle out, and extensive marshes are formed. Additional North Carolina occurrences are also found in moist to wet roadside ditches and moist fields, but these are not considered stable populations.

## **Biological Conclusion: No Effect**

Suitable habitat for sensitive joint-vetch does not exist in the study area. The wetland areas and roadside ditches are not brackish or tidally influenced, and therefore do not provide the necessary conditions for this vetch. A review of NCNHP records, updated August 18, 2017, indicates no known sensitive joint-vetch occurrence within one mile of the study area.

#### Rough-leaved loosestrife

Rough-leaved loosestrife, endemic to the Coastal Plain and Sandhills of North and South Carolina, generally occurs in the ecotones or edges between longleaf pine uplands and pond pine pocosins in dense shrub and vine growth on moist to seasonally saturated sands and on shallow organic soils overlaying sand (spodosolic soils). Occurrences are found in such disturbed habitats as roadside depressions, maintained power and utility line rights-of-way, firebreaks, and trails. The species prefers full sunlight, is shade intolerant, and requires areas of disturbance (e.g., clearing, mowing, and periodic burning) where overstory is minimal. It can, however, persist vegetatively for many years in overgrown, fire-suppressed areas. Blaney, Gilead, Johnston, Kalmia, Leon, Mandarin, Murville, Torhunta, and Vaucluse some of the soil series that occurrences have been found on.

#### **Biological Conclusion: No Effect**

Suitable habitat for rough-leaved loosestrife does not exist in the study area. The canopy in the wetland areas that are not regularly flooded is too dense to allow rough-leaved loosestrife to grow. A review of NCNHP records, updated August 18, 2017, indicates no known rough-leaved loosestrife occurrence within one mile of the study area.

## **Atlantic sturgeon**

**Habitat Description:** Atlantic sturgeon spawn in freshwater in the spring and migrate to the estuarine waters where they spend most of their lives. Spawning occurs in moderately flowing waters in the deep parts of large rivers between the salt front and fall line of large rivers. Eggs are deposited on the bottom, usually attaching to hard substrates. They occur in most major river systems along the eastern seaboard of the United States. The species prefers the near shore marine, estuarine and riverine habitat of large river systems. Subadults and adults live in coastal waters and estuaries when not spawning, generally in nearshore areas dominated by gravel and sand substrates. Long distance migrations away from spawning rivers are common. Large freshwater rivers that are unobstructed by dams or pollutants are imperative to successful reproduction.

### Biological Conclusion: May Affect, Not Likely to Adversely Affect

Correspondence with Fritz Rohde (NMFS) indicated that habitat for the Atlantic sturgeon is present in the study area. A review of NCNHP records, updated August 18, 2017, indicates there are no known Atlantic sturgeon occurrences within one mile of the study area.

## **Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act**

The bald eagle was removed from the USFWS's list of Threatened and Endangered Species (effective August 8, 2007), but it is protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act. Habitat for the bald eagle primarily consists of mature forests in proximity to large bodies of open water for foraging. Large, dominant trees are utilized for nesting sites, typically within one mile of open water.

Suitable habitat for bald eagle exists in the project study area, as it is within one mile of suitable habitat (Neuse River). Bald eagles were observed during field work in 2009 and 2017. NCDOT will conduct surveys for nests prior to construction and coordinate with the USFWS if needed.

## **Endangered Species Act Candidate Species**

As of May 23, 2017 (verified August 30, 2017), the USFWS lists no Candidate species for Craven County.

#### **Coastal Zone Issues**

Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA) Areas of Environmental Concern

CAMA Areas of Environmental Concern (AEC) were identified in the project study area. The Neuse River is a Public Trust Water. A CAMA Major Development Permit from the North

Carolina Division of Coastal Management (NCDCM) will be required for all impacts to designated AECs within the project study area.

Essential Fish Habitat

The National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) has identified the Neuse River as an Essential Fish Habitat (EFH).

The proposed project will require that the existing structure over the Neuse River be removed and a new structure built in its place or in proximity. The new bridge structure will likely require footings to be placed within the Neuse River. However, the existing bridge footings will be removed. Therefore, the proposed project will likely result in a negligible net effect on available Essential Fish Habitat.

#### VII. HUMAN ENVIRONMENT

#### A. Section 106 Compliance

This project is subject to compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, implemented by the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation's Regulations for Compliance with Section 106, codified at 36 CFR Part 800. Section 106 requires Federal agencies to take into account the effect of their undertakings (federally-funded, licensed, or permitted) on properties included in or eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places and to afford the Advisory Council a reasonable opportunity to comment on such undertakings.

The State Historic Preservation Office (HPO) reviewed the subject project and is not aware of any historic resources which would be affected by the project. HPO has no comment on the project as proposed. (November 18, 2008 response is included in the **Appendix**).

### B. Community Impacts

No adverse impact on families or communities is anticipated. Right-of-way acquisition will be limited. One abandoned house is anticipated to be impacted by the proposed realignment of the driveway to the boat ramp. No relocatees are expected with implementation of the proposed alternative.

No adverse effects on public facilities or services is expected. While two bus trips are made daily through the study area, the Craven County Schools Transportation Information Management Systems (TIMS) Coordinator expects bridge closure during construction to have an overall low impact on school transportation services. The project is not expected to adversely affect social, economic, or religious opportunities in the area.

Access to the public boat ramp, operated by NCWRC, will remain open throughout construction.

Craven County Emergency Services Director has expressed concern about the potential impacts of an off-site detour on emergency response times. Craven County is divided by the Neuse River and closing the bridge would impact response times for EMS, fire, and law enforcement services.

Traffic will use the existing bridges during construction, with temporary pavement widening and one-lane operations. An off-site detour will not be used.

The project is not in conflict with any plan, existing land use, or zoning regulation. No change in land use is expected to result from the construction of the project. The Farmland Protection Policy Act requires all federal agencies or their representatives to consider the potential impact to prime farmland of all land acquisition and construction projects. FPPA eligible soils are present within all quadrants of the Direct Bridge Impact Area (DBIA). A preliminary screening of farmland conversion impacts in the project was completed (NRCS Form AD-1006, Part VI only) and a total score of 51 out of 160 points was calculated. Due to this score, this land is not covered by the act.

The project will not have a disproportionately high and adverse human health and environmental effect on any minority or low-income population.

Three access driveways are located within the DBIA providing access to single family homes and a cell tower. Access to properties will be maintained during construction.

## C. Noise and Air Quality

The project is located in Craven County, which has been determined to comply with the National Air Quality Standards. The proposed project is located in an attainment area; therefore, 40 CFR Parts 51 and 93 are not applicable. This project is not anticipated to create any adverse effects on the air quality of this attainment area. This project will not result in any meaningful changes in traffic volume, vehicle mix, location of the existing facility, or any other factor that would cause an increase in emissions impacts relative to the no-build alternative. As such, FHWA has determined that this project will generate minimal air quality impacts for Clean Air Act criteria pollutants and has not been linked with any special MSAT concerns. Consequently this effort is exempt from analysis for MSAT's.

Noise levels may increase during project construction; however, these impacts are not expected to be substantial considering the relatively short-term nature of construction noise and the limitation of construction to daytime hours. The transmission loss characteristics of nearby natural elements and man-made structures are believed to be sufficient to moderate the effects of intrusive construction noise.

This project has been determined to be a Type III Noise Project and therefore, no traffic noise analysis is required to meet the requirements of 23 CFR 772.

#### VIII. GENERAL ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

This action is classified as a State Environmental Assessment / Finding of No Significant Impact. The proposed project is not expected to have an adverse effect on the quality of the human or natural environment with the use of current NCDOT standards and specifications.

No adverse effect on public facilities or services is anticipated. The project is not expected to adversely affect social, economic, or religious opportunities in the area. There are no anticipated impacts from this project to publicly owned public facilities, wildlife or waterfowl refuges, or sites

of national, state, or local importance. It is recommended to coordinate with Craven County Emergency Services to minimize emergency response impacts during construction.

The project's impact on noise and air will not be substantial. Noise levels could increase during construction but will be temporary.

Anticipated impacts to utilities include water and telephone cable lines. Coordination with utility companies for relocation plans will be complete before construction begins.

#### IX. COORDINATION AND AGENCY COMMENTS

A scoping letter was mailed to the following agencies on November 4, 2008 asking for input regarding anticipated permits or other known potential issues. Responses were received from agencies marked in bold with an asterisk (\*). A field meeting with agency representatives was held in February 2017 to discuss alternatives. Letters and additional agency comments are included in the **Appendix**.

Federal Highway Administration

US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE)

US Environmental Protection Agency

US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS)

## \*NC Department of Cultural Resources, State Historic Preservation Office

NC Department of Environment and Natural Resources

- Division of Marine Fisheries
- Division of Water Resources (NCDWR)

NC Wildlife Resources Commission (NCWRC)

#### \*Craven County

- \*Office of Planning and Community Development
- \*Board of Commissioners
- \*Craven County Schools Transportation Department

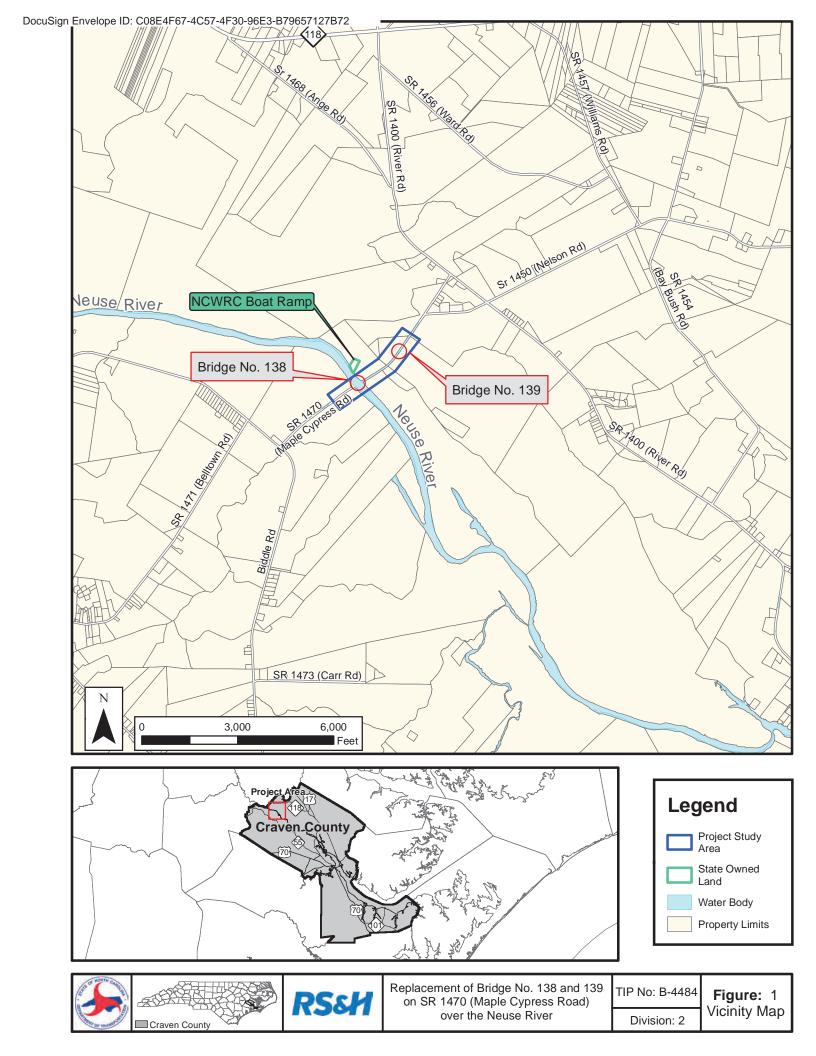
#### X. PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT

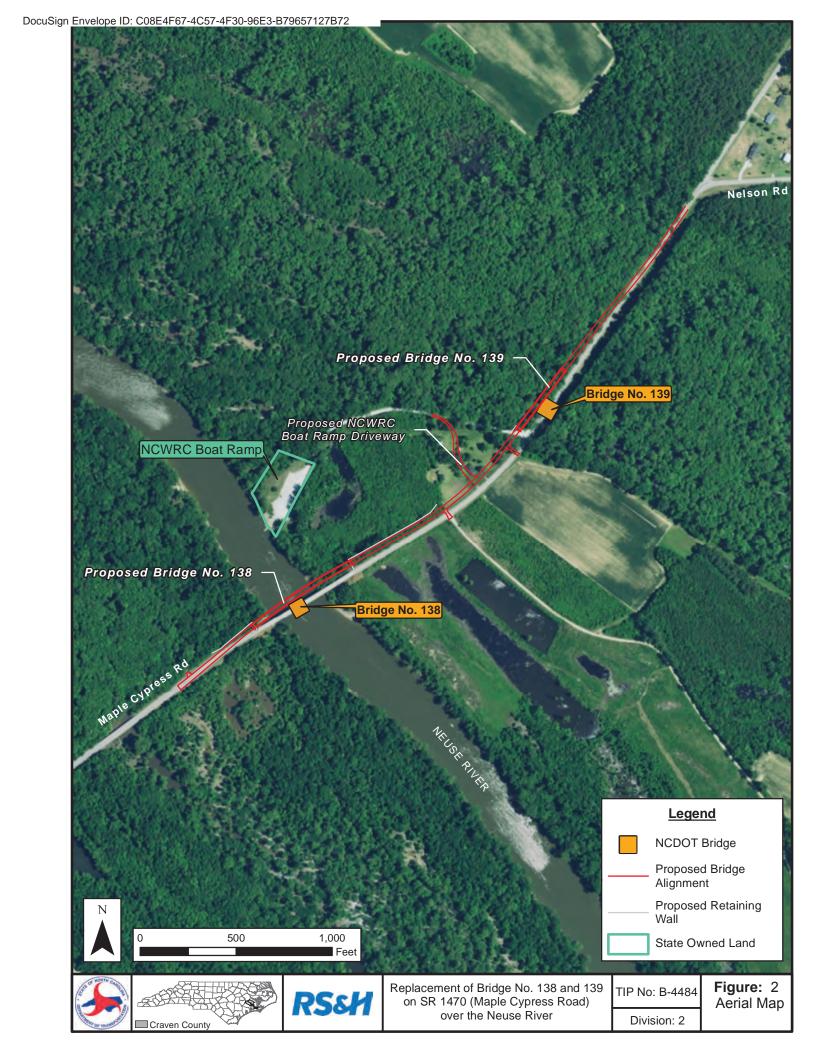
A mailing list of approximately 126 citizens and property owners; federal, state, and local environmental regulatory/resource agencies; local elected officials and governmental agencies; and interested persons was developed and continuously updated throughout the project development process. To date, NCDOT has mailed one newsletter and received no comments.

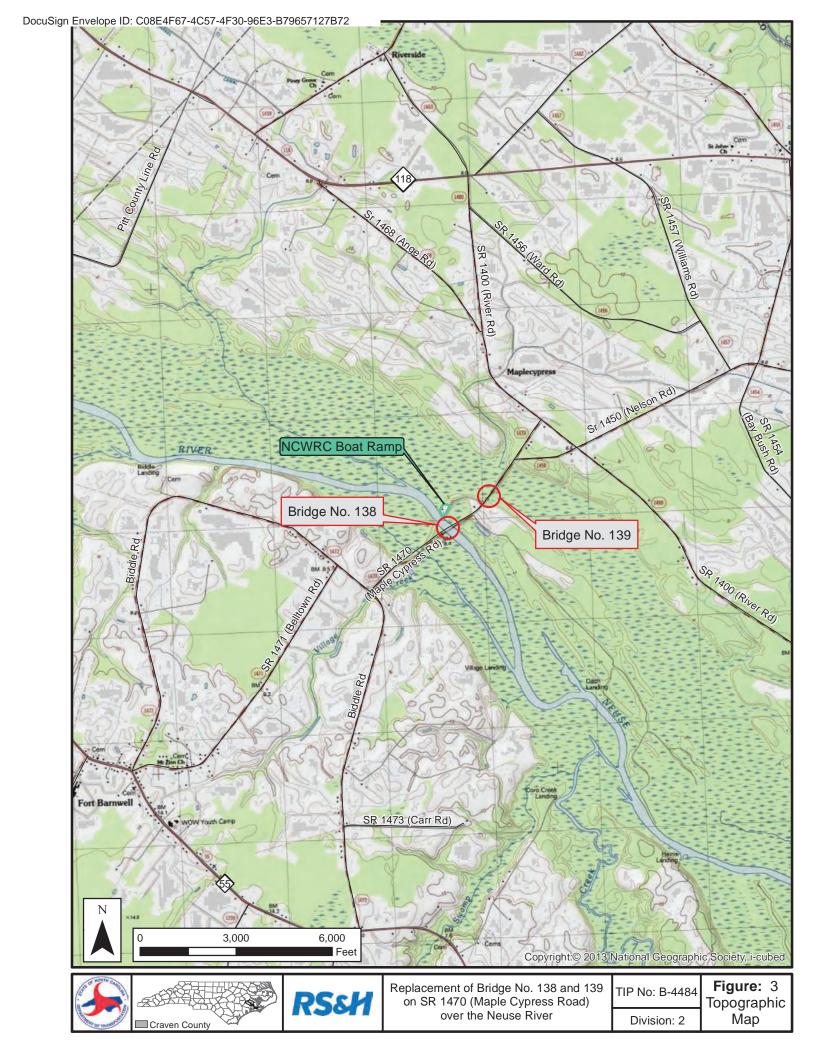
## XI. BASIS FOR FINDING OF NO SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

Based upon a study of the proposed project documented in this assessment and upon comments received from federal, state, and local agencies, and the public, it is the finding of the NCDOT that this project would not have a significant adverse impact upon the human or natural environment. The proposed project is consistent with local plans and would not disrupt communities. Per this evaluation, a Finding of No Significant Impact is applicable for this project. Therefore, no further environmental analysis will be required.

## **FIGURES**

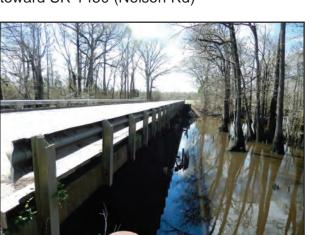








Bridge 139 approach facing NW direction toward SR 1450 (Nelson Rd)



East side of Bridge



Neuse River West of Bridge 139



Bridge 139 approach facing SE direction toward Biddle Rd



West side of Bridge



Neuse River East of Bridge 139







Replacement of Bridge No. 138 and No. 139 on SR 1470 (Maple Cypress Road) over the Neuse River

TIP No: B-4484

Division: 2

Figure: 4a Project Area Photos



Bridge 138 approach facing NE direction toward SR 1450 (Nelson Rd)



West side of Bridge 138 from Boat Launch site



Neuse River West of Bridge 138



Bridge 138 approach facing SW direction toward Biddle Rd



East side of Bridge 138



Neuse River East of Boat Launch







Replacement of Bridge No. 138 and No. 139 on SR 1470 (Maple Cypress Road) over the Neuse River

TIP No: B-4484

Division: 2

Figure: 4b Project Area Photos



Maple Cypress Boat Launch northwest of Bridge 138



Parking Lot for Launch



Abandoned House northeast of Bridge 138



Maple Cypress Boat Launch northwest of Bridge 138



Parking Lot for Launch



Abandoned Shack northeast of Bridge 138 (south of abandoned house)



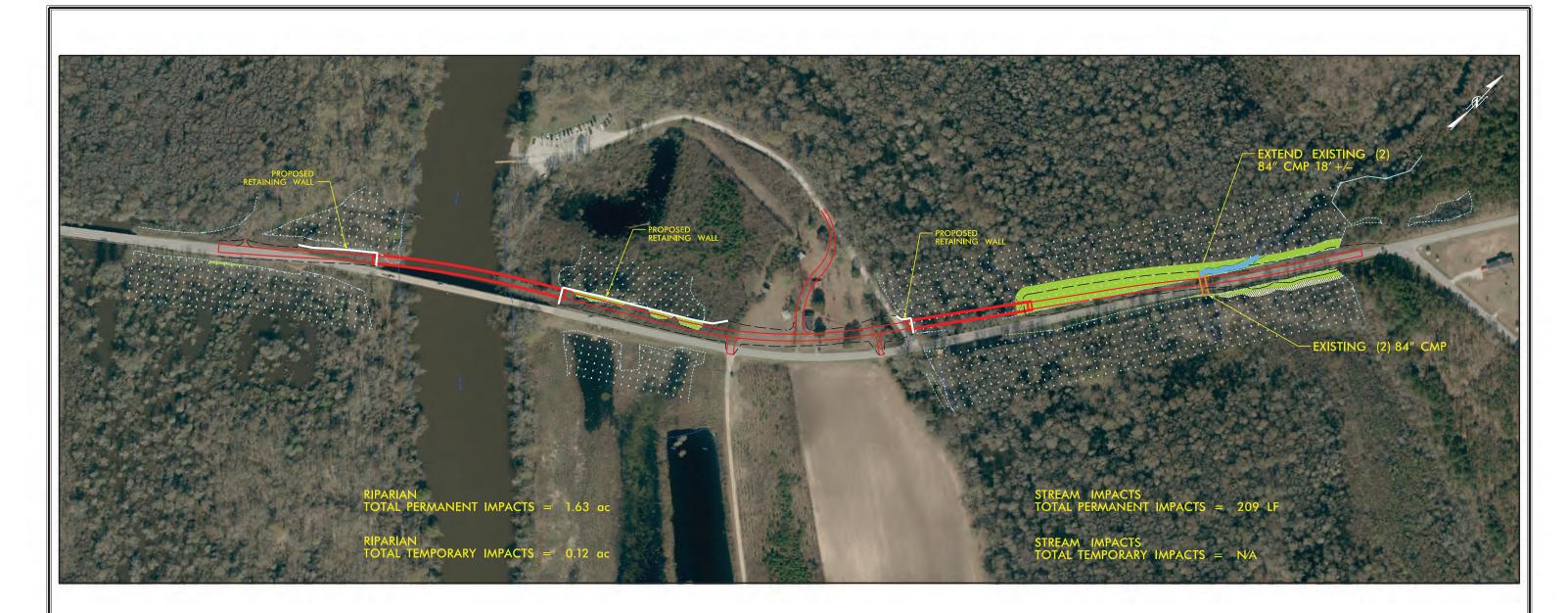




Replacement of Bridge No. 138 and No. 139 on SR 1470 (Maple Cypress Road) over the Neuse River

TIP No: B-4484

Figure: 4c Project Area Photos



## Legend

**Riparian Wetland Impacts** 

**Temporary Riparian Wetland Impacts** 

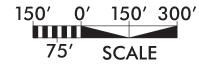
**Permanent Stream Water Impacts** 

**Wetland Boundary** - WLB -

Roadway Footprint (Slope Stakes)

Total Riparian Wetland Impacts = 1.75 acres Total Stream Water Impacts = 209 LF

> PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION



## **Build Alternative Affected Natural Environment**



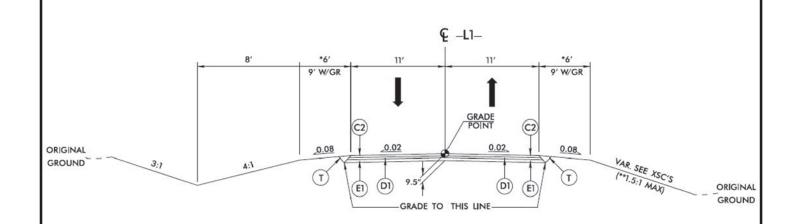




Maple Cypress Rd. Bridge Replacements Project TIP No: B - 4484

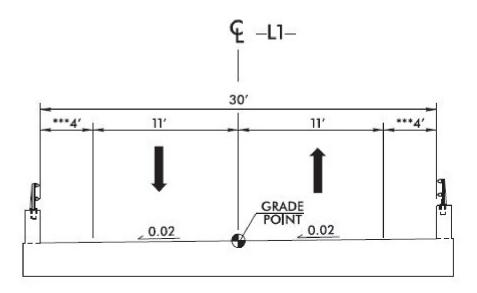
Bridge No. 138 and No. 139 over the Neuse River and Neuse River Overflow - SR 1470

Figure 5



## **Roadway Typical Section**

\*6' full depth paved shoulder proposed in areas with guardrail only \*\*Rock plating proposed for all slopes steeper than 3:1



## **Bridge Typical Section**

\*\*\*4' shoulder required for sight distance Note: The cross slope of 0.02 to the west is for Bridge No. 139. Bridge No. 138 would have a cross slope 0.04 in an easterly direction.







Replacement of Bridge No. 138 and No. 139 on SR 1470 (Maple Cypress Road) over the Neuse River

Division: 2

Figure: 6 Typical Sections

## **AGENCY CORRESPONDENCE**



## North Carolina Department of Cultural Resources

## State Historic Preservation Office

Peter B. Sandbeck, Administrator

Michael F. Easley, Governor Lisbeth C. Evans, Secretary Jeffrey J. Crow, Deputy Secretary

Office of Archives and History Division of Historical Resources David Brook, Director

November 18, 2008

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Tracy Walter

Project Development and Environmental Analysis Branch

NCDOT Bridge Unit

FROM:

Peter Sandbeck PSE for Peter Sandbeck

SUBJECT:

Bridge 138 on SR 1470 over the Neuse River, B-4484, Craven County, ER 08-2754

Thank you for your letter of November 4, 2008, concerning the above project.

We have conducted a review of the proposed undertaking and are aware of no historic resources which would be affected by the project. Therefore, we have no comment on the undertaking as proposed.

The above comments are made pursuant to Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation's Regulations for Compliance with Section 106 codified at 36 CFR Part 800.

Thank you for your cooperation and consideration. If you have questions concerning the above comment, contact Renee Gledhill-Earley, environmental review coordinator, at 919-807-6579. In all future communication concerning this project, please cite the above referenced tracking number.

CC:

Mary Pope Furr, NCDOT Matt Wilkerson, NCDOT

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Board of Commissioners
Jason R. Jones, Chairman
Theron McCabe, Vice Chairman
Lee Kyle Allen
Perry L. Morris
Johnnie Sampson, Jr.
M. Renee Sisk
Steve Tyson

Administrative Staff
Harold Blizzard, County Manager
Ray H. Moser, Assistant Manager
Gwendolyn M. Bryan, Clerk to the Board
Rick Hemphill, Finance Officer
Joan Harrell, Human Resources Director



February 11, 2009

Administration Building 406 Craven Street New Bern, NC 28560 Fax 252-637-0526 manager@cravencounty.com

Commissioners 252-636-6601 Manager 252-636-6600 Finance 252-636-6603 Human Resources 252-636-6602

Tracy Walter NC Department of Transportation 1551 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1551

RE: Tip Project N. B-4484: Replacement

of Bridge No. 138 on SR 1470 over the Neuse River in Craven County

## Dear Tracy Walter:

As a Commissioner of Craven County, I received notice that Bridge #138 on State Road 1470 was due to be replaced. Having traveled over, as well as under this bridge for several years, I will agree the bridge is in need of replacement and has served western Craven County well over its life span.

At the time B-138 was constructed this section of the Neuse River was used by larger boats, mainly in the operation of moving timber down the river to saw mill operations in New Bern. Under the river's current condition of year-round shallow water, along with other forms of moving time, a replacement bridge with current water clearance in today's market place cannot be justified. The bridges on either side, even though miles away, do not allow for such clearance.

The second, and main issue of my concern, is the hardship it will cause on the residents of Craven County if B-138 is removed prior to the opening of B-4484. As you are aware, western Craven County is divided by the Neuse River with only two points to cross which are 14.8 miles apart by water. There are roads on each side of the river that run parallel to it, but with only two crossings the removal of B-138 will cause a tremendous hardship on everyone from school students to emergency services.

Living in a rural area, most emergency services operations are run by volunteers and often mutual aid is requested and must travel B-138 in order to save a life. With removal of B-138 mutual aid time will be increased by a minimum of twenty minutes if the next unit is staffed and ready to roll.

Craben County

Therefore, I strongly recommend building B-4484 parallel to B-138 and removing B-138 only after B-4484 is open to traffic. There is land available for this project to be built in this manner and would be a well accepted D.O.T. project in western Craven County.

Again, I support the replacement of B-138, but feel it very important that traffic not be disrupted during the construction phase.

If I may be of further help to you, please do not hesitate to contact me at 252-514-1733.

Sincerely,

Commissioner Perry Morris

Craven County

PLM/ajn

Board of Commissioners
Jason R. Jones, Chairman
Theron McCabe, Vice Chairman
Lee Kyle Allen
Perry L. Morris
Johnnie Sampson, Jr.
M. Renee Sisk
Steve Tyson

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Administration Building 406 Craven Street New Bern, NC 28560 Fax 252-637-0526 manager@cravencounty.com

Commissioners 252-636-6601 Manager 252-636-6600 Finance 252-636-6603 Human Resources 252-636-6602

January 26, 2009

Tracy Walter NC Dept. Of Transportation 1551 Mail Service Center Raleigh NC 27699-1551

Dear Tracey Walter:

SUBJECT: Tip Project No. B-4484: Replacement of Bridge No. 138 on SR 1470 over the Neuse River in Craven County

Craven County government was notified by you on November 4, 2008 that the Project Development and Environmental Analysis Branch was starting development, environment and engineering studies for the replacement of the above referenced bridge.

As a county commissioner representing the western end of Craven County that adjoins the Neuse River I am concerned about the closing of bridge no. 138 for an extended period of time. Western Craven County is an agricultural area where many farmers tend land on both sides of the Neuse River. Also, there are local businesses that depend on trade from both sides of the Neuse River. Maple Cypress Road is traveled by many citizens in western Craven County as a primary route to their work in Grifton, Vanceboro, Greenville, Ayden and other surrounding towns. To prohibit travel across the Neuse River on bridge no. 138 would cause a financial struggle on the above mentioned. Alternative routes would add at least 10 - 15 miles of travel to access farm land, businesses, and work for western Craven County citizens.

It is my recommendation that the NC Department of Transportation build the new bridge project no. B-4484 beside the existing bridge no. 138 and after completion of the new bridge project no. B-4484 the existing bridge no. 138 then be demolished.

I ask that the Project Development and Environmental Analysis Branch consider this recommendation before proceeding with this project. I do support the construction of a new bridge across the Neuse River but I feel there are appropriate ways to proceed with this without hurting the local economy.



If you desire additional information, please contact me at (252) 672-5656.

Sincerely,

Jason R. Jones, Chairman

Craven County Board of Commissioners



## Craven County Schools

## Transportation Department

Becton Broughton, Director

**SCHOOL BUS GARAGE** 

1816 Hazel Avenue New Bern, NC 28560 (919)514-6377 FAX (919)514-4301

## **BOARD OF EDUCATION**

3600 Trent Road New Bern, NC 28562 (919)514-6300 FAX (919)514-6327

December 22, 2003

NC Department Of Transportation Project Development and Environmental Analysis 1548 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1548

Dear Mr. Davis Moore,

This letter is in response to - TIP project Number: B-4484. Subject: Bridge No. 138 on SR 1470, over Neuse River, Craven County

As of December 2003, there is <u>one</u> school bus routed over this bridge each day. However, the bridge replacement would not create an unworkable school bus routing situation. The single requirement for safe school bus routing is a safe turn around near the last student passenger's residence before the section of road closed near the bridge. When construction begins, if NC DOT could assist with development of a suitable turn around, then any bus routing inconvenience would be minimal. Our local NC DOT has always been very helpful in assisting with road maintenance at existing school bus turn around areas; therefore, I do not foresee any significant problem.

Sincerely,

**Becton Broughton** 

ector Groughton

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DEA Craven County

## Office of Planning and Community Development

Donald R. Baumgardner, Director R. Chad Strawn, Assistant Director Shelton P. Toler, Chief Building Codes Inspector



Human Services Annex 2828 Neuse Boulevard New Bern, North Carolina 28562

Planning & CD (252) 636-6618 Fax (252) 636-5190 Inspections (252) 636-4987 Fax (252) 636-4984

February 10, 2009

Ed Eatmon
Division Construction Engineer
NCDOT Division Two
105 Pactolus Hwy. (NC 33)
PO Box 1587
Greenville, NC 27835

Re: Project No. B-4484 of Bridge No. 138 in Craven County

Dear Mr. Eatmon,

This letter is in regards to the proposed replacement of Bridge No. 138 over the Neuse River at Maple Cypress in Craven County. Craven County would like to express a few concerns about the replacement of this bridge as well as recommend that an onsite detour be provided during the construction process. The concerns are as follows;

- Fire and Rescue Response Fort Barnwell Fire and Rescue, Vanceboro Fire and Rescue, and New Bern – Craven Rescue all rely on each other for mutual aid in times of need. If Bridge No. 138 would be impassable without an onsite detour, the response time would increase substantially during emergency situations. (Map Attached)
  - 2) West Craven Middle and High School Traffic Flow If an on-site detour were to not be provided during the construction process, the traffic patterns of West Craven Middle and High School would be diverted through the Spring Garden Community to Hwy 43 to River Rd. This would be an inconvenience and add substantial transportation cost and require students to be picked up earlier. Also, this would cause a major delay in traffic at the Spring Garden stop light and River Rd stop light. (Map Attached)
  - 3) Large Farm Equipment This area of the county has a high number of agriculture farmers that store their equipment on one side of the river, but tends land on the other side of the river. It would be very beneficial to have an on-site detour to allow for the transfer of large farm equipment.

We have determined that an off-site detour for this location would result in more than 20 minute delay for the traveling public and the delay would be for a period of 24

months or more to replace a bridge of this magnitude. With this being determined, we have referred to the NCDOT guidelines for evaluation of detours for bridge replacement projects. According to the "Acceptable Delay" table with 20 minutes detour delay for the traveling public for a period of 24 months, it would be an unacceptable delay to not have an onsite detour during this period. Therefore, we respectfully request an on-site detour bridge remain in place during the construction of the new bridge.

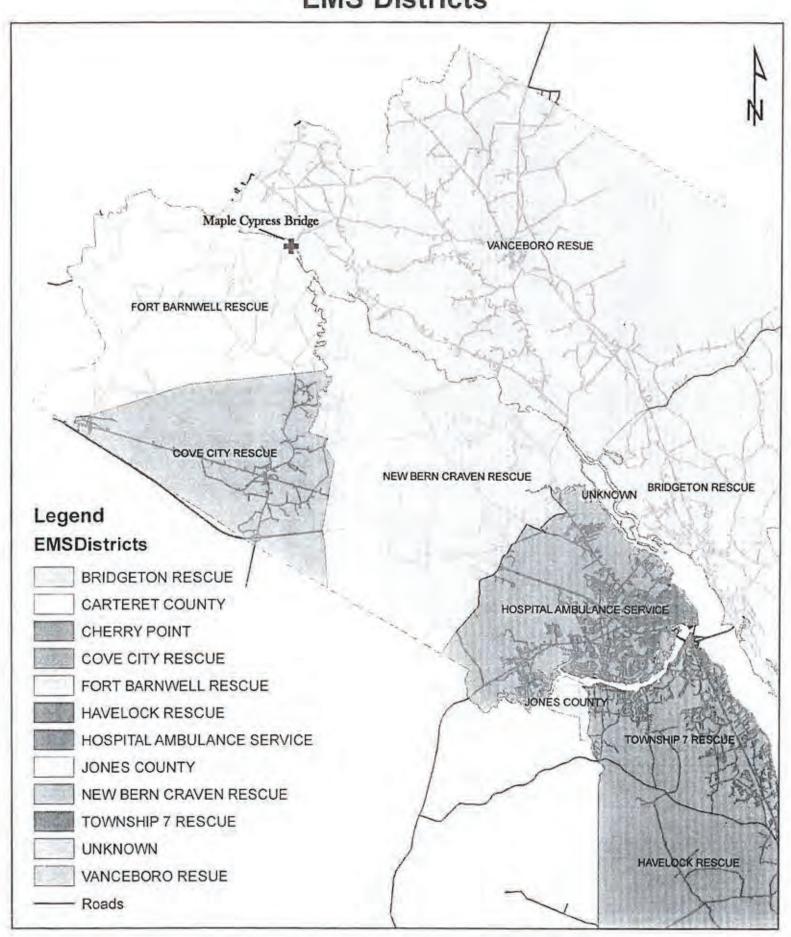
Sincerely,

Don Baumgardner, Director Planning and Inspections

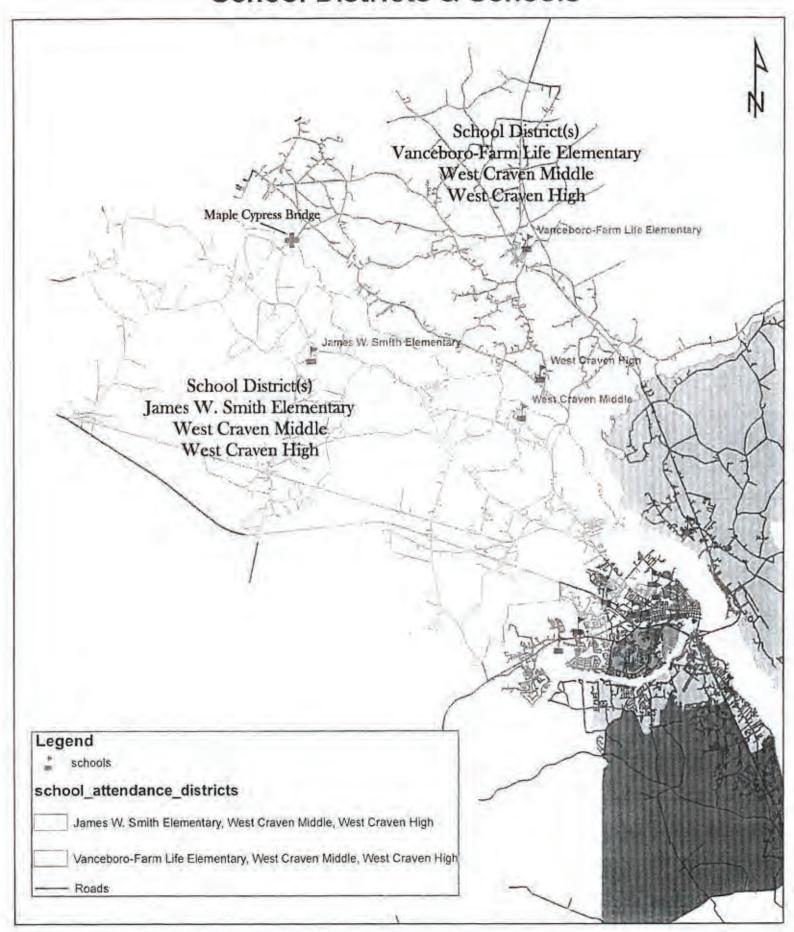
Craven County

cc. Commissioner Jason Jones
Commissioner Perry Morris
Harold Blizzard, Craven County Manager
Gene Conti, Secretary of Transportation
Neil Lassiter, NCDOT Division Two Engineer
Johnny Metcalfe, NCDOT Resident Engineer (Craven)
Reed Smith, NCDOT District Two Engineer

## Relative to EMS Districts



## Relative to School Districts & Schools





# STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

BEVERLY EAVES PERDUE GOVERNOR EUGENE A. CONTI, JR. SECRETARY

February 28, 2009

MEMORANDUM TO:

Mr. William T. Goodwin, PE.,

Project Development-Bridge Unit

FROM:

FOR D. R. Henderson, P.E.

State Hydraulics Engineer

SUBJECT:

Preliminary Hydraulic Information for the Proposed

Replacement of Bridge No. 138 on SR 1470 over Neuse River, Craven Co., WBS No. 33723.1.1, TIP No. B-4484

(C Henry

## Hydraulic Structure Recommendations:

The recommended replacement structure for Bridge No. 138 is a 595 ft. bridge. The bridge should be built at approximately the same elevation as that of the existing bridge with a minimum 0.3% gradient to facilitate deck drainage. The off-site detour length is 31.9 mi. long, therefore an on-site detour is recommended, utilizing the existing bridge. The new bridge should be constructed downstream, (east) of the existing bridge to minimize utility conflicts.

## Existing structure:

The existing structure is a 582 ft. fourteen span bridge, with concrete deck, caps, and vertical abutments. Built in 1952, it consists of steel girders, round wooden piles, and concrete rails. The bridge deck is situated approximately 36.5 feet above the creek bed, and the normal depth of water is approximately 5 ft. The river channel base width is approximately 310 ft. The banks are approximately 6 ft. high, with a channel top width of approximately 350 ft.

## Floodplain Management:

Craven County is a participant in the National Flood Insurance Program, administered by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). The effective FEMA floodplain mapping indicates that the subject crossing is located within a flood hazard zone designated as Zone AE, where 100-year base flood elevations have been established in a "Detailed Study". It is anticipated that a Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) and a subsequent final Letter of Map Revision (LOMR) will be required for the project.

## **Environmental Considerations:**

This crossing of Neuse River is located within the Neuse River Basin and has a drainage area of approximately 3900 sq. mi. The current land use in the watershed is predominantly rural and wooded with low density agricultural and residential

development. The project is not located within a water supply watershed protected area. This stream location carries a best usage classification of SA, HQW, & NSW by NC Division of Water Quality. NCDOT's Best Management Practices for Protection of Surface Waters (March 1997) will be followed throughout the design and construction of the project. It is anticipated that there will be a State Stormwater Permit (SSP) required for this project.

## DRH/RCH/wsh

Cc: Mr. Art McMillan, P.E. (Highway Design Branch)

Mr. Jay Bennett, P.E. (Roadway Design Unit)

Mr. Philip Harris III, P.E. (PDEA, Natural Environment Unit)

Mr. Greg Perfetti, P.E. (Structure Design Unit)

Mr. Njorge W. Wainaina, P.E. (Geotechnical Engineering Unit)

Mr. Keith Johnston, P.E, P.L.S. (Photogrammetry Unit)

Mr. Charles W. Brown, P.E, P.L.S. (Location and Surveys Unit)

Mr. Eddie Bunn, P.E. (Area Bridge Construction Engineer)

Mr. C.E.(Neil) Lassiter Jr. P.E. (Division Engineer)





RECEIVED
Division of Highways

FEB 17 2009

# STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA Project Development and DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Invironmental Analysis Branch

**BEVERLY EAVES PERDUE** 

GOVERNOR

FEBRUARY 9, 2009

EUGENE A. CONTI, JR.

SECRETARY

MEMORANDUM TO:

Greg Thorpe

PDEA Director

FROM:

Charlie Brown, PE, PLS

State Location and Surveys Engineer

SUBJECT:

Scoping Comments for the Proposed Replacement of Bridge No. 138 on

SR 1470 over Neuse River in Craven County. TIP No. B-4484

I have reviewed this project and offer the following observations:

#### UTILITIES

Direct buried telephone cable is evident outside of the project limits north of the bridge but, no evidence of telephone cable could be found south of the Neuse River.

A water pipe line is along the west shoulder of SR 1470 throughout the project limits. The owner of the water line is unknown.

There is no evidence of existing power, cable TV, sanitary sewer or gas utilities at or near the project. I would rate the utility conflict low.

#### **GENERAL COMMENTS**

Bridge No. 138 is located along SR 1470, Maple Cypress Road over the Neuse River. The existing structure is 14 spans at 582 ft. in length and 22 ft wide. Built in 1952, it consists of a timber superstructure with reinforced concrete caps, steel girders and reinforced concrete deck. It is currently posted at 24 tons for single axial and legal gross weight for semi axial vehicles. This bridge is one of only a few bridges that provide a way to cross the Neuse River west of New Bern and east of Kinston. Therefore, an on-site detour is recommended.

The existing right of way appears to be 60 ft. (30 ft. each side). The horizontal alignment of SR 1470 is tangent with a slight grade on both approaches. There are no site distance concerns. The posted speed limit for SR 1470 is 55 mph.

North Carolina Geodetic Survey vertical control monument "CR-8 1971" will be destroyed as a result of this project and a USGS monitoring station is attached to the upstream side of the bridge.

If I can be of further assistance, please advise.

#### KEH/keh

Ce:

Art McMillan, PE – Highway Design Engineer
Jay Bennett, PE – Roadway Design Engineer

Dave Henderson, PE – Hydraulics Design Engineer Njorge Wainaina, PE – Geotechnical Design Engineer

Robert Memory - State Utilities Agent

Roger Worthington, PE - Utilities Section Engineer

File

MAIL: 1588 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, 27699-1588 (919) 250-4109 FAX: (919) 250-4223 Courier: 51-31-00

## Meeting Notes Memorandum



Meeting Date: February 13, 2017

**Subject:** B-4484 Maple Cypress Bridge Replacements

Agency Field Meeting

**Location:** Project Site, Maple Cypress Road, Grifton, NC – Bridge No. 138 and 139

Attendees: NCDOT AGENCIES RS&H

Maria Rogerson, Division 2 Tom Steffens, USACE Edith Peters

Bill Kincannon, Division 2 Garcy Ward, NCDWR Drew Morrow

Jay Johnson, Division 2 Travis Wilson, NCWRC Samantha Schober

Gary Jordan, USFWS Stephan Lane, NCDCM

The purpose of this meeting was to meet with the environmental agency stakeholders for the B-4484 Maple Cypress Bridge Replacements Project to provide an update on the project status, information on alternatives being considered, and to determine a selected alternative.

#### General Notes

- o Construction moratorium will apply to Neuse River, overflow, and culvert. Consider constructability meeting in the future and look at potential staging areas.
- Maintain access to the boat ramp during construction. NCWRC is ok with the proposed driveway location for both alternatives.
- o Distinguish in water line impacts how much are above vs. underground.
- o Coordinate with Utilities unit to see why estimates are the same for both alternatives.
- o Manatee guidelines will apply for this project.
- USACE Individual Permit is anticipated.
- Any existing causeway that is unused needs to be brought back to wetland height and tied in with surrounding wetlands.
- Consider steepening and armoring slopes to reduce wetland impacts.
- o NCDWR requested Neuse River Buffer Impacts be provided prior to selection of the alternative (see attached maps and table below).
- Storm water will need to be collected deck drains would have to be outside of buffer.
- Look at adding EQ pipes/culverts on northern end (3 or more would be helpful in storm events).
- o CAMA Major Permit is anticipated.
- NCDOT will provide preliminary design on selected alterative to agencies before permitting.
- Be sure to include a write up of previously considered alternatives and why they were eliminated. This includes looking at the option of Alt 1 and 2 combined but sight distance issues would make it below design standards.
- USACE, NCWRC, NCDCM, and USFWS prefer Alternative 1. NCDWR needs Neuse River Buffer Impacts to make decision on preferred alternative.

## > Follow-up Coordination

RS&H provided the Neuse River Buffer Impacts to NCDWR on 2/16/17. Additional coordination and guidance was provided to RS&H and buffer impacts were updated on 2/20/17. On 3/9/17, NCDWR approved the buffer calculations and agreed on Alternative 1 as the preferred alternative.

Category	Alternative 1	Alternative 2
Project Length	3,700 ft.	4,000 ft.
Overhead Utility Relocations	Overhead Utility Relocations	
(power and telecommunications)	10 poles	10 poles
Riparian Wetland Impacts	3.68 ac.	4.63 ac.
Surface Water Impacts	0.01 ac.	0.02 ac.
Stream Impacts	240 lf.	230 lf.
Neuse River Buffer Impacts	4,303 sq. ft.	3,926 sq. ft.
Water line relocation	approx. 3,900 lf.	approx. 1,600 lf.
(underground and above-ground)	арргох. 3,900 п.	арргох. 1,000 п.
Construction Cost Estimate	\$10.5 Million	\$11.1 Million

## Next Steps

- o Alternative 1 has been selected as the Preferred Alternative.
- o RS&H and NCDOT will carry forward with preliminary design for Alternative 1.

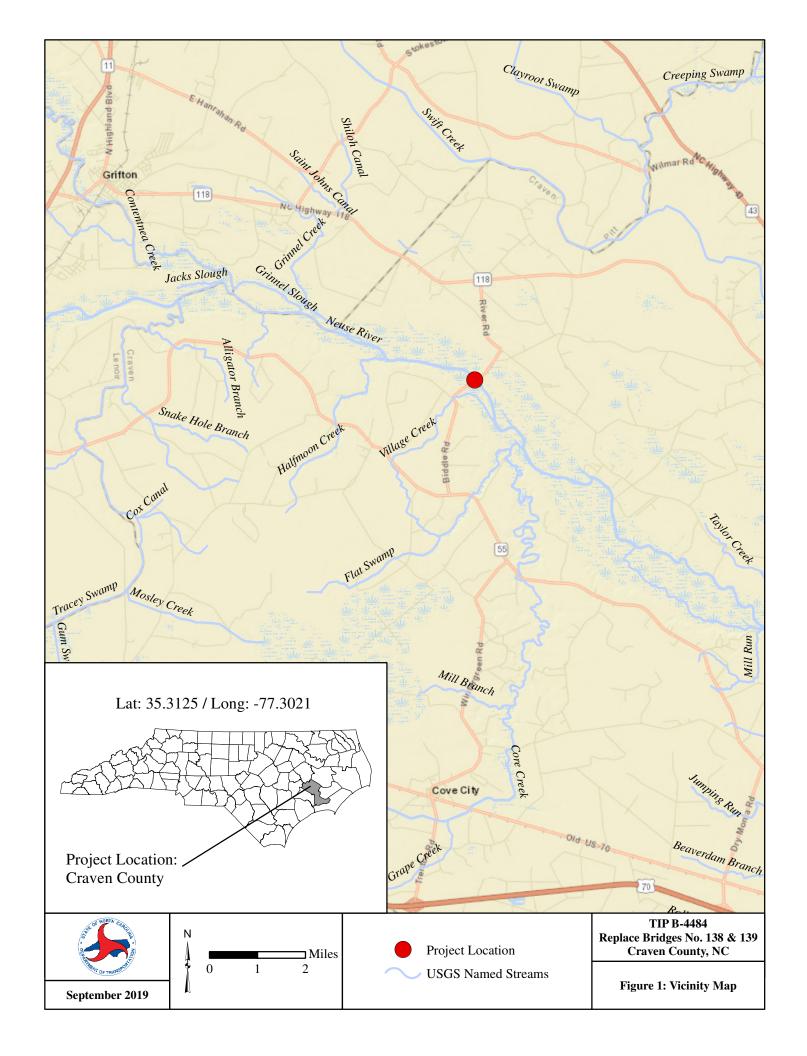
If any recipient of the meeting notes would like to add comments or feels a comment is erroneous or needs to be expanded, please feel free to contact Samantha Schober by email at Samantha.Schober@rsandh.com.

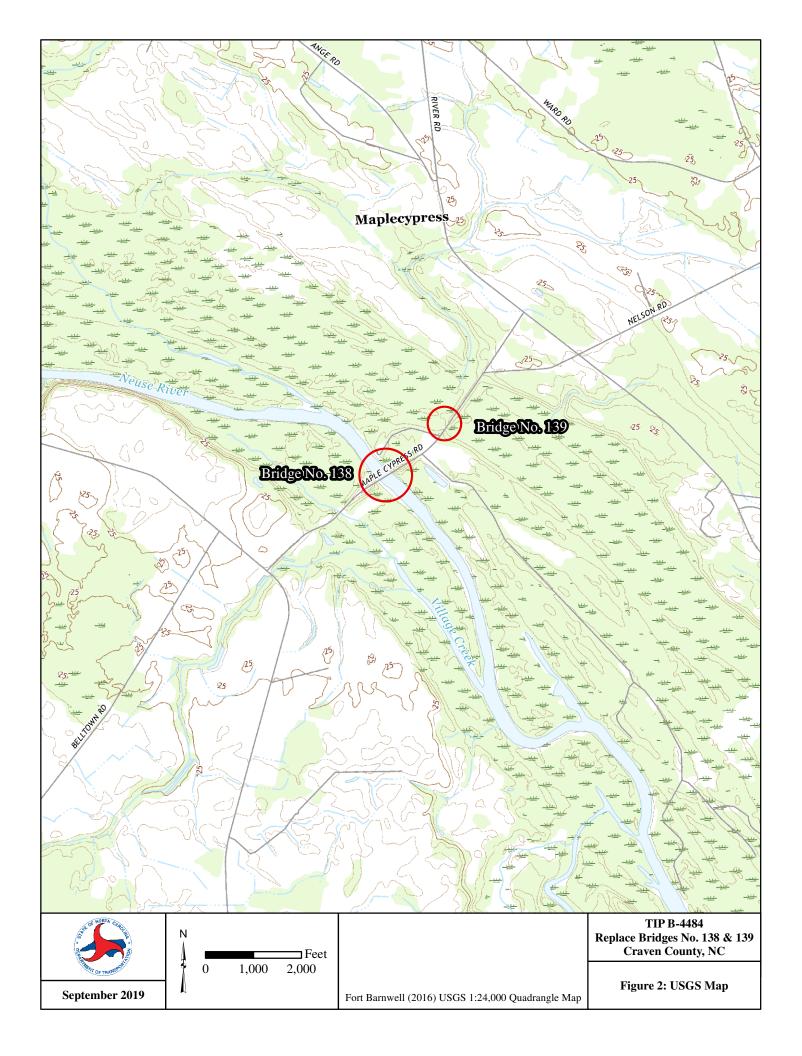
## Attachments:

Meeting Handout Neuse River Buffer Impact Figures 3 and 4

#### Copies to:

**Meeting Attendees** 







## North Carolina Department of Transportation

## Highway Stormwater Program STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN



(Version 2.06; Released June 2016)

FOR NCDOT PROJECTS

(Version 2.06; Released J				FOR NCDOT F							
WBS Element:	33723.1.2	TIP No.:	B-4484	County(ies):	Craven				Page 1	of	1
General Project Information											
WBS Element:		33723.1.2		TIP Number: B-4484		Project	Туре:	Bridge replacement	Date:	8/7/2019	)
NCDOT Contact:		Hon Yeung, PE			Contractor / Desig		Richard Bo				
	Address:	1037 W.H. Smith	Blvd.			Address:	8521 Six Fo	orks Rd. Suite 400			
		Greenville, NC 27	835				Raleigh, NO	C 27615			
	Phone:	(252) 439-2827				Phone:	(919) 926-4	1105			
	Email:	hfyeung@ncdot.g				Email:	richard.boll	inger@rsandh.com			
City/Town:			Ft. Ba	rnwell	County(ies):	Crav					
River Basin(s):		Neu	ise		CAMA County?	Ye	es .	<u> </u>			
Wetlands within Pro	ject Limits?	Yes									
				Project Desc							
Project Length (lin. r	miles or feet):	0.701	miles	Surrounding Land Use:	Woods, Farmland,	Residential					
				Proposed Project				Existing Site			
Project Built-Upon A		Dridge 100: To	4.0	ac.		Dridge 400 T	3.0	ac.			
Typical Cross Section	Description:	•		total shoulder width total shoulder width				s with 1.5' shoulders s with 3' shoulders			
		Bridge 100. TWO	i ianes with 9	dia silodidei widii		Driuge 109. I	WO IZ IAIIC	5 WILL O SHOULUGIS			
Annual Avg Daily Tra	affic (veh/hr/dav):	Design/Future		2279 Year:	2039	Existing:		1863	V	ear: 201	10
General Project Narr				ct. The existing Bridge 138 over the							
(Description of Minir				g. Proposed Bridge 138 is a 6@10							
Quality Impacts)			eck drainage with a single outlet to the side of the bridge. Rip rap pads will be used at all ditch outlets to reduce flows into wetlands.								
				Neuse River overflow is a 4@45' pr							0.77
				54" girder bridge with 4' caps. The s will be used at all ditch outlets to			e end of the	approach slab to collect of	deck drainage w	ith a single ou	utlet to
				s will be used at all ditch outlets to ong the upstream side of the projec			tland impact	ts			
				minimize impacts to streams to the							
				·			,				
Overfore Military D.	(4)-		A1.	Waterbody Inf		alas No		27	(05)		
Surface Water Body	(1):		Neuse	River	NCDWR Stream In			27-(	(85)		
NCDWR Surface Wa	ter Classification fo	r Water Body		Primary Classification:	Class			ALC(A/)			
Other Other Colors (Fig. 1)		NI-	<b>~</b>	Supplemental Classification:	Swamp Wate	ers (SW)	(	NSW)			
Other Stream Classification:		No									
Impairments: None Aquatic T&E Species? No Comments:											
NRTR Stream ID:	9 f	Neuse River	Comments				Buffer Dul	es in Effect:		Neuse	
Project Includes Brid	dae Spanning Mate		Yes	Deck Drains Discharge Over Bu	iffor?	No		es in Επεςτ: Pads Provided in Buffe	*2	Neuse	
	<u> </u>		No No	(If yes, provide justification in				lescribe in the General Pr			n the
Deck Drains Dischar	de justification in the			(ii yes, provide justilication iii	the General Froject	i tai i alive)	(ii yes, u	General Proje		ii iio, jusiiiy ii	1 110
(ii yes, provid	ae justilication in the	General Froject Ni	arradive)								

IP PROJECT: B-4484

PROJECT LOCATION

VICINITY MAP

CONTRACT

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

## CRAVEN COUNTY

N.C. B-4484

STATE PROJ.NO. F.A.PROJ.NO. DESCRIPTION

33723.1.2 N/A PE

33723.2.1 N/A ROW, UTIL

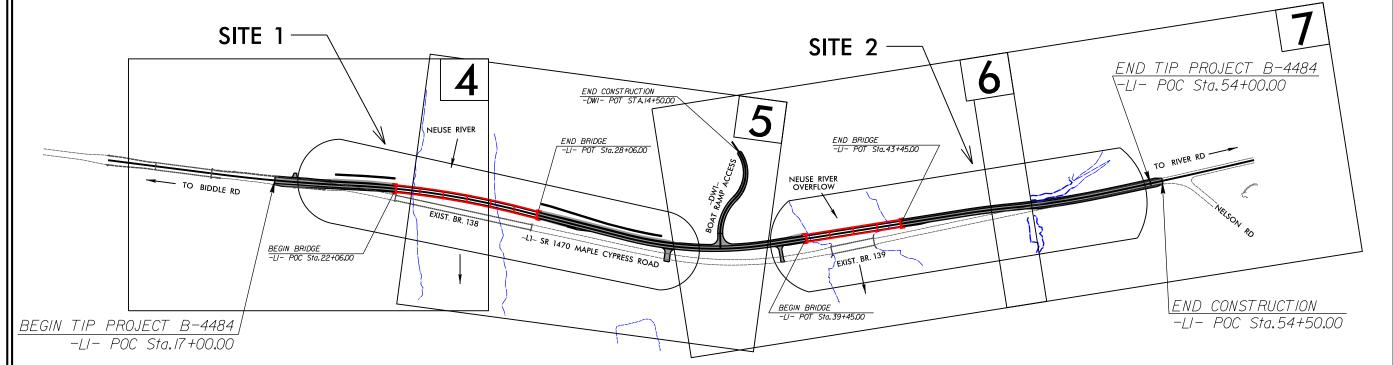
SHEET TOTAL NO. SHEETS

LOCATION: REPLACE BRIDGES NO. 138 & 139 OVER NEUSE RIVER AND NEUSE RIVER OVERFLOW ON SR 1470 (MAPLE CYPRESS ROAD)

TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, DRAINAGE, PAVING, RETAINING WALLS, AND STRUCTURES

PERMIT DRAWING SHEET 1 OF 15

WETLAND AND SURFACE WATER IMPACTS PERMIT

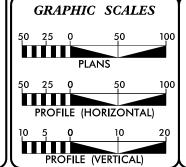


THIS PROJECT IS NOT WITHIN ANY MUNICIPAL BOUNDARIES.

CLEARING ON THIS PROJECT SHALL BE PERFORMED TO THE LIMITS ESTABLISHED BY METHOD II.

INCOMPLETE PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION

DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL
UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED



## DESIGN DATA

ADT 2019 = 1,863 ADT 2039 = 2,279

K = 12 % D = 60 % T = 10 % \* V = 60 MPH

V = 60 MPH
\*(TTST=3% + DUAL=7%)
FUNC CLASS = MAJOR
COLLECTOR
SUB-REGIONAL TIER

### PROJECT LENGTH

**DRAWINGS** 

N. T. S.

LENGTH ROADWAY TIP PROJECT B-4484 = 0.512 MILE

LENGTH STRUCTURE TIP PROJECT B-4484 = 0.189 MILE

TOTAL LENGTH TIP PROJECT B-4484 = 0.701 MILE

MARC

LETTING DATE: APRIL 21, 2020

# D IN THE OFFICE OF: 1520 SOUTH BOULEVARD, SUITE 200 CHARLOTTE, NC 28203

CHARLOTTE, NC 28203 NC FIRM LICENSE No: F-0493 FOR THE NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

2018 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

RIGHT OF WAY DATE:

MARCH 7, 2019

DREW MORROW PE

DREW MORROW, PE
PROJECT DESIGN ENGINEER
HON YEUNG, PE

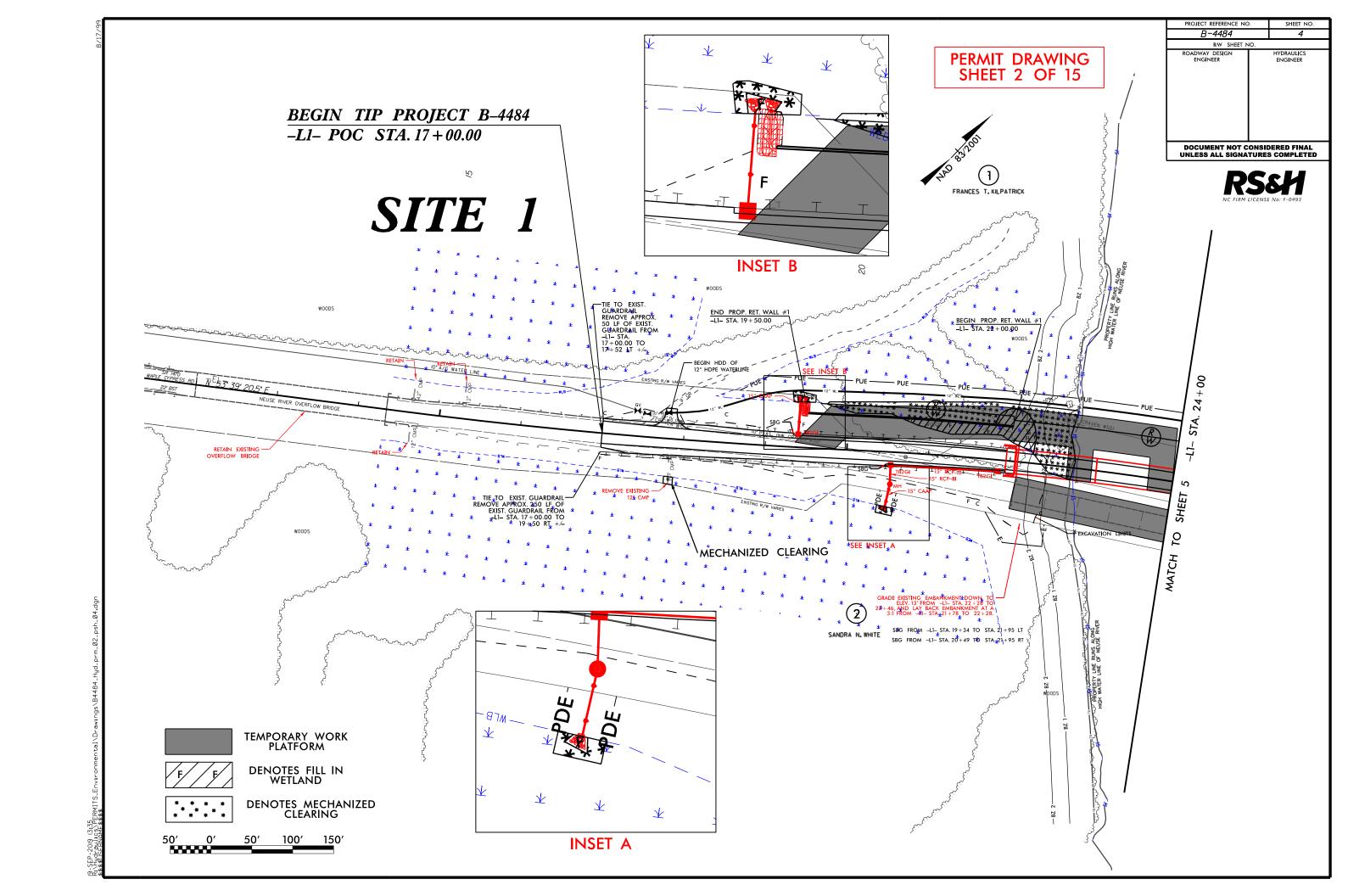
NCDOT CONTACT

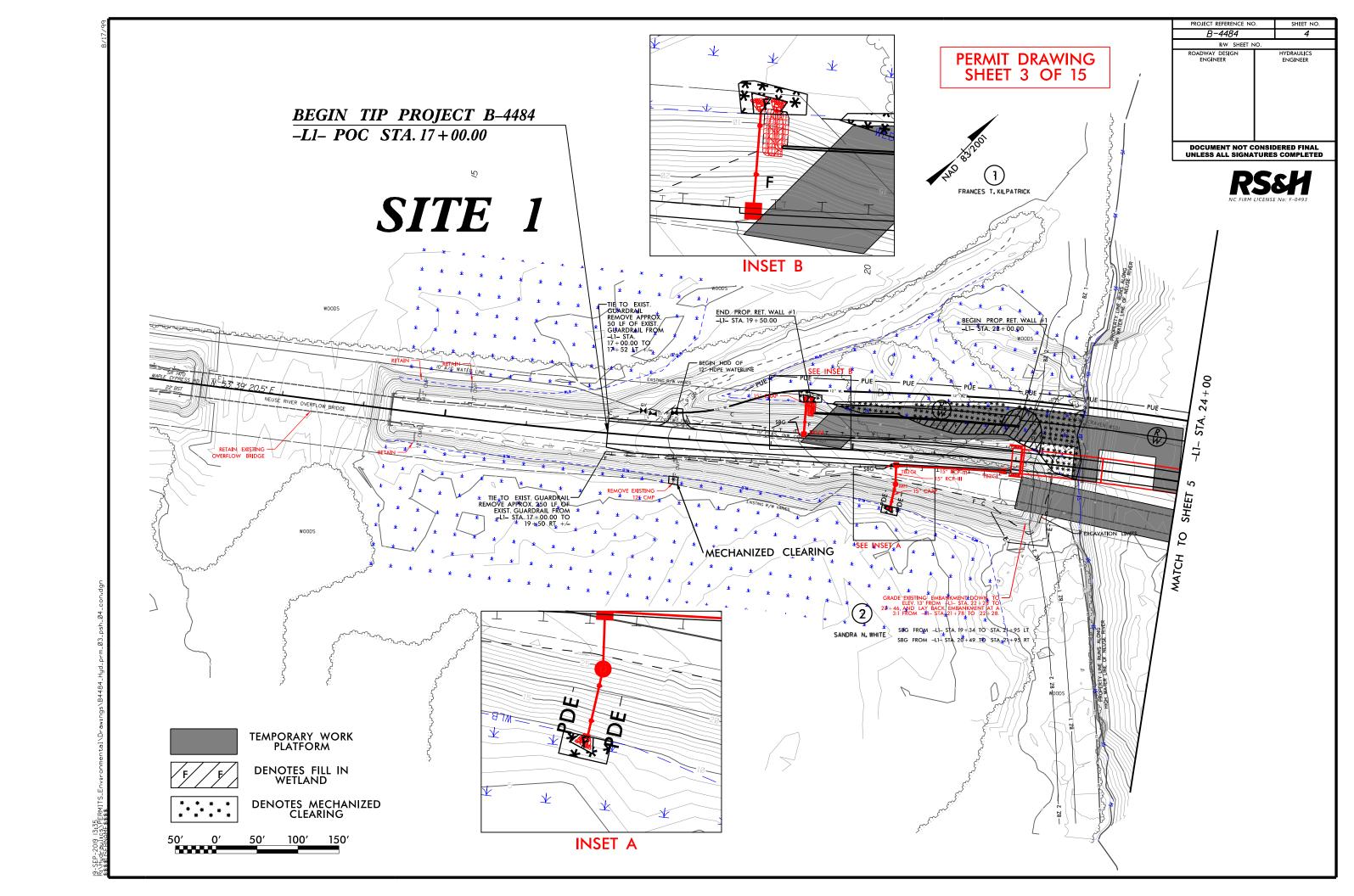
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER

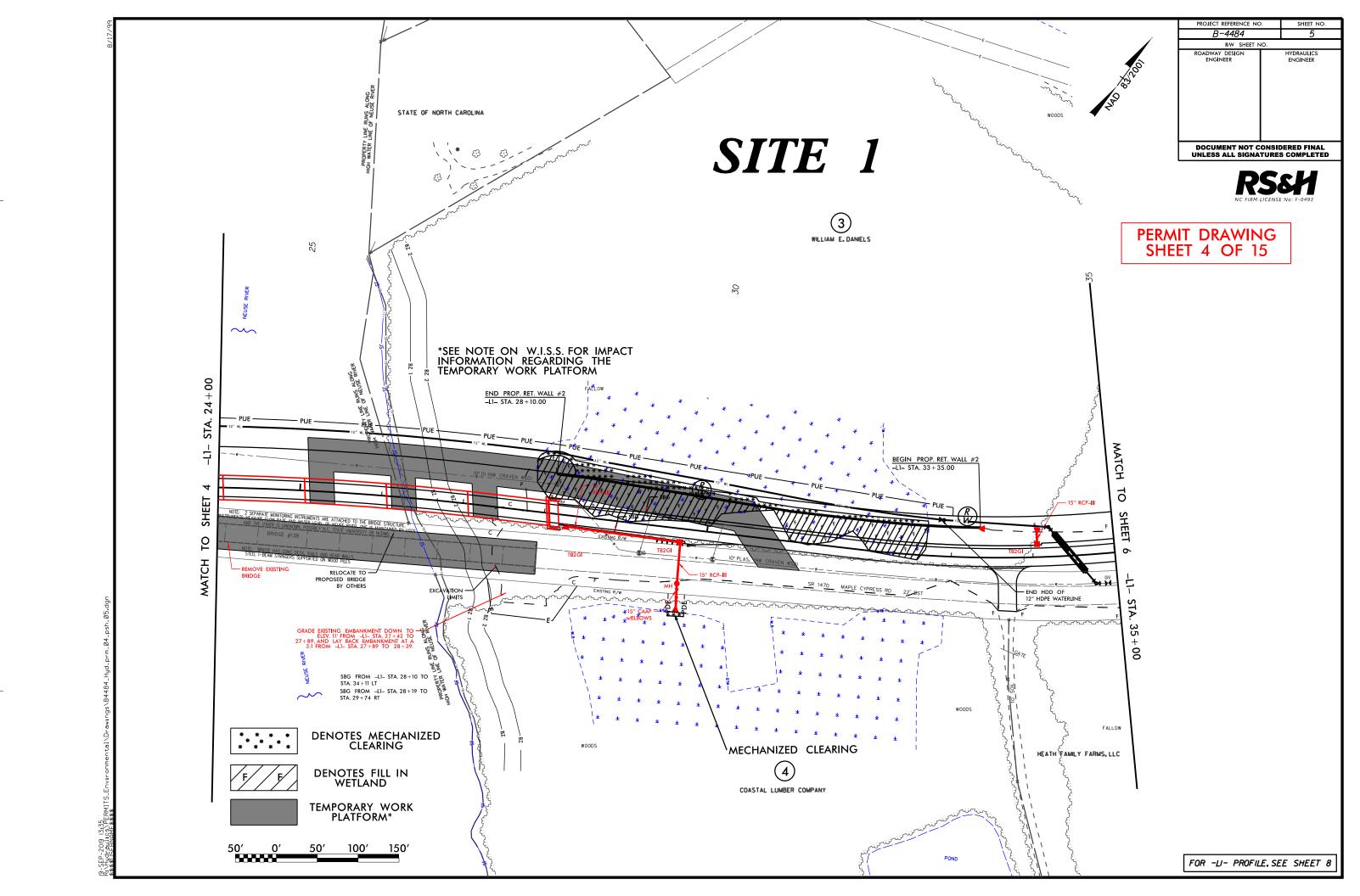
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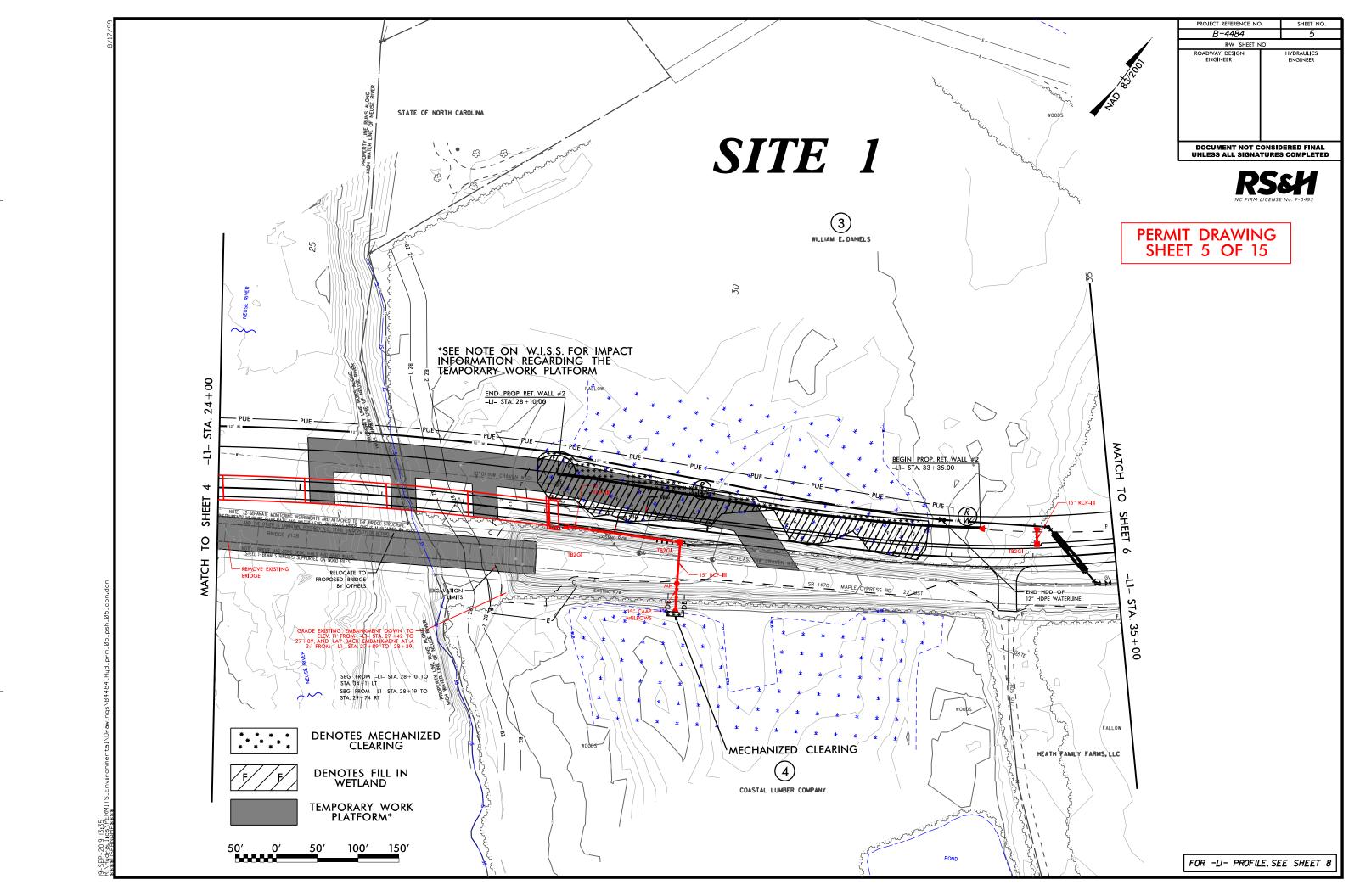
HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

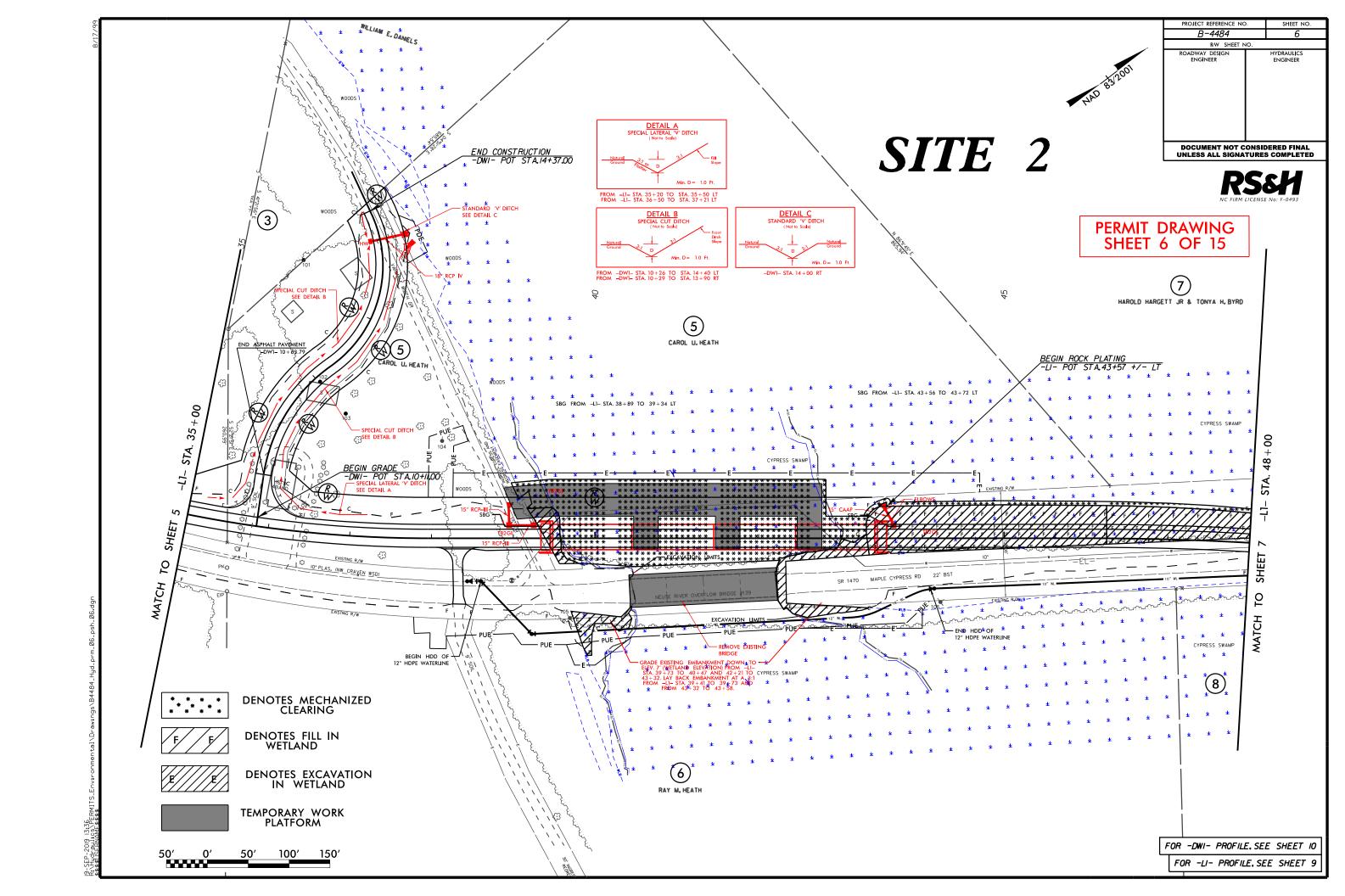


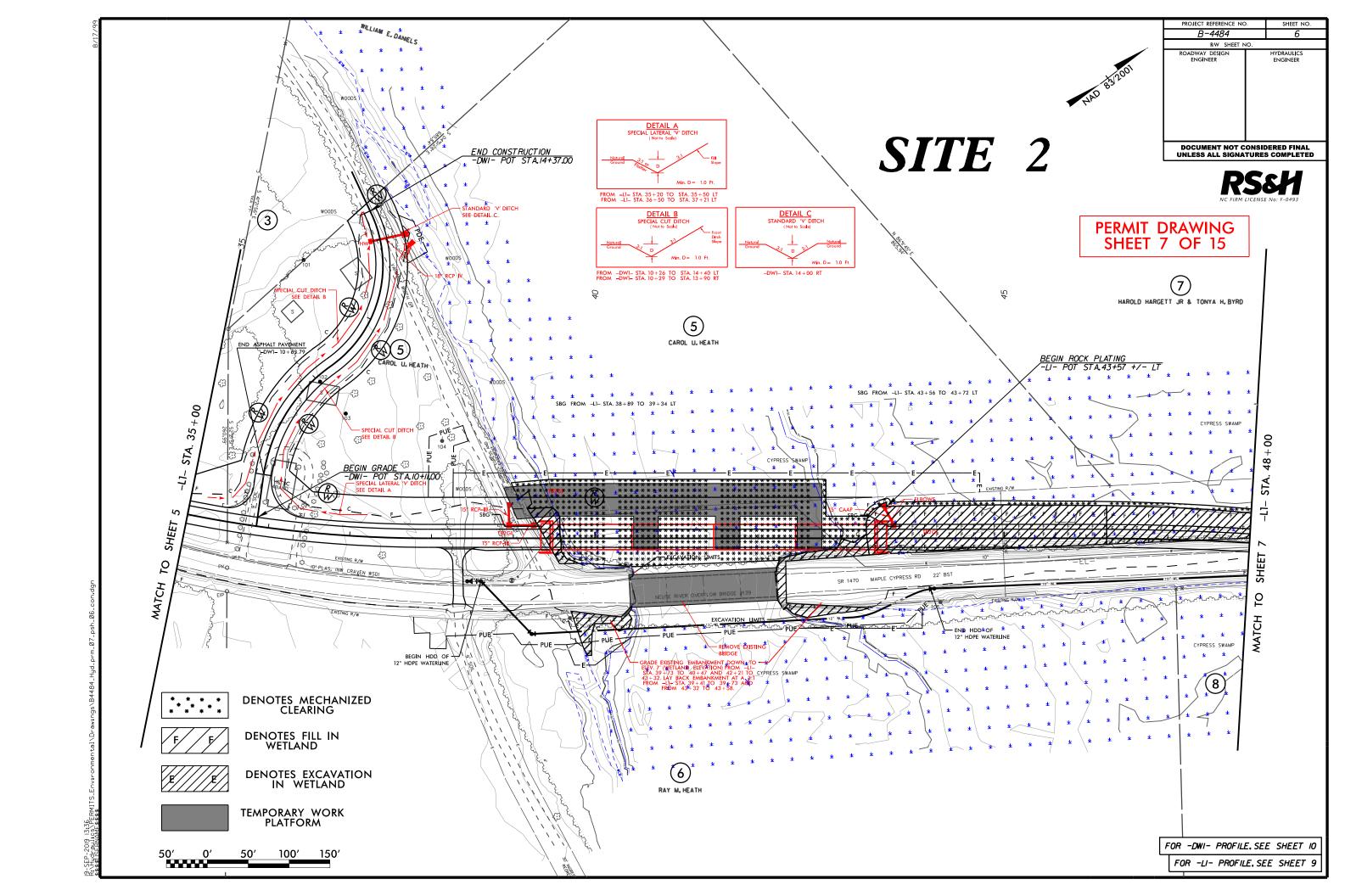


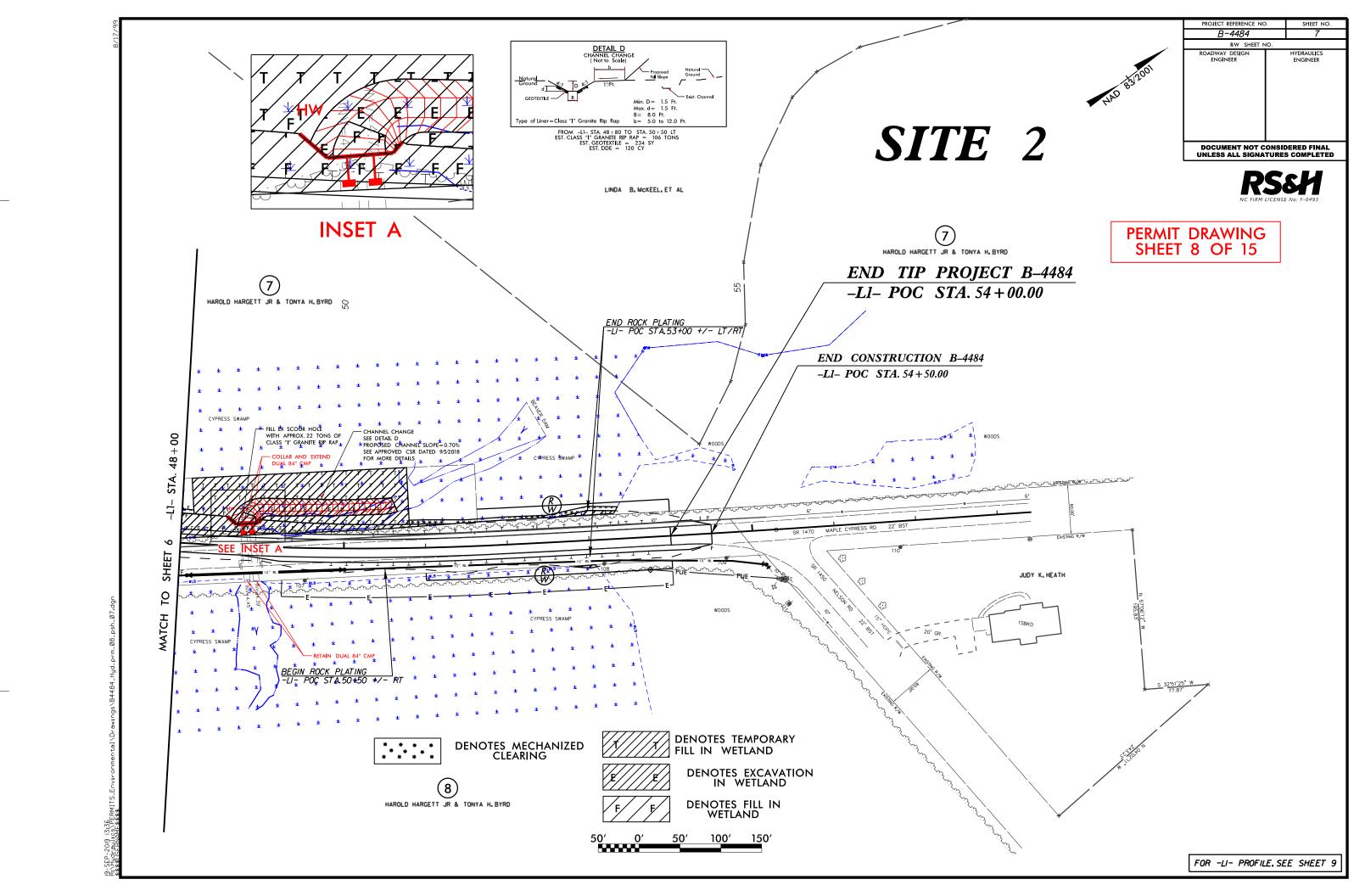


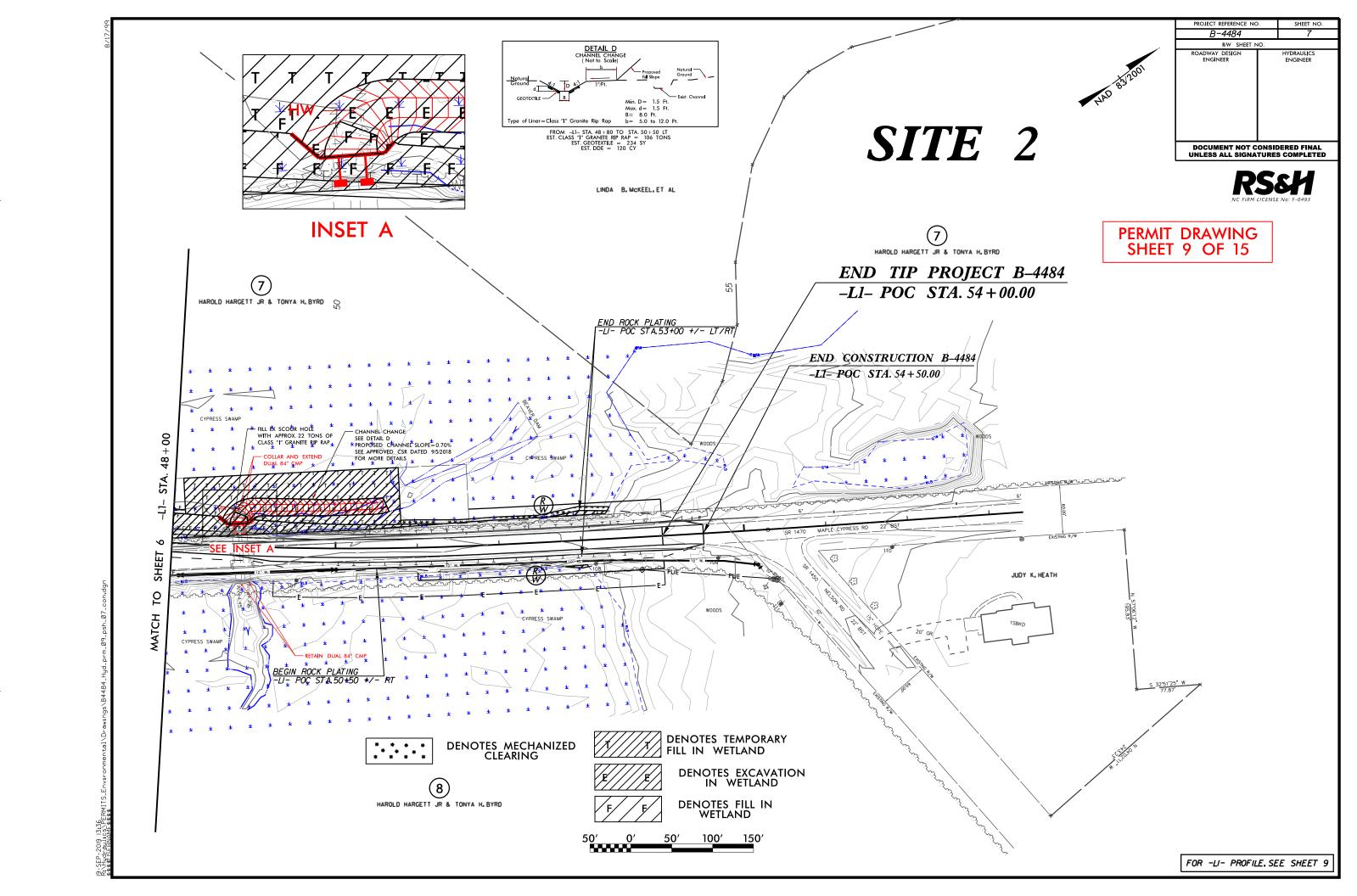


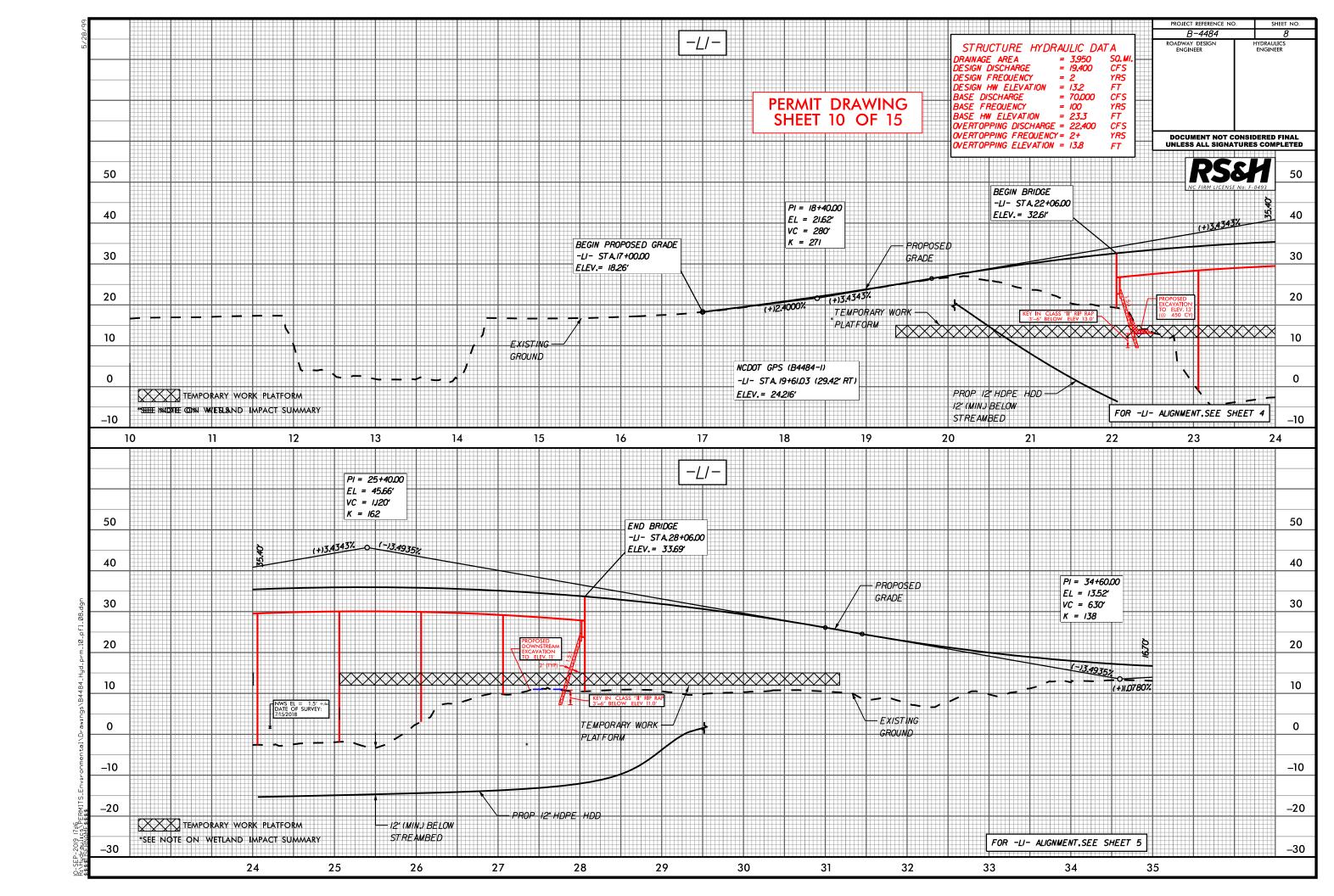


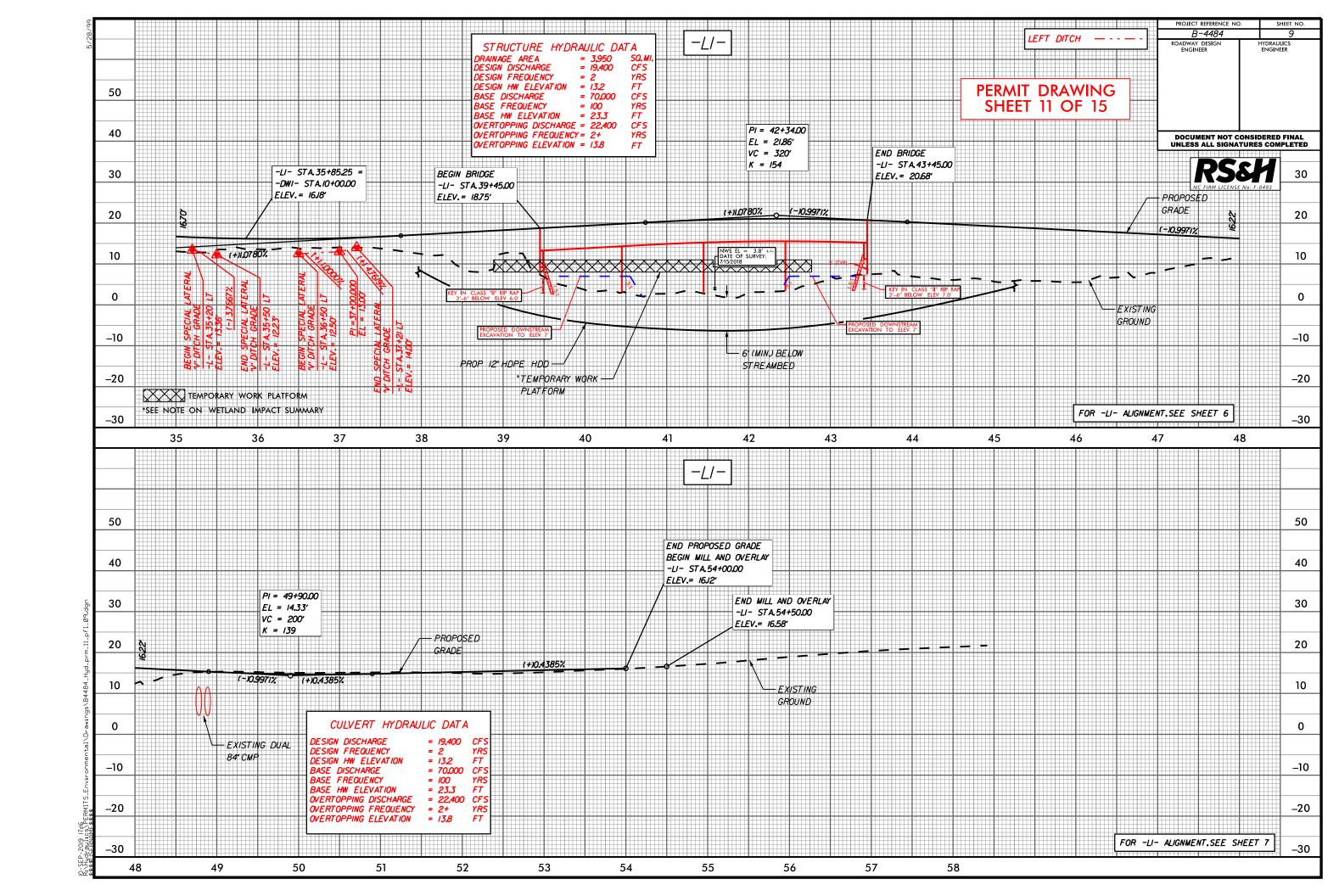


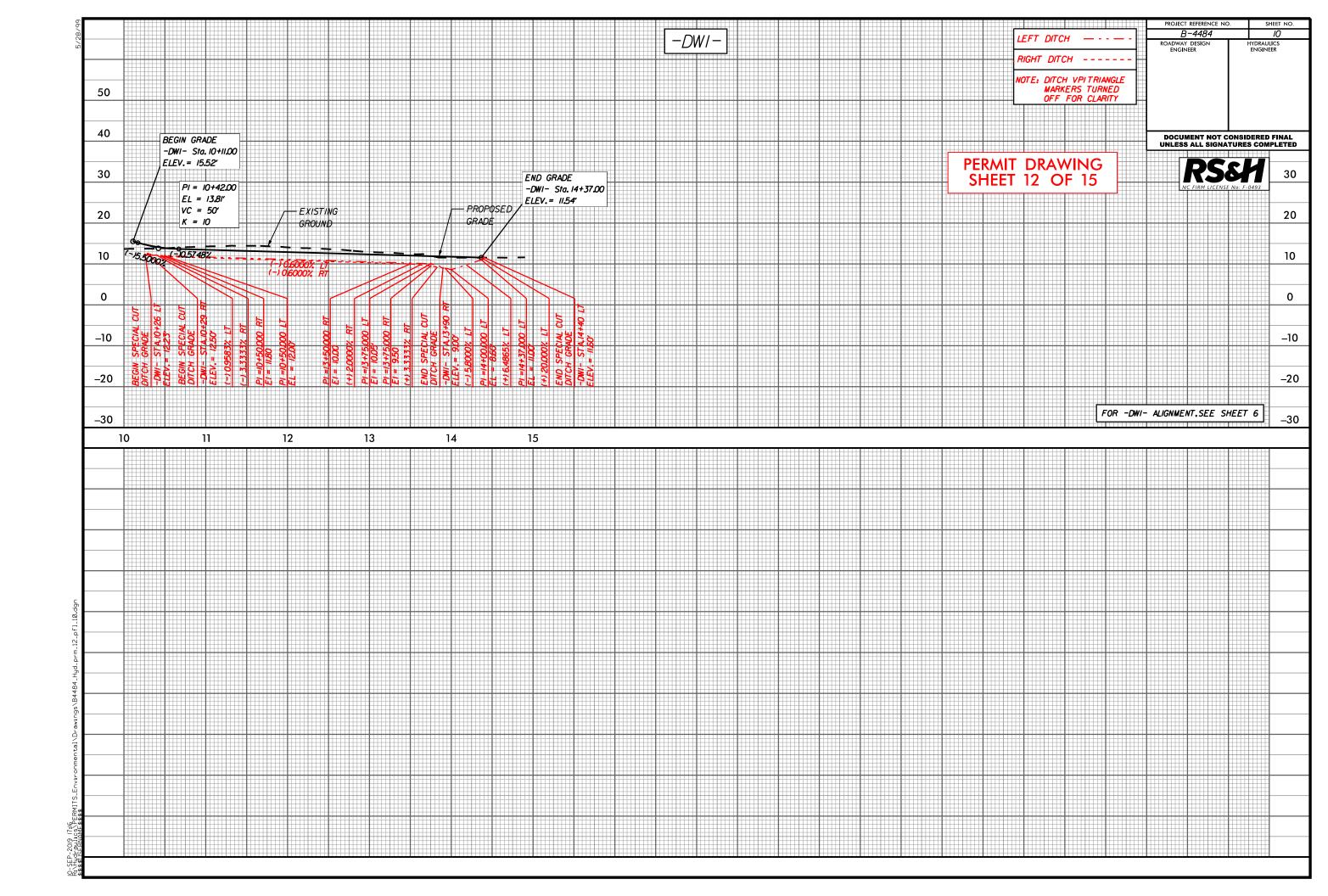


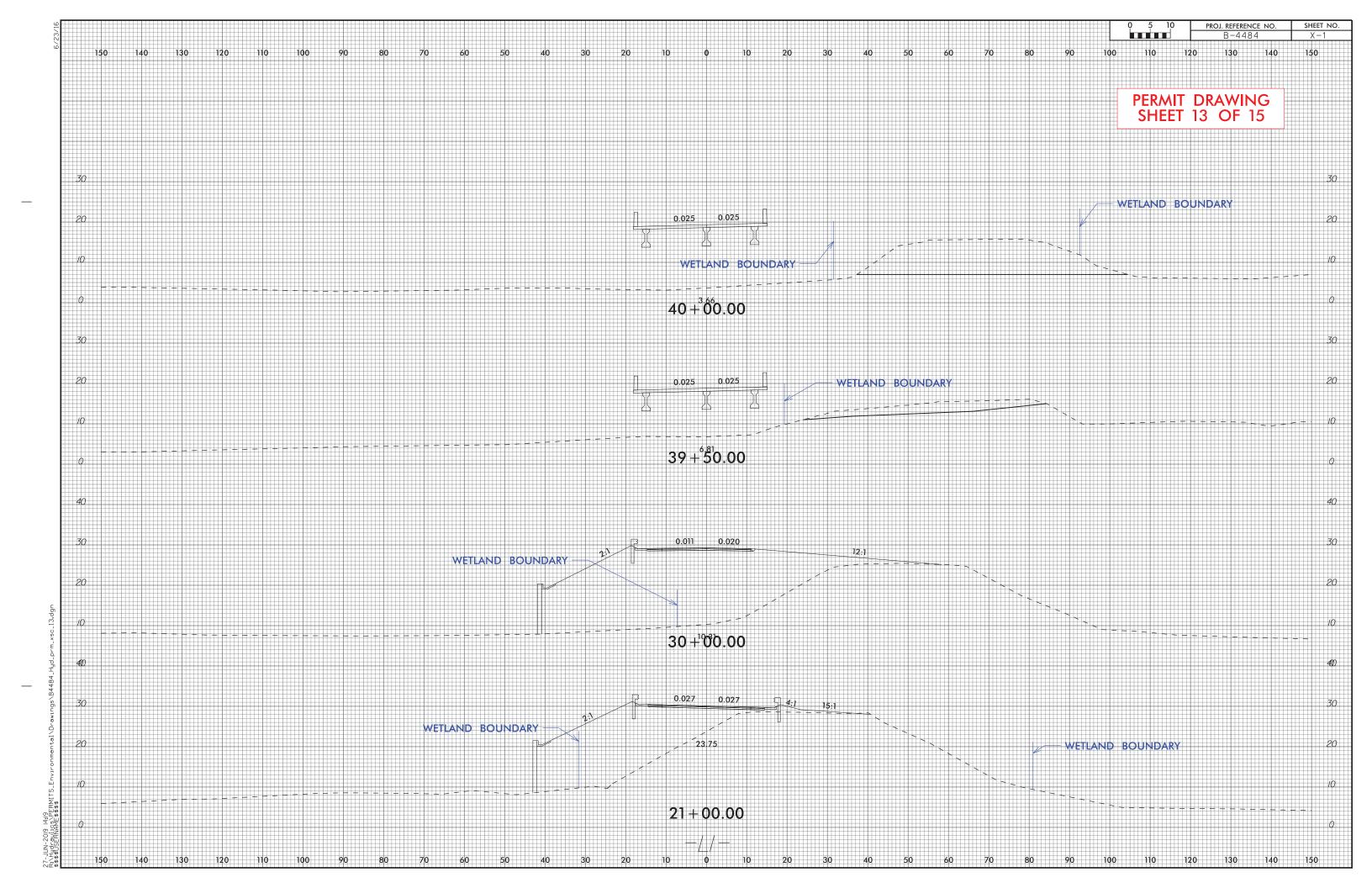


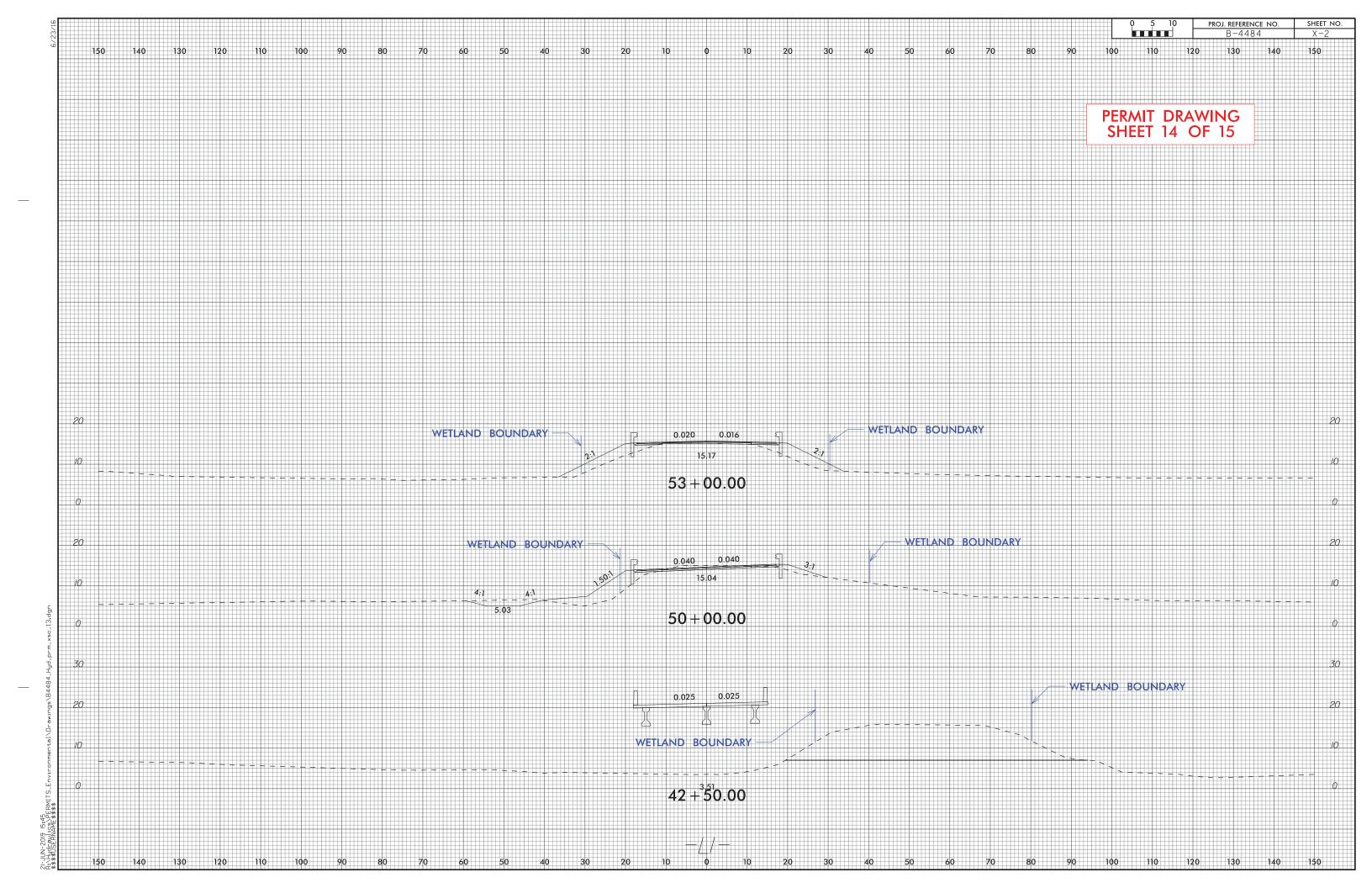












				WE	LAND IMPA	CTS			SURFA	CE WATER IN	1PACTS	
			Permanent	Temp.	Excavation	Mechanized	Hand Clearing	Permanent	Temp.	Existing Channel	Existing Channel	Natural
Site	Station	Structure	Fill In	Fill In	in	Clearing	in	SW	SW	Impacts	Impacts	Stream
No.	(From/To)	Size / Type	Wetlands	Wetlands	Wetlands	in Wetlands	Wetlands	impacts	impacts	Permanent	Temp.	Design
			(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)
1	-L1- 17+85 RT	Exist. 12" CMP Removal				< 0.01						
1	-L1- 19+41 LT	Rip Rap Outlets	< 0.01			< 0.01						
1	-L1- 20+50 RT	Rip Rap Outlet	< 0.01			< 0.01						
1	-L1- 20+62 to 22+28 LT	Ret Wall / Fill / Work Platform	0.07			0.19						
1	-L1- 27+85 to 32+70 LT	Ret Wall / Fill / Work Platform	0.36			0.10						
1	-L1- 29+73 RT	Rip Rap Outlet				< 0.01						
2	-L1- 39+17 LT	Roadway Fill Slope	0.03									
2	-L1- 39+62 RT	Roadway Cut Slope			< 0.01							
2	-L1- 39+71 to 40+45 RT	Roadway Cut Slope			0.04							
2	-L1- 39+00 to 43+32	Proposed Bridge / Work Platform				0.82						
2	-L1- 42+26 to 43+32 RT	Roadway Cut Slope			0.07							
2	-L1- 43+32 to 51+32 LT	Proposed Roadway/Fill Slope	0.61			0.08						
2	-L1- 48+60 to 50+66 LT	Channel Relocation	< 0.01	0.27	0.09							
2	-L1- 53+00 LT	Roadway Fill Slope	< 0.01									
2	-L1- 52+97 RT	Roadway Fill Slope	< 0.01									
TOTALS*:			1.09	0.27	0.20	1.20				0	0	0

<sup>\*</sup>Rounded totals are sum of actual impacts

#### NOTES

Total permanent Wetland Impacts due to proposed piles = 38 sq.ft.

Total permanent SW Impacts due to proposed piles = 141 sq.ft.

Temp Work Platform

Based on 20' or shorter spans, with pile rows 2' long and the full width of the platform (both conservative):

Temporary Fill in Wetlands = 4,567 sq.ft and Temporary Surface Water Impacts = 2,905 sq.ft

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
9/10/2019
Craven County
B-4484
33723.1.2
SHEET 15 OF 15

Revised 2016 09 09

4484 B IE

PROJECT LOCATION

VICINITY MAP

N. T. S.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

## CRAVEN COUNTY

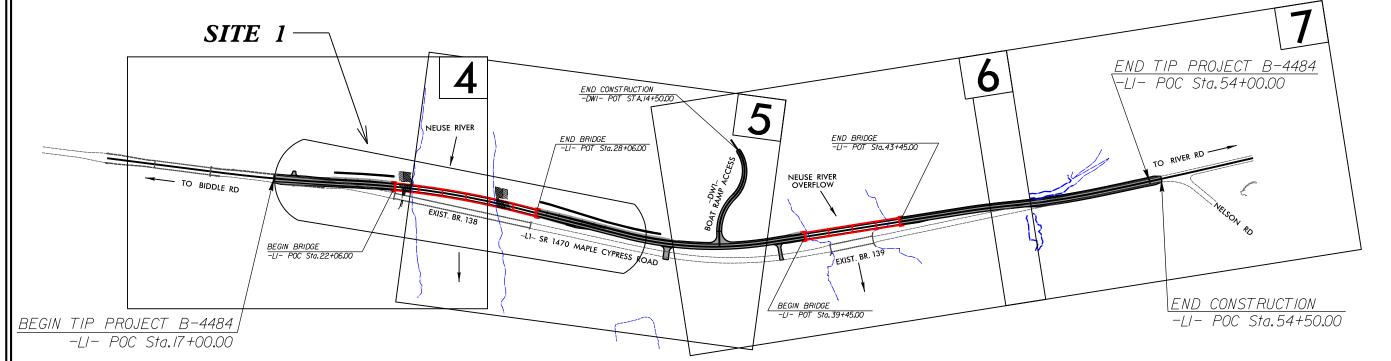
SHEET TOTAL NO. SHEETS N.C. B-4484 STATE PROJ.NO. DESCRIPTION 33723.1.2 N/A PE 33723.2.1 ROW, UTIL

LOCATION: REPLACE BRIDGES NO. 138 & 139 OVER NEUSE RIVER AND NEUSE RIVER OVERFLOW ON SR 1470 (MAPLE CYPRESS ROAD)

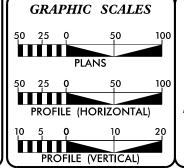
TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, DRAINAGE, PAVING, RETAINING WALLS, AND STRUCTURES

**BUFFER DRAWING** SHEET 1 OF 5

**BUFFER IMPACTS PERMIT** 



THIS PROJECT IS NOT WITHIN ANY MUNICIPAL BOUNDARIES. CLEARING ON THIS PROJECT SHALL BE PERFORMED TO THE LIMITS ESTABLISHED BY METHOD II. INCOMPLETE PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR R/W ACQUISITION DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED



## DESIGN DATA

ADT 2019 = 1.863ADT 2039 = 2,279

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V = 60 MPH\*(TTST = 3% + DUAL = 7%) FUNC CLASS = MAJOR COLLECTOR SUB\_REGIONAL TIER

### PROJECT LENGTH

LENGTH ROADWAY TIP PROJECT B-4484 0.512 MILE LENGTH STRUCTURE TIP PROJECT B-4484 0.189 MILE

TOTAL LENGTH TIP PROJECT B-4484 0.701 MILE

1520 SOUTH BOULEVARD, SUITE 200 CHARLOTTE, NC 28203 NC FIRM LICENSE No: F-0493

FOR THE NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

2018 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS RIGHT OF WAY DATE: MARCH 7, 2019

LETTING DATE: APRIL 21, 2020

PROJECT ENGINEER DREW MORROW, PE PROJECT DESIGN ENGINEER HON YEUNG, PE

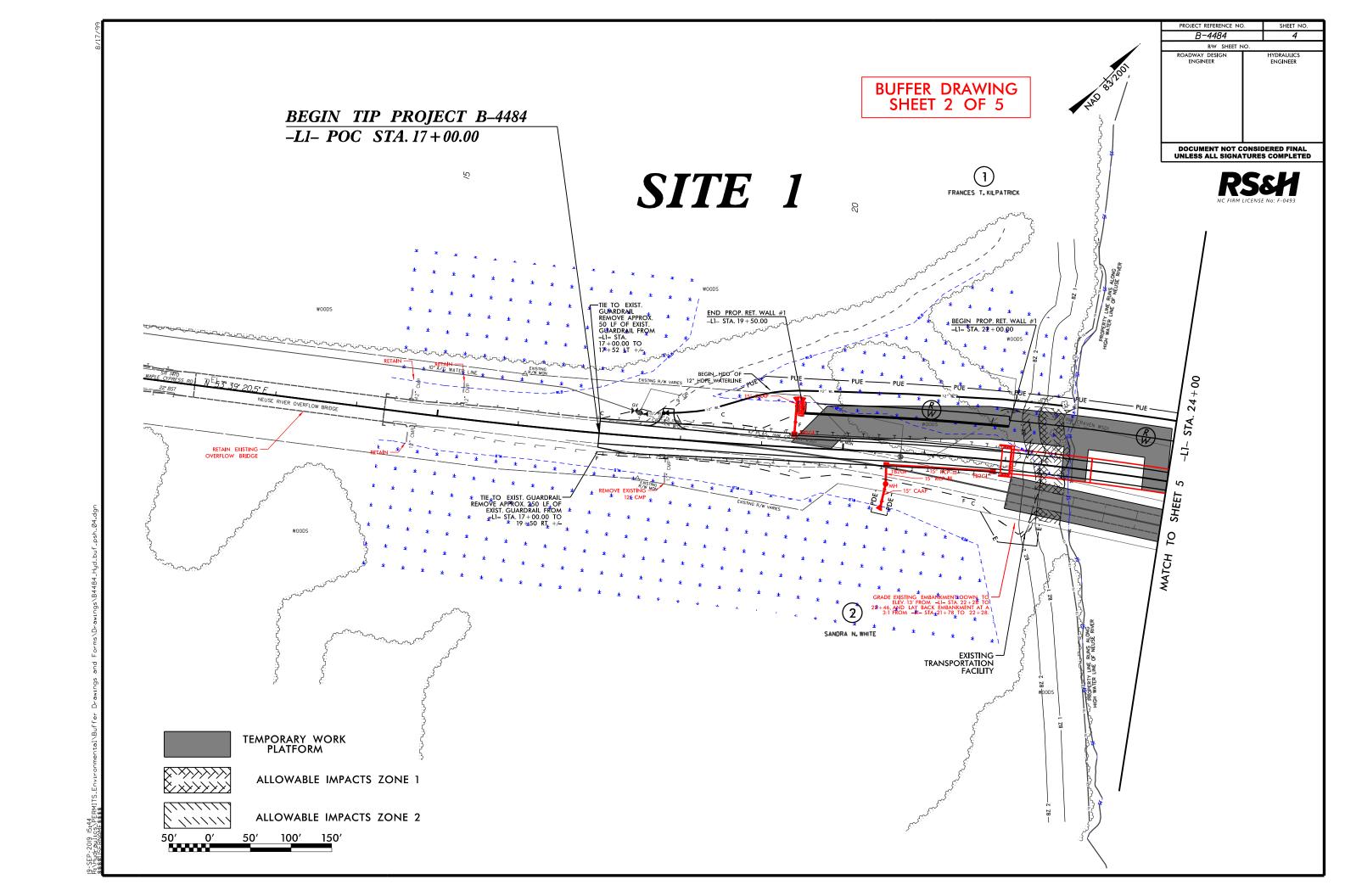
NCDOT CONTACT

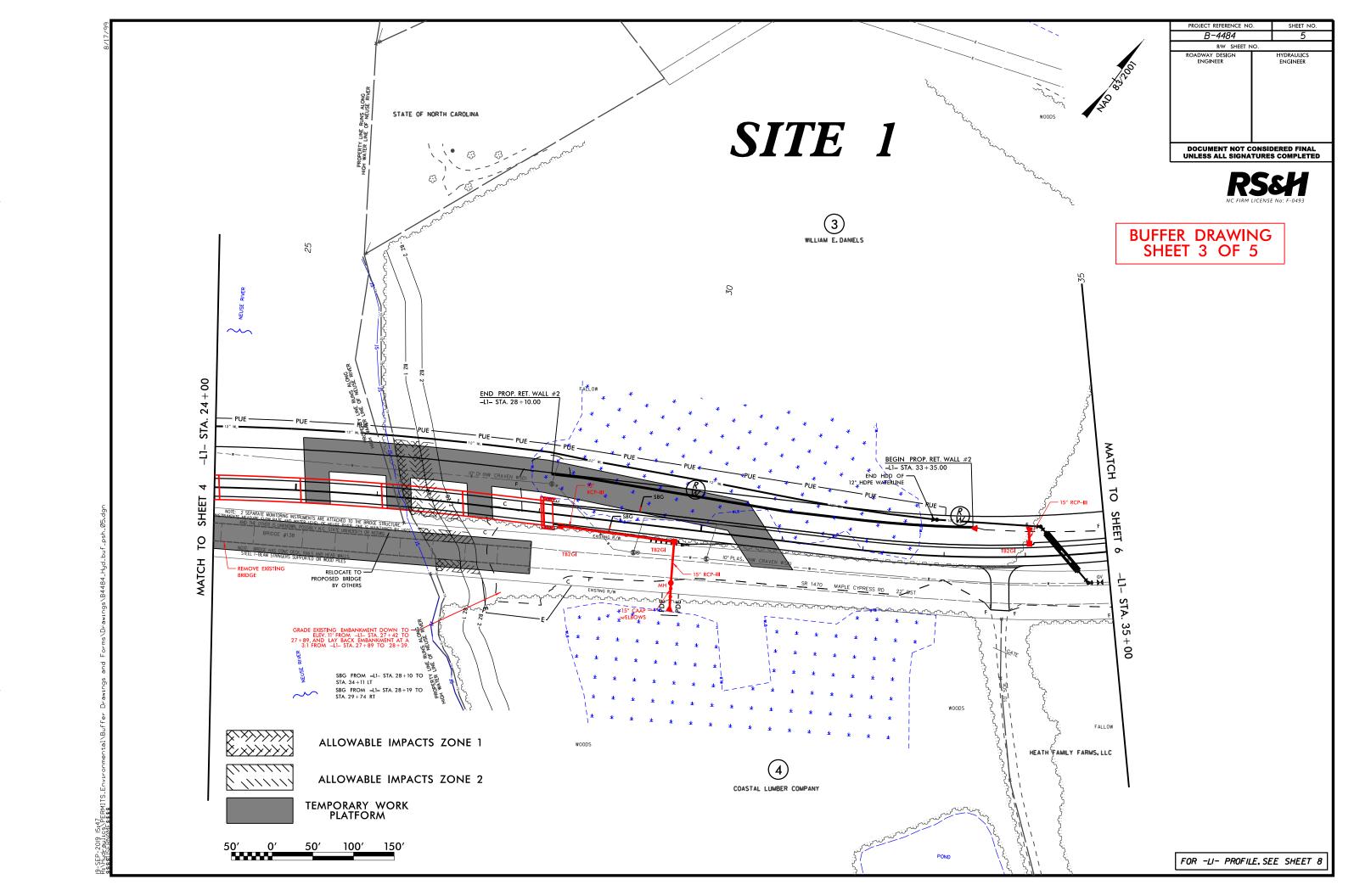
JENNIFER FARINO, PE

HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

SIGNATURE: ROADWAY DESIGN **ENGINEER** 







IMPACTS								BUF	FER				
					TYPE		ALLOWABLE			MITIGABLE			CEMENT
Site No.	Station (From/To)	Structure Size / Type	ROAD CROSSING	BRIDGE	PARALLEL IMPACT	ZONE 1 (ft <sup>2</sup> )	ZONE 2 (ft <sup>2</sup> )	TOTAL (ft²)	ZONE 1 (ft <sup>2</sup> )	ZONE 2 (ft <sup>2</sup> )	TOTAL (ft²)	ZONE 1 (ft <sup>2</sup> )	ZONE 2 (ft <sup>2</sup> )
1	-L1- 22+15 to 22+78	Prop Bridge		Χ		1468	443	1911					
1	-L1- 22+15 to 22+78	Temp Work Platform		Χ		1746	1147	2893					
1	-L1- 22+45 RT	Ex Road/Bridge Removal		X		434	167	601					
1	-L1- 26+16 to 27+00	Prop Bridge / Temp Platform		Х		2889	1976	4865					
1	-L1- 27+00 RT	Ex Bridge Removal		Χ		942	631	1573					
TOTAL	S*:					7479	4364	11843	0	0	0	0	0

NOTES:

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
9/19/2019
Craven County
B-4484

33723.1.2

SHEET

0123.1.2

OF

5

Revised 2018 Feb

## WETLANDS IN BUFFER IMPACTS SUMMARY WETLANDS IN **BUFFERS** SITE ZONE 1 ZONE 2 STATION (FROM/TO) NO. (ft<sup>2</sup>) $(ft^2)$ -L1- 22+15 to 22+78 54" Girder Bridge 812 219 -L1- 22+15 to 22+78 Temp Work Bridge 1732 1147 TOTAL: 2544 1366 NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS 9/19/2019 Craven County B-4484 33723.1.2 SHEET OF Revised 2018 Feb 5 5

PROJECT: B-4484

CT: C204434

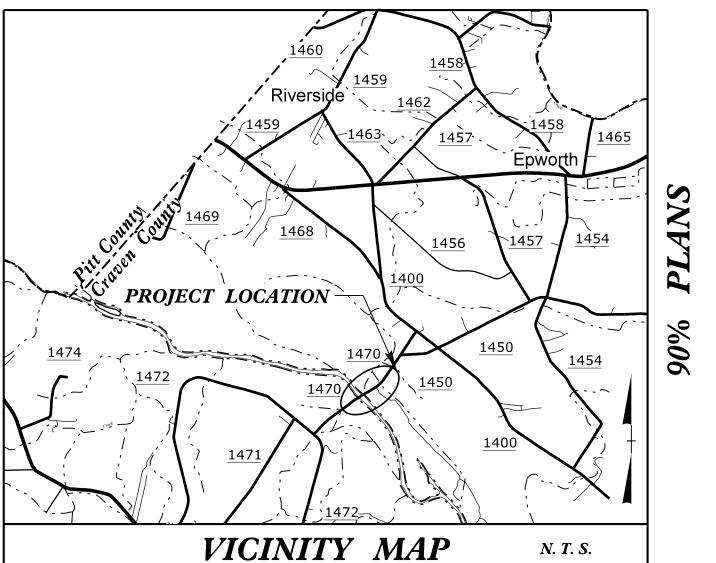
GRAPHIC SCALES

**PLANS** 

PROFILE (HORIZONTAL)

PROFILE (VERTICAL)

See Sheet 1A For Index of Sheets See Sheet 1B For Conventional Symbols



**DESIGN DATA** 

K = 12 %

D = 60 %

\*(TTST = 3% + DUAL = 7%)

FUNC CLASS = MAJOR

SUB\_REGIONAL TIER

COLLECTOR

V = 60 MPH

ADT 2019 = 1,863

ADT 2039 = 2,279

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

# CRAVEN COUNTY

LOCATION: REPLACE BRIDGES NO. 138 & 139 OVER NEUSE RIVER OVERFLOW ON SR 1470 (MAPLE CYPRESS ROAD)

TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, DRAINAGE, PAVING, RETAINING WALLS, AND STRUCTURES

PREPARED IN THE OFFICE OF:

2018 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

RIGHT OF WAY DATE:

MARCH 7, 2019

LETTING DATE:

APRIL 21, 2020

FOR THE NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

1520 SOUTH BOULEVARD, SUITE 200 CHARLOTTE, NC 28203

NC FIRM LICENSE No: F-0493

JENNIFER FARINO, PE

DREW MORROW, PE

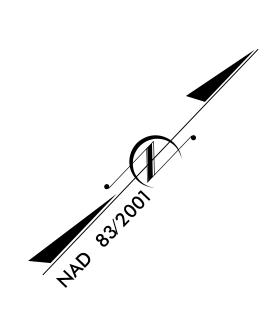
PROJECT DESIGN ENGINEER

HON YEUNG, PE

NCDOT CONTACT

PROJECT ENGINEER

STATE	STATE		NO.	SHEETS		
N.C.	F	3–4484		1		
STAT	E PROJ. NO.	F. A. PROJ. NO.		DESCRIPT	ION	
337	23.1.2	N/A		PE		
33723.2.1		N/A		ROW, UTIL		
337	23.3.1	N/A		CONST		
		1	1			



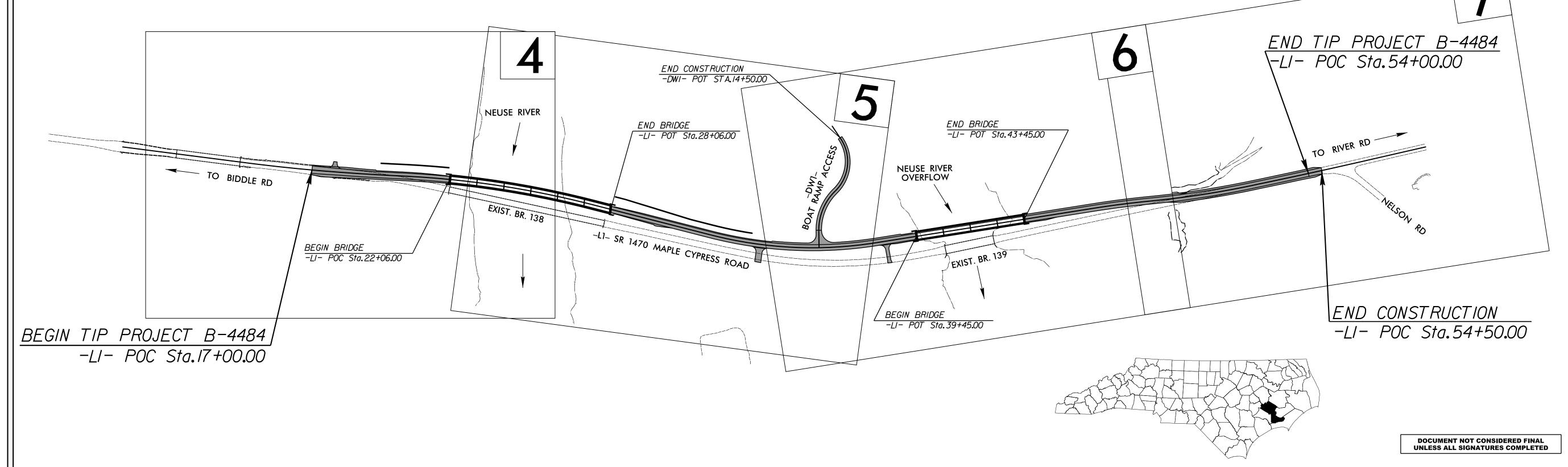
HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

ROADWAY DESIGN

**ENGINEER** 

**SIGNATURE**:

SIGNATURE:



0.512 MILE

0.189 MILE

= 0.701 MILE

PROJECT LENGTH

LENGTH ROADWAY TIP PROJECT B-4484

LENGTH STRUCTURE TIP PROJECT B-4484

TOTAL LENGTH TIP PROJECT B-4484

:\Roddway\Proj\B4484\_Rdy\_tsh.dgr

PROJECT REFERENCE NO	).	SHEET NO.
B-4484		/A
		OADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER TH CARO SESSION SEAL 030952

DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED



# INDEX OF SHEETS

SHEET NUMBER SHEET TITLE SHEET INDEX OF SHEETS, GENERAL NOTES, AND STANDARD DRAWINGS 1 A 1 B CONVENTIONAL SYMBOLS 2A-1 THRU 2A-3 PAVEMENT SCHEDULE AND TYPICAL SECTIONS W-BEAM RAIL SECTION DETAIL 2C-12C - 2TRAILING END UNIT ASSEMBLY - AT-1 SYSTEM 2C - 3TYPE III - STRUCTURE ANCHOR UNIT 2C-484" PIPE COLLAR AND HEADWALL DETAIL (TO BE INCLUDED IN NEXT SUBMITTAL) 3B-1 ROADWAY SUMMARIES 3D-1 DRAINAGE SUMMARIES 3G-1GEOTECHNICAL SUMMARIES 3P - 1PARCEL INDEX SHEET 4 THRU 7 PLAN SHEETS

RW1 R/W TITLE SHEET (TO BE INCLUDED UPON RECEIPT)

RW2C-1 THRU RW2C-? SURVEY CONTROL SHEETS (TO BE INCLUDED UPON RECEIPT)

RW2D-1 THRU RW2D-? DESIGN ALIGNMENT CONTROL SHEETS (TO BE INCLUDED UPON RECEIPT)

PROFILE SHEETS

RW4 THRU RW7 R/W SHEETS (TO BE INCLUDED UPON RECEIPT)

TMP-1 THRU TMP-12 TRAFFIC CONTROL SHEETS

8 THRU 10

RW3E-1 THRU RW3E-?

PMP-1 THRU PMP-5 PAVEMENT MARKING PLANS (TO BE INCLUDED IN NEXT SUBMITTAL)

R/W AND EASEMENT TABLES SHEETS (TO BE INCLUDED UPON RECEIPT)

EC-1 THRU EC-12 EROSION CONTROL PLANS

RF-1 REFORESTATION DETAIL SHEET

SIGN-1 THRU SIGN-8 SIGNING PLANS (TO BE INCLUDED IN NEXT SUBMITTAL)

UC-1THRU UC-9UTILITY CONSTRUCTION PLANSU0-1THRU U0-2UTILITIES BY OTHERS PLANSX-1ACROSS-SECTION SUMMARY SHEET

X-1 THRU X-26 CROSS-SECTIONS

S-1 THRU S-37 BR 138 STRUCTURE PLANS

S-1 THRU S-31 BR 139 STRUCTURE PLANS

W-1 THRU W-2 RETAINING WALL PLANS

W-3 THRU W-5 RETAINING WALL DETAIL SHEETS

# GENERAL NOTES

GENERAL NOTES: 2018 SPECIFICATIONS EFFECTIVE: 01-16-

EFFECTIVE: 01-16-2018 REVISED:

GRADE LINE:

GRADING AND SURFACING:

THE GRADE LINES SHOWN DENOTE THE FINISHED ELEVATION OF THE PROPOSED SURFACING AT GRADE POINTS SHOWN ON THE TYPICAL SECTIONS. GRADE LINES MAY BE ADJUSTED AT THEIR BEGINNING AND ENDING AND AT STRUCTURES AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER IN ORDER TO SECURE A PROPER TIE-IN.

CLEARING:

CLEARING ON THIS PROJECT SHALL BE PERFORMED TO THE LIMITS ESTABLISHED BY

METHOD II.

SUPERELEVATION:

ALL CURVES ON THIS PROJECT SHALL BE SUPERELEVATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STD. NO. 225.04 USING THE RATE OF SUPERELEVATION AND RUNOFF SHOWN ON THE PLANS. SUPERELEVATION IS TO BE REVOLVED ABOUT THE GRADE POINTS SHOWN ON THE TYPICAL SECTIONS.

SHOULDER CONSTRUCTION:

ASPHALT, EARTH, AND CONCRETE SHOULDER CONSTRUCTION ON THE HIGH SIDE OF SUPERELEVATED CURVES SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH STD, NO. 560.01

GUARDRAIL:

THE GUARDRAIL LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS MAY BE ADJUSTED DURING CONSTRUCTION AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD CONSULT WITH THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO ORDERING GUARDRAIL MATERIAL.

TEMPORARY SHORING:

SHORING REQUIRED FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC NOT SHOWN ON THE PLANS WILL BE PAID FOR AT THE CONTRACT PRICE FOR "TEMPORARY SHORING".

END BENTS:

THE ENGINEER SHALL CHECK THE STRUCTURE END BENT PLANS, DETAILS, AND CROSS-SECTION PRIOR TO SETTING OF THE SLOPE STAKES FOR THE EMBANKMENT OR EXCAVATION APPROACHING A BRIDGE.

UTILITIES:

UTILITY OWNERS ON THIS PROJECT ARE DUKE ENERGY, CENTURYLINK

ANY RELOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES WILL BE ACCOMPLISHED BY OTHERS,

EXCEPT AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS.

RIGHT-OF-WAY MARKERS:

ALL RIGHT-OF-WAY MARKERS ON THIS PROJECT SHALL BE PLACED BY CONTRACT.

# STANDARD DRAWINGS

EFF. 01-16-2018 REV.

2018 ROADWAY ENGLISH STANDARD DRAWINGS

The following Roadway Standards as appear in "Roadway Standard Drawings" Highway Design Branch - N. C. Department of Transportation - Raleigh, N. C., Dated January, 2018 are applicable to this project

and by reference hereby are considered a part of these plans:

STD.NO. TITLE

DIVISION 2 - EARTHWORK 200.02 Method of Clearing - Method II

225.02 Guide for Grading Subgrade - Secondary and Local

225.04 Method of Obtaining Superelevation - Two Lane Pavement

275.01 Rock Plating

DIVISION 3 - PIPE CULVERTS 300.01 Method of Pipe Installation

DIVISION 4 - MAJOR STRUCTURES

422.01 Bridge Approach Fills — Type I Standard Approach Fill

422.02 Bridge Approach Fills - Type II Modified Approach Fill

DIVISION 5 - SUBGRADE, BASES AND SHOULDERS

560.01 Method of Shoulder Construction - High Side of Superelevated Curve - Method I DIVISION 8 - INCIDENTALS

306.01 Concrete Right-of-Way Marker

840.29 Frames and Narrow Slot Flat Grates

40.35 Traffic Bearing Grated Drop Inlet – for Cast Iron Double Frame and Grates 40.52 Precast Manhole – 4', 5' and 6' Diameter

840.54 Manhole Frame and Cover

840.66 Drainage Structure Steps

846.01 Concrete Curb, Gutter and Curb & Gutter 846.04 Drop Inlet Installation in Shoulder Berm Gutter

862.01 Guardrail Placement

862.02 Guardrail Installation 862.03 Structure Anchor Units

862.03 Structure Anchor Units 876.01 Rip Rap in Channels

876.02 Guide for Rip Rap at Pipe Outlets

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PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	
B-4484	

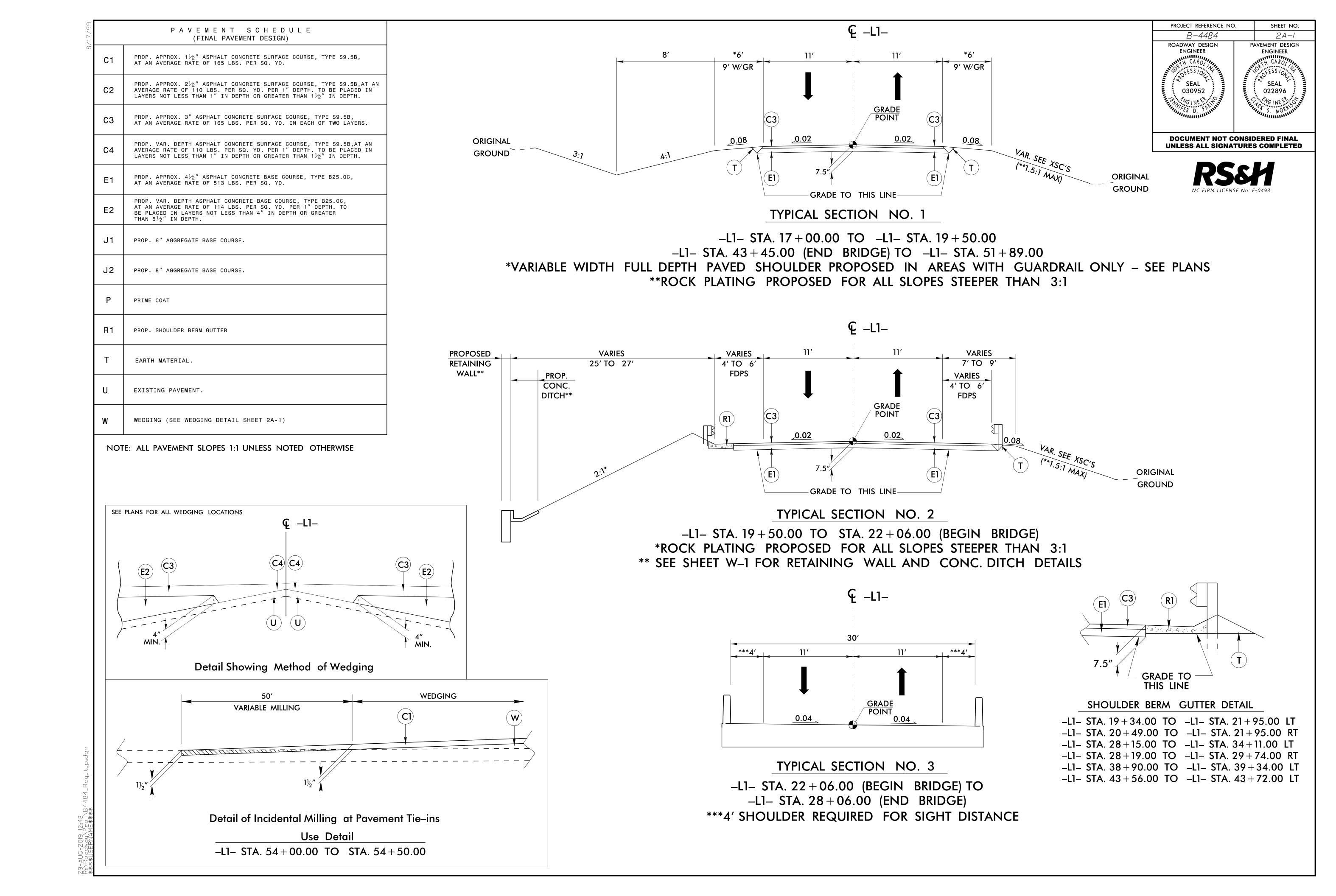
# CONVENTIONAL PLAN SHEET SYMBOLS BOUNDARIES AND PROPERTY: Note: Not to Scale \*S.U.E. = Subsurface Utility Engineering

C:		RAILROADS:	icute s
State Line  County Line		Standard Gauge	CSX TRANSPORTATION
County Line		RR Signal Milepost	⊙ MILEPOST 35
10WII3IIIP LINE		Switch —	
City Line		RR Abandoned	<i>SWITCH</i>
Reservation Line		RR Dismantled	
Property Line			
Existing Iron Pin	EIP	RIGHT OF WAY & PROJECT CO	$\Omega NTD\Omega I$ .
Computed Property Corner	×	_	MIKOL.
Property Monument	ECM	Secondary Horiz and Vert Control Point	
Parcel/Sequence Number ————————————————————————————————————		Primary Horiz Control Point	
Existing Fence Line		Primary Horiz and Vert Control Point	
Proposed Woven Wire Fence	<del></del>	Exist Permanent Easment Pin and Cap	$\langle \cdot \rangle$
Proposed Chain Link Fence	<del></del>	New Permanent Easement Pin and Cap —	<b>(</b>
Proposed Barbed Wire Fence		Vertical Benchmark ————————————————————————————————————	
Existing Wetland Boundary		Existing Right of Way Marker	$\triangle$
Proposed Wetland Boundary	WLB	Existing Right of Way Line	
·	EAB	New Right of Way Line	$\frac{R}{W}$
Existing Endangered Plant Boundary		New Right of Way Line with Pin and Cap—	$\frac{R}{W}$
Existing Endangered Flam Boundary  Existing Historic Property Boundary		,	<u> </u>
		New Right of Way Line with  Concrete or Granite R/W Marker	-
Known Contamination Area: Soil		New Control of Access Line with	
Potential Contamination Area: Soil		Concrete C/A Marker	
Known Contamination Area: Water		Existing Control of Access	
Potential Contamination Area: Water		New Control of Access	
Contaminated Site: Known or Potential		Existing Easement Line ————————————————————————————————————	—— E ———
BUILDINGS AND OTHER CUI	LTURE:	New Temporary Construction Easement –	Е
Gas Pump Vent or U/G Tank Cap ———	O	New Temporary Drainage Easement ——	TDE
Sign ————————————————————————————————————		New Permanent Drainage Easement ——	PDE
Well —		New Permanent Drainage / Utility Easement	DUE
Small Mine ————————————————————————————————————	<u></u>	New Permanent Utility Easement ———	——— PUE ——
Foundation —		New Temporary Utility Easement ———	—— TUE ——
Area Outline		, , ,	
Cemetery ————————————————————————————————————		New Aerial Utility Easement —————	———AUE———
Building —		ROADS AND RELATED FEATUR	erc.
School —			
Church —	<u> </u>	Existing Edge of Pavement	
Dam —		Existing Curb	
HYDROLOGY:		Proposed Slope Stakes Cut	
Stream or Body of Water ————————————————————————————————————		Proposed Slope Stakes Fill	
•		Proposed Curb Ramp	
Hydro, Pool or Reservoir		Existing Metal Guardrail	
Jurisdictional Stream		Proposed Guardrail ————————————————————————————————————	
Buffer Zone 1 ———————————————————————————————————		Existing Cable Guiderail	
Buffer Zone 2		Proposed Cable Guiderail	
Flow Arrow — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		Equality Symbol	lacktriangle
Disappearing Stream ————————————————————————————————————		Pavement Removal ————	
Spring —		VEGETATION:	<u> </u>
Wetland		Single Tree	- -
Proposed Lateral, Tail, Head Ditch ———	FLOW	Single Tree Single Shrub	<i>ස</i> - සු
False Sump ——————		anigle allion	·ω

Hedge	······
Woods Line	-رنۍ-رنۍ-رنۍ-رن
Orchard —	·
Vineyard ————————————————————————————————————	Vineyard
EXISTING STRUCTURES:	
MAJOR:	
Bridge, Tunnel or Box Culvert ————	CONC
Bridge Wing Wall, Head Wall and End Wall	- ) CONC WW (
MINOR:	
Head and End Wall	CONC HW
Pipe Culvert	
Footbridge ————————————————————————————————————	>
Drainage Box: Catch Basin, DI or JB	СВ
Paved Ditch Gutter	
Storm Sewer Manhole	<u>(S)</u>
Storm Sewer —	s
UTILITIES:	
POWER:	1
Existing Power Pole	•
Proposed Power Pole —	
Existing Joint Use Pole	1
Proposed Joint Use Pole	
Power Manhole —————	
Power Line Tower —	
Power Transformer ———————————————————————————————————	
U/G Power Cable Hand Hole	
H-Frame Pole	
U/G Power Line LOS B (S.U.E.*)	
U/G Power Line LOS C (S.U.E.*)	
U/G Power Line LOS D (S.U.E.*)	P
TELEPHONE:	
Existing Telephone Pole	-•-
Proposed Telephone Pole	-0-
Telephone Manhole	
Telephone Pedestal ————————————————————————————————————	
Telephone Cell Tower —	
U/G Telephone Cable Hand Hole	H <sub>H</sub>
U/G Telephone Cable LOS B (S.U.E.*)	
U/G Telephone Cable LOS C (S.U.E.*)	
U/G Telephone Cable LOS D (S.U.E.*)	
U/G Telephone Conduit LOS B (S.U.E.*)	
U/G Telephone Conduit LOS C (S.U.E.*)	
U/G Telephone Conduit LOS D (S.U.E.*)——	
U/G Fiber Optics Cable LOS B (S.U.E.*)	
U/G Fiber Optics Cable LOS C (S.U.E.*)	

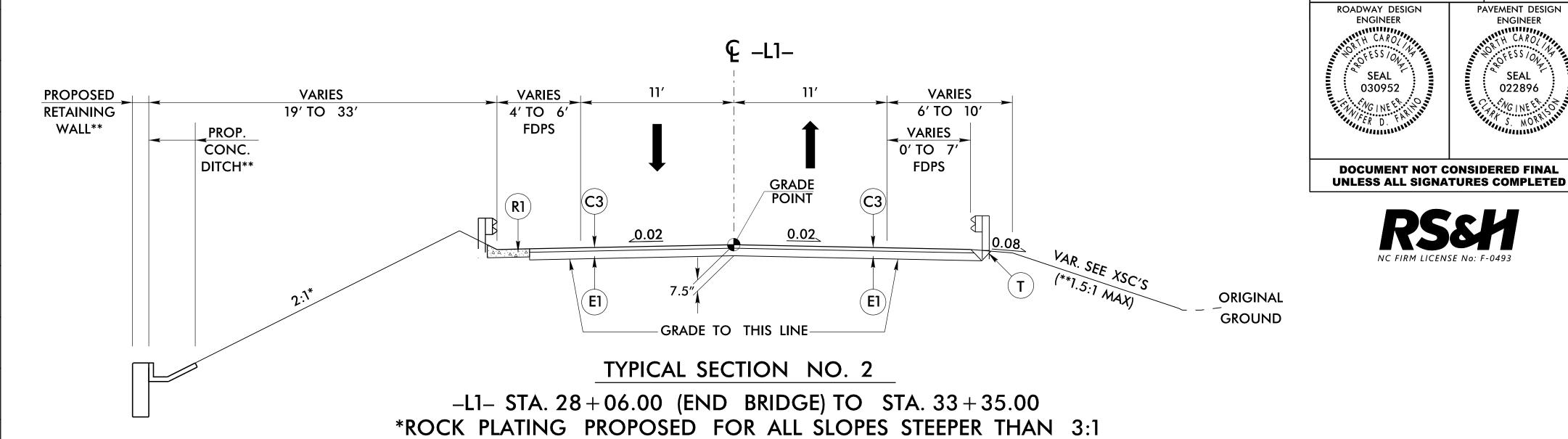
U/G Fiber Optics Cable LOS D (S.U.E.\*)—— T FO ——

WATER:	
Water Manhole	W
Water Meter	
Water Valve	$\otimes$
Water Hydrant —	ď
U/G Water Line LOS B (S.U.E*)	
U/G Water Line LOS C (S.U.E*)	w
U/G Water Line LOS D (S.U.E*)	
Above Ground Water Line	
TV:	
TV Pedestal ————————————————————————————————————	C
TV Tower —	$\bigotimes$
U/G TV Cable Hand Hole —————	H <sub>H</sub>
U/G TV Cable LOS B (S.U.E.*)	
U/G TV Cable LOS C (S.U.E.*)	
U/G TV Cable LOS D (S.U.E.*)	
U/G Fiber Optic Cable LOS B (S.U.E.*)	
U/G Fiber Optic Cable LOS C (S.U.E.*)	
U/G Fiber Optic Cable LOS D (S.U.E.*)	
GAS:	
Gas Valve	$\Diamond$
Gas Meter —	
	·
U/G Gas Line LOS B (S.U.E.*)	
U/G Gas Line LOS C (S.U.E.*)	
U/G Gas Line LOS D (S.U.E.*)  Above Ground Gas Line	
Above Ground Gas Line	
SANITARY SEWER:	
Sanitary Sewer Manhole	
Sanitary Sewer Cleanout —————	
U/G Sanitary Sewer Line —————	
Above Ground Sanitary Sewer ————	
SS Forced Main Line LOS B (S.U.E.*) ———	
SS Forced Main Line LOS C (S.U.E.*) ———	——————————————————————————————————————
SS Forced Main Line LOS D (S.U.E.*)———	FSS
MISCELLANEOUS:	
Utility Pole —	
Utility Pole with Base —	
Utility Located Object —	
Utility Traffic Signal Box —	
Utility Unknown U/G Line LOS B (S.U.E.*)	
U/G Tank; Water, Gas, Oil	
Underground Storage Tank, Approx. Loc. —	
A/G Tank; Water, Gas, Oil ———————————————————————————————————	
Geoenvironmental Boring	
U/G Test Hole LOS A (S.U.E.*)	<b>*</b>
Abandoned According to Utility Records —	<b>&amp;</b>
End of Information ————————————————————————————————————	7 2 11 2 11
	L. U.I.



	PAVEMENT SCHEDULE (FINAL PAVEMENT DESIGN)
C1	PROP. APPROX. $1\frac{1}{2}$ " ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 165 LBS. PER SQ. YD.
C2	PROP. APPROX. $2\frac{1}{2}$ " ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B,AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 110 LBS. PER SQ. YD. PER 1" DEPTH. TO BE PLACED IN LAYERS NOT LESS THAN 1" IN DEPTH OR GREATER THAN $1\frac{1}{2}$ " IN DEPTH.
C3	PROP. APPROX. 3" ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 165 LBS. PER SQ. YD. IN EACH OF TWO LAYERS.
C4	PROP. VAR. DEPTH ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B,AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 110 LBS. PER SQ. YD. PER 1" DEPTH. TO BE PLACED IN LAYERS NOT LESS THAN 1" IN DEPTH OR GREATER THAN 1½" IN DEPTH.
E1	PROP. APPROX. 4½" ASPHALT CONCRETE BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 513 LBS. PER SQ. YD.
E2	PROP. VAR. DEPTH ASPHALT CONCRETE BASE COURSE, TYPE B25.0C, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 114 LBS. PER SQ. YD. PER 1" DEPTH. TO BE PLACED IN LAYERS NOT LESS THAN 4" IN DEPTH OR GREATER THAN 5½" IN DEPTH.
J1	PROP. 6" AGGREGATE BASE COURSE.
J2	PROP. 8" AGGREGATE BASE COURSE.
Р	PRIME COAT
R1	PROP. SHOULDER BERM GUTTER
Т	EARTH MATERIAL.
U	EXISTING PAVEMENT.
W	WEDGING (SEE WEDGING DETAIL SHEET 2A-1)

NOTE: ALL PAVEMENT SLOPES 1:1 UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE



PROJECT REFERENCE NO.

B-4484

SHEET NO.

2A-2

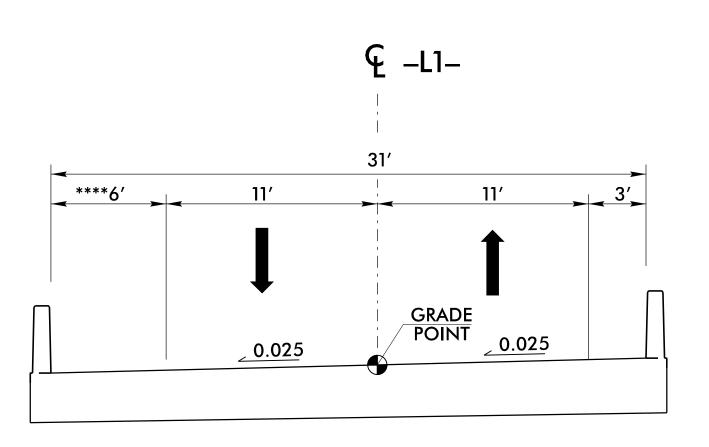
PAVEMENT DESIGN ENGINEER

SEAL ( 022896

11′ 9' W/GR 9' W/GR GRADE POINT (C3) \_0.02 0.02 ORIGINAL 0.08 GROUND 3:7 ORIGINAL -GRADE TO THIS LINE-

TYPICAL SECTION NO. 4 -L1- STA. 33+35.00 TO -L1- STA. 39+45.00 \*VARIABLE WIDTH FULL DEPTH PAVED SHOULDER PROPOSED IN AREAS WITH GUARDRAIL ONLY - SEE PLANS

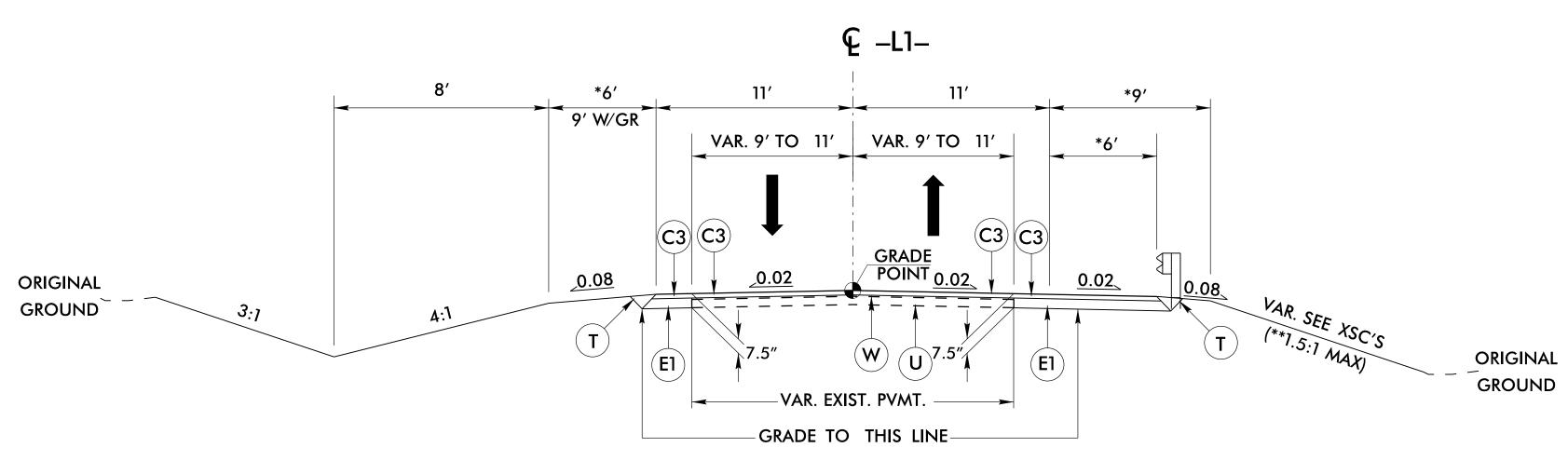
\*\* SEE SHEET W-1 FOR CONC. DITCH DETAIL, AND SHEET W-2 FOR RETAINING WALL DETAIL



TYPICAL SECTION NO. 7 -L1- STA. 39 + 45.00 (BEGIN BRIDGE) TO -L1- STA. 43 + 45.00 (END BRIDGE) \*\*\*\*6' SHOULDER REQUIRED FOR SPREAD

	PAVEMENT SCHEDULE (FINAL PAVEMENT DESIGN)
C1	PROP. APPROX. 1½" ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 165 LBS. PER SQ. YD.
C2	PROP. APPROX. 2½" ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B,AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 110 LBS. PER SQ. YD. PER 1" DEPTH. TO BE PLACED IN LAYERS NOT LESS THAN 1" IN DEPTH OR GREATER THAN 1½" IN DEPTH.
C3	PROP. APPROX. 3" ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B, AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 165 LBS. PER SQ. YD. IN EACH OF TWO LAYERS.
C4	PROP. VAR. DEPTH ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACE COURSE, TYPE S9.5B,AT AN AVERAGE RATE OF 110 LBS. PER SQ. YD. PER 1" DEPTH. TO BE PLACED IN LAYERS NOT LESS THAN 1" IN DEPTH OR GREATER THAN 1½" IN DEPTH.
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J1	PROP. 6" AGGREGATE BASE COURSE.
J2	PROP. 8" AGGREGATE BASE COURSE.
Р	PRIME COAT
R1	PROP. SHOULDER BERM GUTTER
Т	EARTH MATERIAL.
U	EXISTING PAVEMENT.
W	WEDGING (SEE WEDGING DETAIL SHEET 2A-1)

NOTE: ALL PAVEMENT SLOPES 1:1 UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE



TYPICAL SECTION NO. 8

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.

B-4484

ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER SHEET NO.

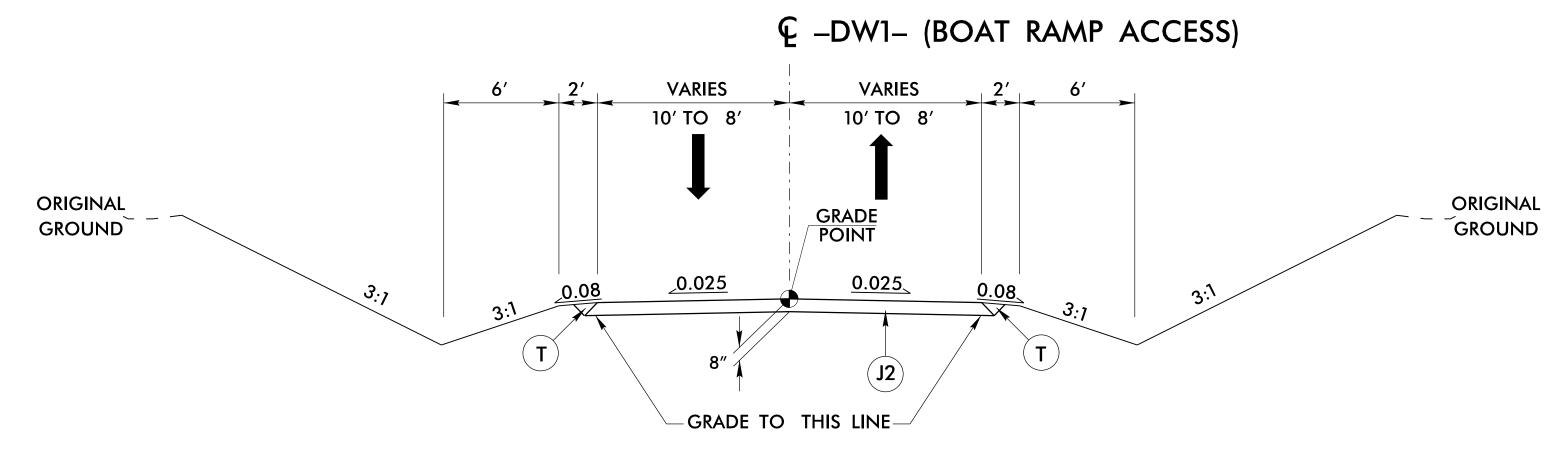
2A-3

PAVEMENT DESIGN ENGINEER

> SEAL ( 022896

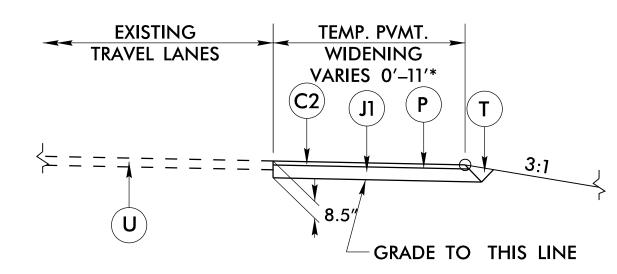
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-L1- STA. 51+89.00 TO -L1- STA. 54+00.00
\*6' FULL DEPTH PAVED SHOULDER PROPOSED IN AREAS WITH GUARDRAIL ONLY
\*\*ROCK PLATING PROPOSED FOR ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1



TYPICAL SECTION NO. 9

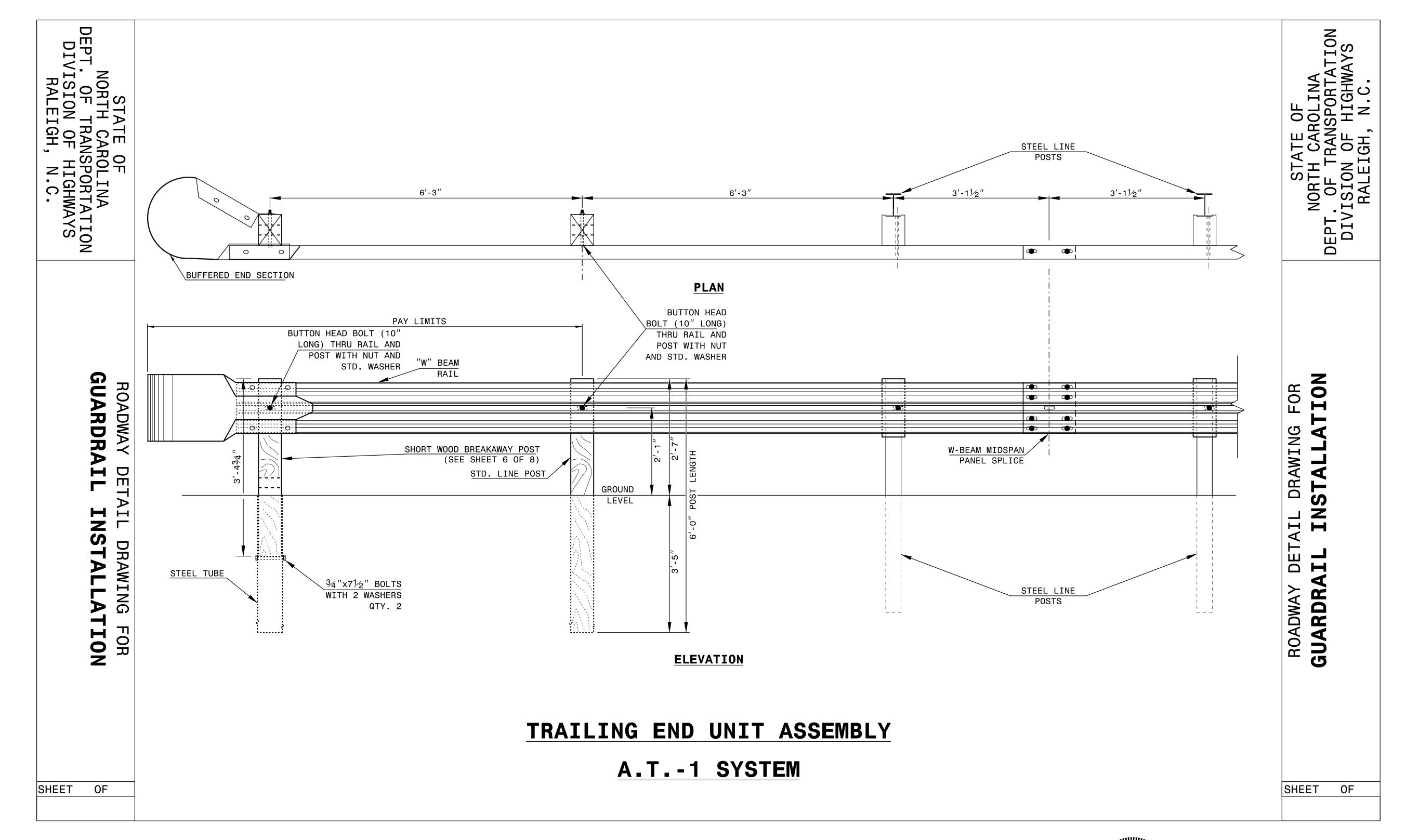
-DW1- STA. 10+11.00 TO -DW1- STA. 14+37.00



TEMPORARY WIDENING DETAIL A -L- STA.  $49+14\pm$  TO -L- STA. 54+67+/- RT

\* WIDTH INCLUDES 2' PAVED SHOULDER

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO. 2C-2





CONTRACTS STANDARDS AND DEVELOPMENT UNIT Office 919-707-6950 FAX 919-250-4119

A.T.-1 SYSTEM

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ORIGINAL BY:	DATE:
 MODIFIED BY:	DATE:
CHECKED BY:	DATE:
FILE SPEC.:	

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPT, OF TRANSPORTATION DE HIGHWAYS SYAWBI N.C. GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNIT, TYPE III FOR ATTACHMENT TO ROADWAY DETAIL DRAWING FOR 10 III FOR ATTACHMENT REGIONAL TIER EAK POINT TYPE - SUB GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNIT Ω \

ROADWAY DETAIL DRAWING FOR

STRUCTURE ANCHOR UNITS
GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNIT, TYPE III FOR ATTACHMENT TO

RAIL ON BRIDGE - SUB REGIONAL TIER

RAIL ON BRIDGE - SUB REGIONAL TIER



DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

CONTRACT STANDARDS AND DEVELOPMENT UNIT Office 919-707-6950 FAX 919-250-4119

# SEE TITLE BLOCK

ORIGINAL BY: J HOWERTON MODIFIED BY: \_\_DATE: <u>06-22-12</u> \_\_DATE: \_\_\_ \_DATE: \_\_\_ CHECKED BY: FILE SPEC.:

PE III BRIDGE SREAK POINT Z NO UNIT, RAIL IL ANCHOR I 4 GUARDRAI FOR ATTA

ROADWAY DETAIL DRAWING FOR

STRUCTURE ANCHOR UNITS
GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNIT, TYPE III

FOR ATTACHMENT TO RAIL ON BRIDGE

FOR ATTACHMENT TO RAIL ON BRIDGE

GUARDRAIL ANCHOR UNIT, TYPE III STRUCTURE ANCHOR UNITS

ROADWAY DETAIL DRAWING FOR

**862D03** 

STATE OF
NORTH CAROLINA
DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

RALEIGH, N.C.

862D03

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPT, OF TRANSPORTATION SYAMAYS DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS ALEIGH, N.C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

RALEIGH, N.C.

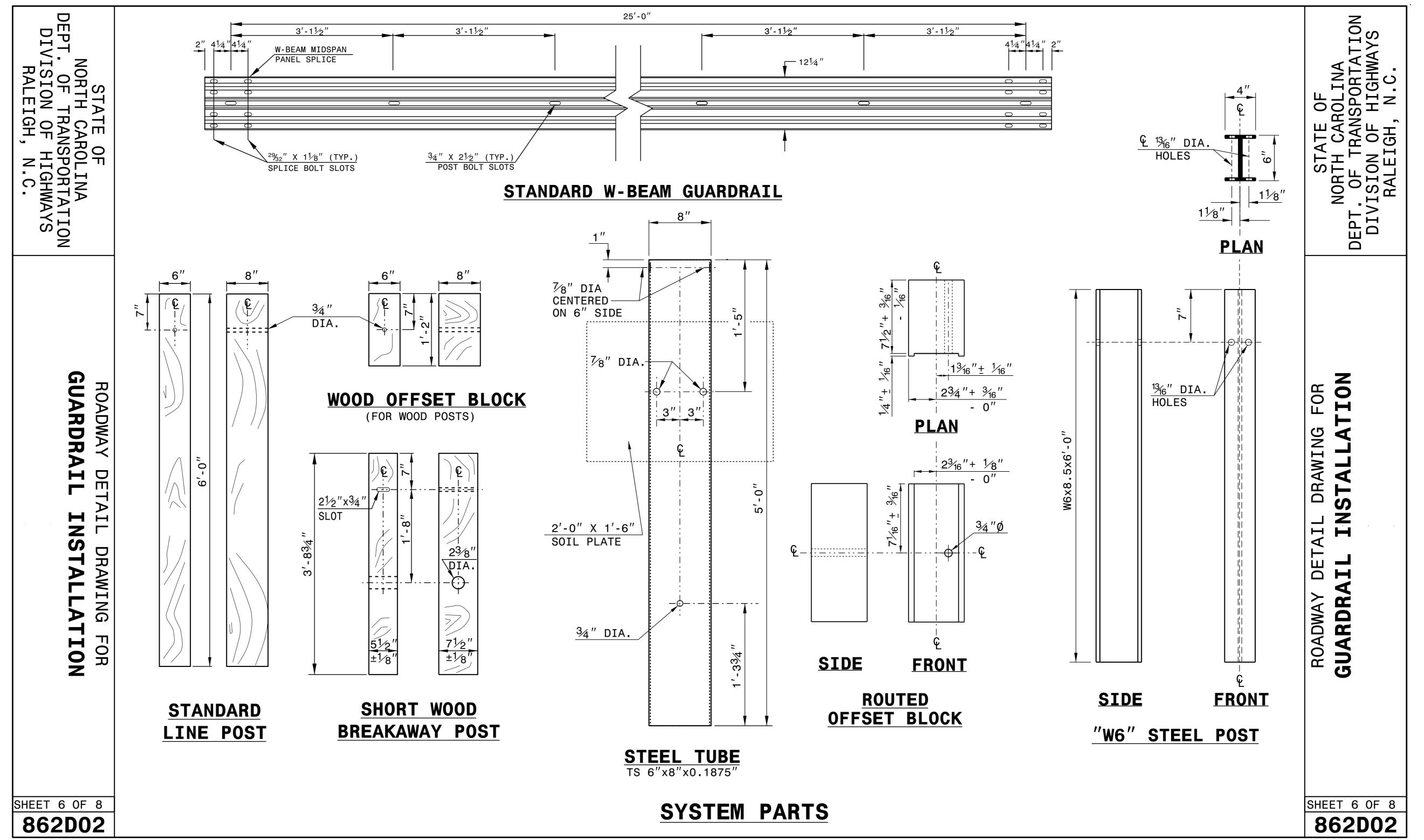
PROJECT REFERENCE NO.

B-4484

2C-1

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CONTRACTS STANDARDS AND DEVELOPMENT UNIT Office 919-707-6950 FAX 919-250-4119

# SEE TITLE BLOCK

ORIGINAL BY: J.HOWERTON	DATE: 3-7-2018
MODIFIED BY:	DATE:
CHECKED BY:	DATE:
FILE SPEC.:	

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SHEET NO.

3B-/

## SUMMARY OF EARTHWORK

STATION	STATION	UNCL.	EMBANK.	BORROW	WASTE		
SIAHON	SIATION	EXCAV.	+ %	BONNOW	***************************************		
PHASE I	AND II						
-L1- 17+00.00	-L1- 22+05.00	162	6,349	6,187	0		
-L1- 28+10.00	_L1_ 39 + 44.00	34	30,237	30,203	0		
_L1_ 43 + 46.00	-L1- 54+00.00	153	13,335	13,182	0		
_EL- 49+50.00	-EL- 54+50.00	36	636	600	0		
-DW1- 10+11.00	-DW1- 14+37.00	1,097	21	0	1,076		
SUBTO	TALS:	1,482	50,578	50,172	1,076		
PHAS	E III						
-L1- 17 + 00.00	-L1- 21+50.00	68	155	87	0		
-L1- 48+00.00	-L1- 54+00.00	51	384	333	0		
SUBTO	TALS:	119	539	420	0		
EROSION	CONTROL						
-L1- 21+00.00	-L1- 22+06.00	394	21	0	373		
-L1- 27 + 50.00	-L1- 40+00.00	2,578	3,666	1,088	0		
-L1- 42 + 50.00	-L1- 47 + 50.00	2,170	520	0	1,650		
SUBTO	TALS:	5,142	4,207	1,088	2,023		
ТО	TALS:	6,743	55,324	51,680	3,099		
WASTE IN LIE	U OF BORROW			-3,099	-3,099		
PROJECT	TOTALS:	6,743	55,324	48,581	0		
EST. 5% TO REPLACE	SOIL IN BORROW PIT			2,429			
GRAND	TOTALS:	6,743	55,324	51,010	0		
SA		7,090	33,024	53,570			

Earthwork quantities are calculated by the Roadway Design Unit. These earthwork quantities are based in part on subsurface data provided by the Geotechnical Engineering Unit.

EST DDE (FROM HYDRO TBD)

EST UNDERCUT EXCAVATION (FROM GEOTECH TBD)
EST SELECT GRANULAR MATERIAL (FROM GEOTECH TBD)
EST GEOTEXTILE FOR SOIL STABILIZATION (FROM GEOTECH TBD)

"N" = DISTANCE FROM EDGE OF LANE TO FACE OF GUARDRAIL. TOTAL SHOULDER WIDTH = DISTANCE FROM EDGE OF TRAVEL LANE TO SHOULDER BREAK POINT.

FLARE LENGTH = DISTANCE FROM LAST SECTION OF PARALLEL GUARDRAIL TO END OF GUARDRAIL.

W = TOTAL WIDTH OF FLARE FROM BEGINNING OF TAPER TO END OF GUARDRAIL.

G = GATING IMPACT ATTENUATOR TYPE 350NG = NON-GATING IMPACT ATTENUATOR TYPE 350

# ROW AREA DATA SUMMARY

PARCEL NO.	PROPERTY OWNERS NAMES	PROP. ROW	PERM. UTILITY EASE.	PERM. DRAIN EASE.	PERM. DRAINAGE UTILITY EASE.	CONST. EASE.
1	frances t. Kilpatrick	15,493.49 S.F.	11,732.96 S.F.			
2	SANDRA N. WHITE			558.04 S.F.		1,840.03 S.F.
3	WILLIAM E. DANIELS	65,099.98 S.F.	19,208.65 S.F.			
4	COASTAL LUMBER COMPANY			541.79 S.F.		4,009.94 S.F.
5	CAROL U. HEATH	64,196.66 S.F.	2,679.74 S.F.	969.12 S.F.		18,884.11 S.F.
6	RAY M. HEATH		15,848.44 S.F.			2,206.45 S.F.
7	harold hargett jr & tonya h. byrd	3,526.15 S.F.				
8	harold hargett jr & tonya h. byrd	2,980.53 S.F.	2,721.57 S.F.			10,454.05 S.F.

# SHOULDER BERM GUTTER SUMMARY

SURVEY LINE	STATION	STATION	LENGTH (LF)
-L1- LT	19 + 34.03	21 + 95.13	261.10
_L1 RT	20+48.75	21 + 95.04	146.29
-L1- LT	28+15.08	34+10.85	595.77
_L1 RT	28+18.95	29 + 74.49	155.54
-L1- LT	38 + 89.50	39+33.83	44.33
_L1_ LT	43 + 56.17	43 + 72.17	16.00
		TOTAL:	1,219.03
		SAY:	1,220

## PAVEMENT REMOVAL

LINE	STATION	STATION	LOCATION	AREA	SQUARE YARDS
-L1-	17 + 00	22 + 08	RT	14,582.65	1,620.29
-L1-	27 + 95	40 + 43	RT	28,940.96	3,215.66
-L1-	42 + 22	49 + 87	RT	21,800.08	2,422.23
-L1-	49 + 14	54+60	RT	4,328.65	480.96
				TOTAL:	7,739.15
				SAY:	7,740

# GUARDRAIL SUMMARY

SURVEY	BEG. STA.		100171011		LENGTH		WARRANT POINT		"N" DIST.	TOTAL	FLARE	FLARE LENGTH		w		ANCHORS			SINGLE	REMOVE EXISTING	REMOVE AND	
LINE		END STA.	LOCATION	STRAIGHT	SHOP CURVED	DOUBLE FACED	APPROACH END	TRAILING END	FROM E.O.L.	SHOUL. WIDTH	APPROACH END	TRAILING END	APPROACH END	TRAILING END	GREU TL-3	TYPE III AT	_1	EA G NG	FACED GUARDRAIL	CHARDRAI	STOCKPILE EXISTING GUARDRAIL	REMARKS
-L1-	17 + 00.00	17 + 50.00	LT	50.00					3′	9′		50		1	1					75		REMOVE AND REPLACE EXIST. GR., USE GR TRANSITION SECTION
-L1-	17 + 00.00	22 + 06.00 (BR)	RT	487.50					6′	9′						1				250		TIE TO EXIST. GR AT BEGIN PROJECT, REMOVE EXIST. GR., USE GR. TRANSITION SECTION
-L1-	18 + 25.00	22 + 06.00 (BR)	LT	381.25				22 + 06.00 (BR)	6′	9′		50		1	1	1						
-L1-/-DW1-	28+06.00 (BR)	10 + 52.84	LT	737.50	50.00		34+00.00		6′	9′						1 1						
-L1-	28+06.00 (BR)	29 + 87.50	RT	181.25				28 + 90.00	6′	9′		100		2	1	1						
-DW1-/-L1-	10+69.45	39 + 45.00 (BR)	LT	300.00	75.00			39 + 45.00 (BR)	6′	9′						1 1						
-L1-	38+63.75	39 + 45.00 (BR)	RT	81.25			39 + 45.00 (BR)		3′	9′	50		1		1	1 6						
-L1-	43 + 45.00 (BR)	54+25.00	LT	1081.25			53+00.00		6′	9′	50		1		1	1	ANCHOR DEDUCTION					
-L1-	43 + 45.00 (BR)	44+26.25	RT	81.25				43 + 45.00 (BR)	3′	9′		50		1	1	1	GREU TL-3: 8 @ 50' = 400'					
-L1-	49+25.00	54+25.00	RT	500.00			50 + 50.00	53+00.00	6′	9′	50	50	1	1	2		TYPE III: 8 @ 18.75' = 150'					
			SUBTOTALS	3881.25	125.00												AT-1: 2 @ 6.25' = 12.5'					
			ANCHOR DEDUCTION	562.50	0.00												GRAND TOTAL = 562.5'					
			TOTAL	3318.75	125.00												ADDITIONAL GUARDRAIL POSTS = 5					
			SAY	3337.50	137.50																	

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO. DATE: <u>2/27/19</u> STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA 3D-1 ARV B-4484 CHECKED BY: DATE: <u>2/27/19</u> DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS LIST OF PIPES, ENDWALLS, ETC. (FOR PIPES 48" & UNDER) **ENDWALLS** ABBREVIATIONS STD. 838.01, C.A.A. PIPE DRAINAGE PIPE CATCH BASIN CLASS III R.C. PIPE CLASS IV R.C. PIPE STATION STD. 838.11 (UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED) (RCP, CSP, CAAP, HDPE, or PVC) (UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED) FRAME, GRATES NARROW DROP INLET STD. 838.80 AND HOOD DROP INLET STANDARD 840.03 NOTED OTHERWISE) G.D.I. (N.S.) GRATED DROP INLET JUNCTION BOX T.B.D.I. TRAFFIC BEARING DROP INLET T.B.J.B. TRAFFIC BEARING JUNCTION BOX THICKNESS OR GAUGE TYPE OF GRATE FER E G C.B. § REMARKS \_L1\_ 21 + 86 | 15RT | 0401 31.59 28.84 26.00 1 1 \_L1\_ 20 + 54 | 17RT | 0402 | 28.65 0402 0403 24.65 22.45 24 \_L1\_ 20+55 | 39RT | 0403 | 26.00 | 21.00 10.00 0403 0404 -L1- 19 + 40 | 17LT | 0405 | 24.75 REMOVE 32 LF OF EXIST 12" CMP 0405 0406 22.00 7.00 1 | 1 | \_L1\_ 28 + 28 | 15RT | 0501 | 32.70 | 0501 0502 29.95 27.05 \_L1\_ 29 + 69 | 15RT | 0502 | 29.80 | 1 1 0502 0503 26.30 21.45 \_L1\_ 29 + 71 | 67RT | 0503 | 25.00 0503 0504 21.35 10.00 1 1 \_L1\_ 34+05 | 17 LT 0506 | 17.00 14.25 12.50 1 1 \_L1\_ 39 + 25 | 17LT | 0601 13.50 | 13.00 \_L1\_ 38 + 95 | 17LT | 0602 17.50 1 0.3 0602 0603 | 12.20 | 12.00 1 1 1 3.1 \_L1\_ 43 + 65 | 17LT | 0604 | 20.10

428

CROSS PIPE WITH HEADWALL

9 9 2 2 8

12.00 9.00

8.60 8.40

0604 0605

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. B-4484

DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

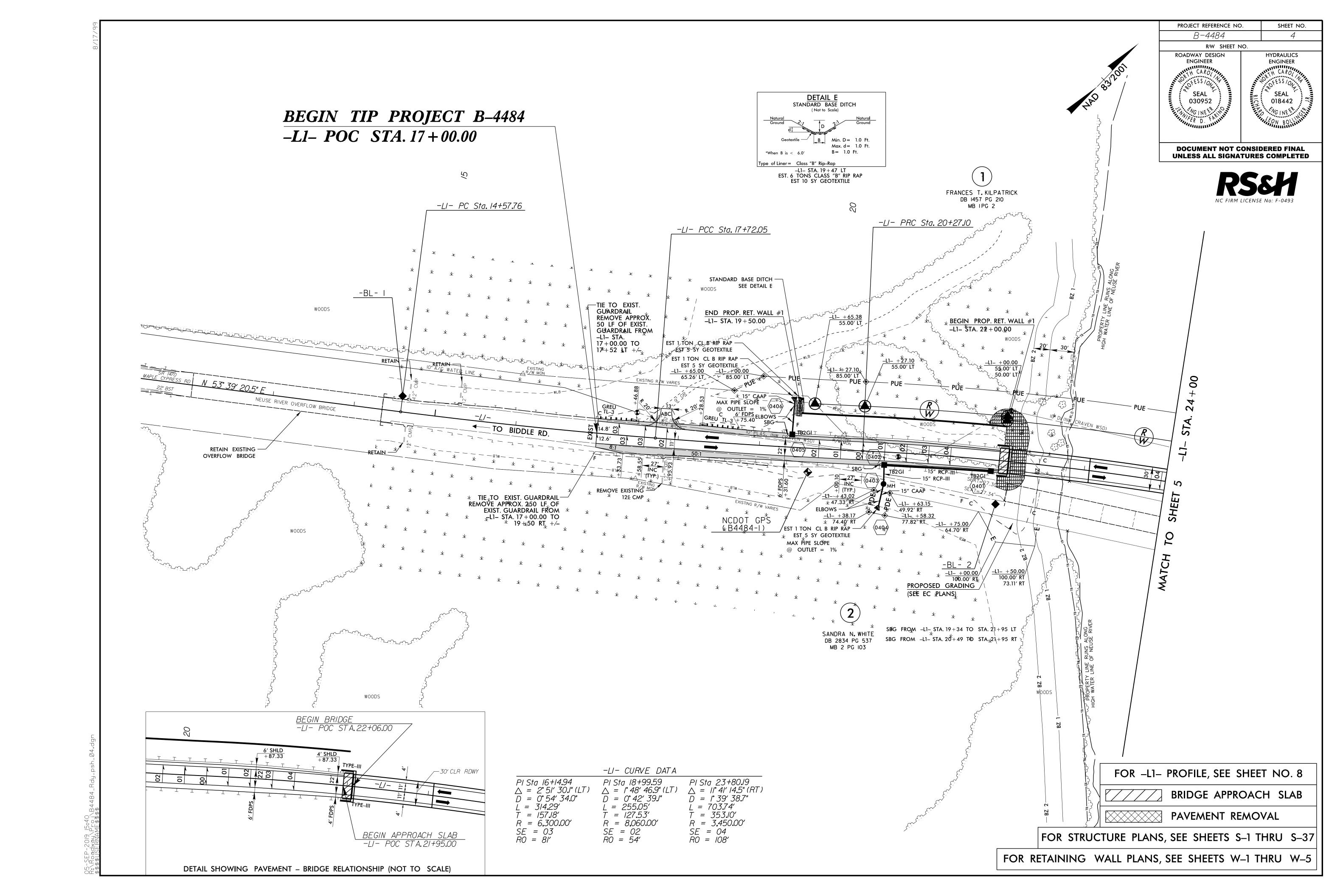
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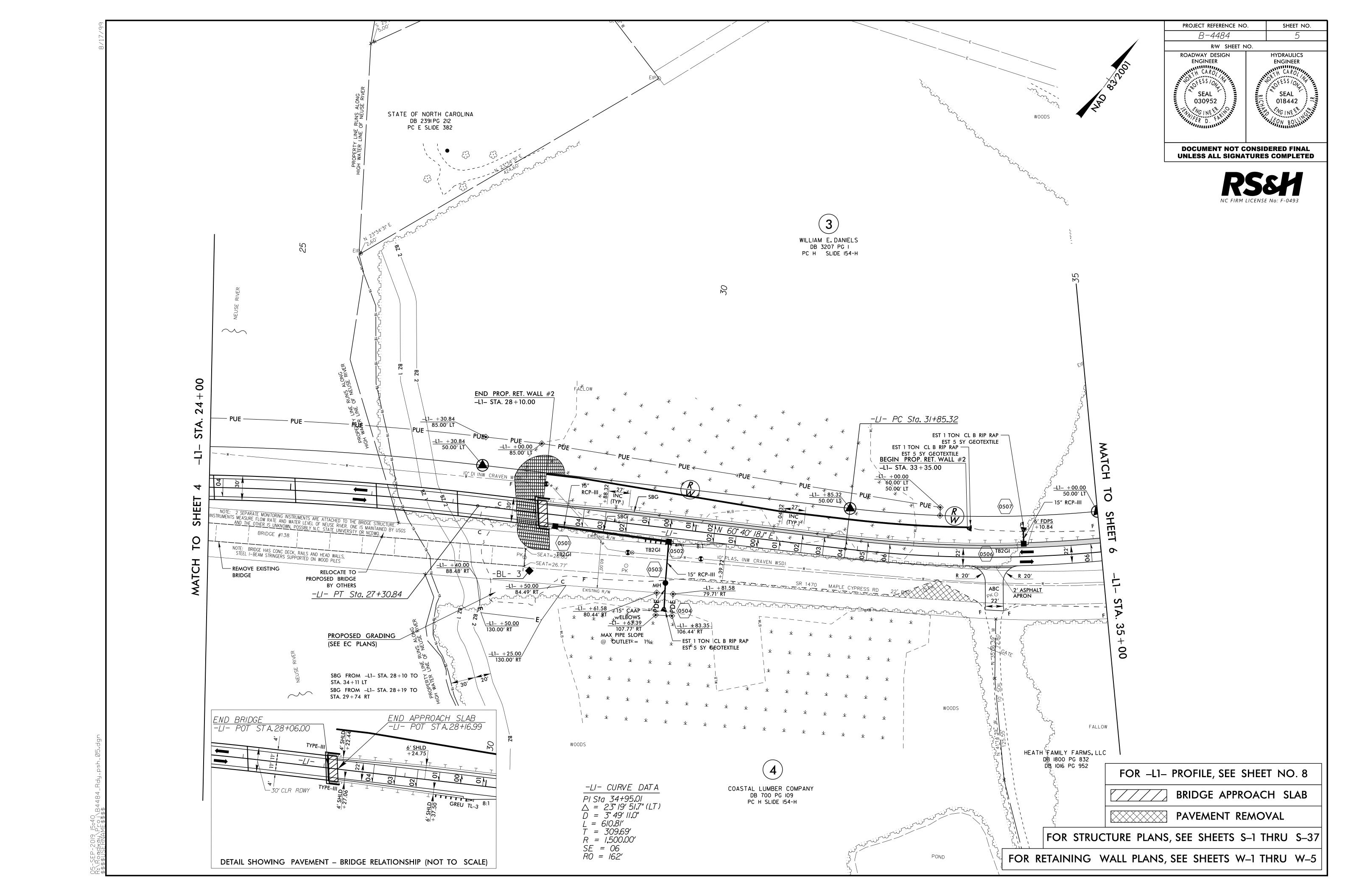
## PARCEL INDEX SHEET

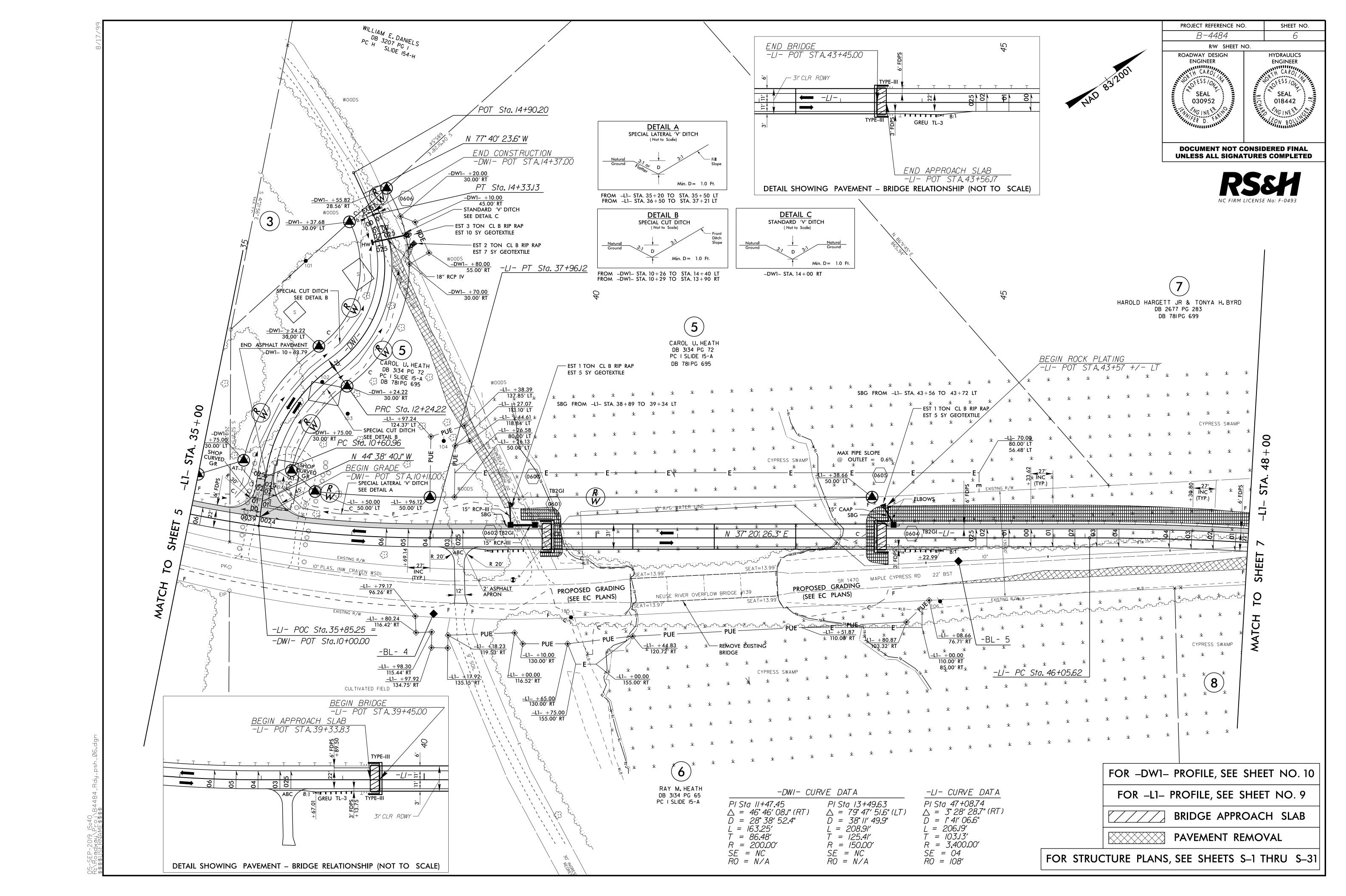
PARCEL No.	SHEET No.	PROPERTY OWNER NAME
1	4	FRANCES T. KILPATRICK
2	4	SANDRA N. WHITE
3	5,6	WILLIAM E. DANIELS
4	5	COASTAL LUMBER COMPANY
5	6	CAROL U. HEATH
6	6	RAY M. HEATH
7	6,7	HAROLD HARGETT JR & TONYA H. BYRD
8	6,7	HAROLD HARGETT JR & TONYA H. BYRD
	-	

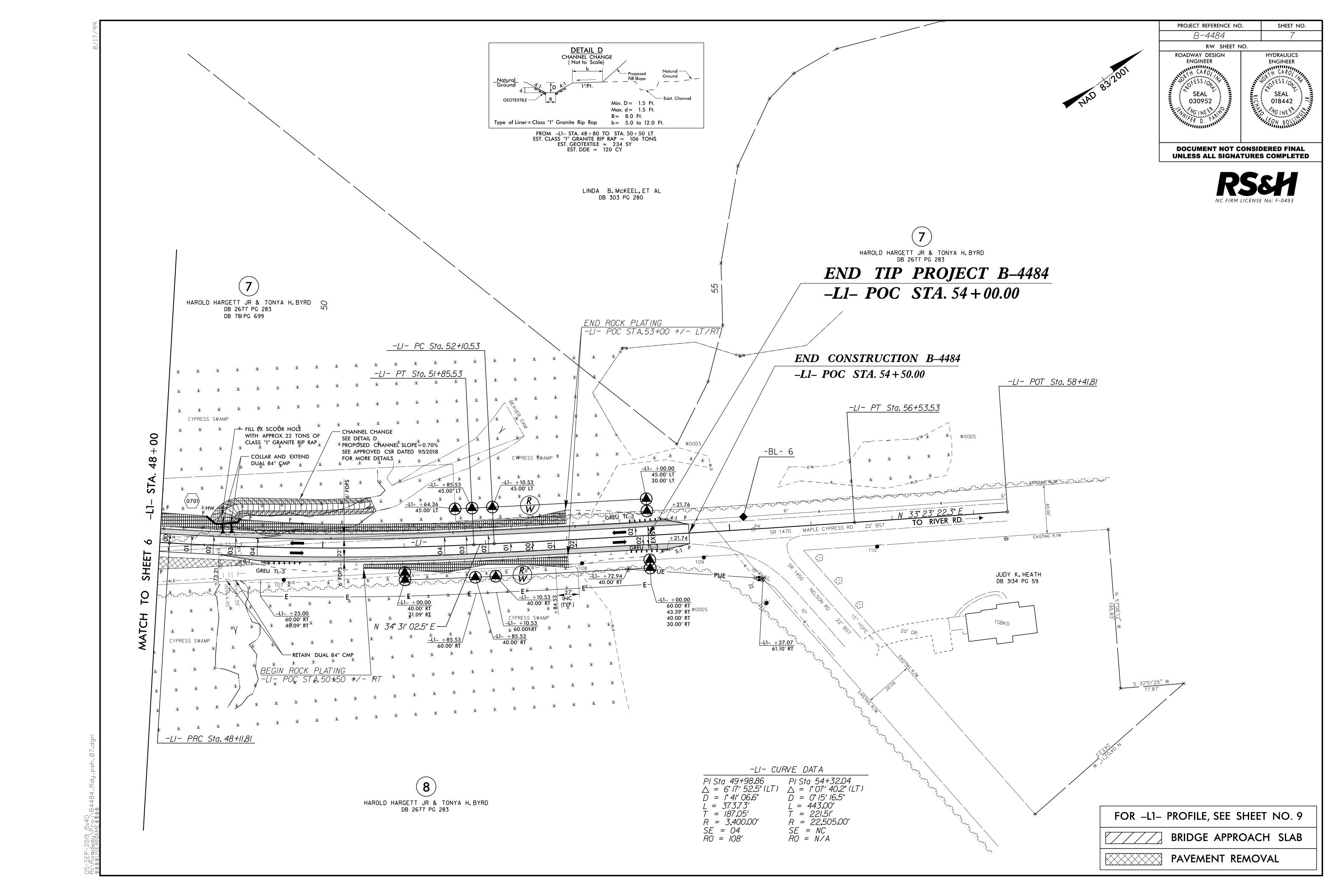
PARCEL No.	SHEET No.	PROPERTY OWNER NAME

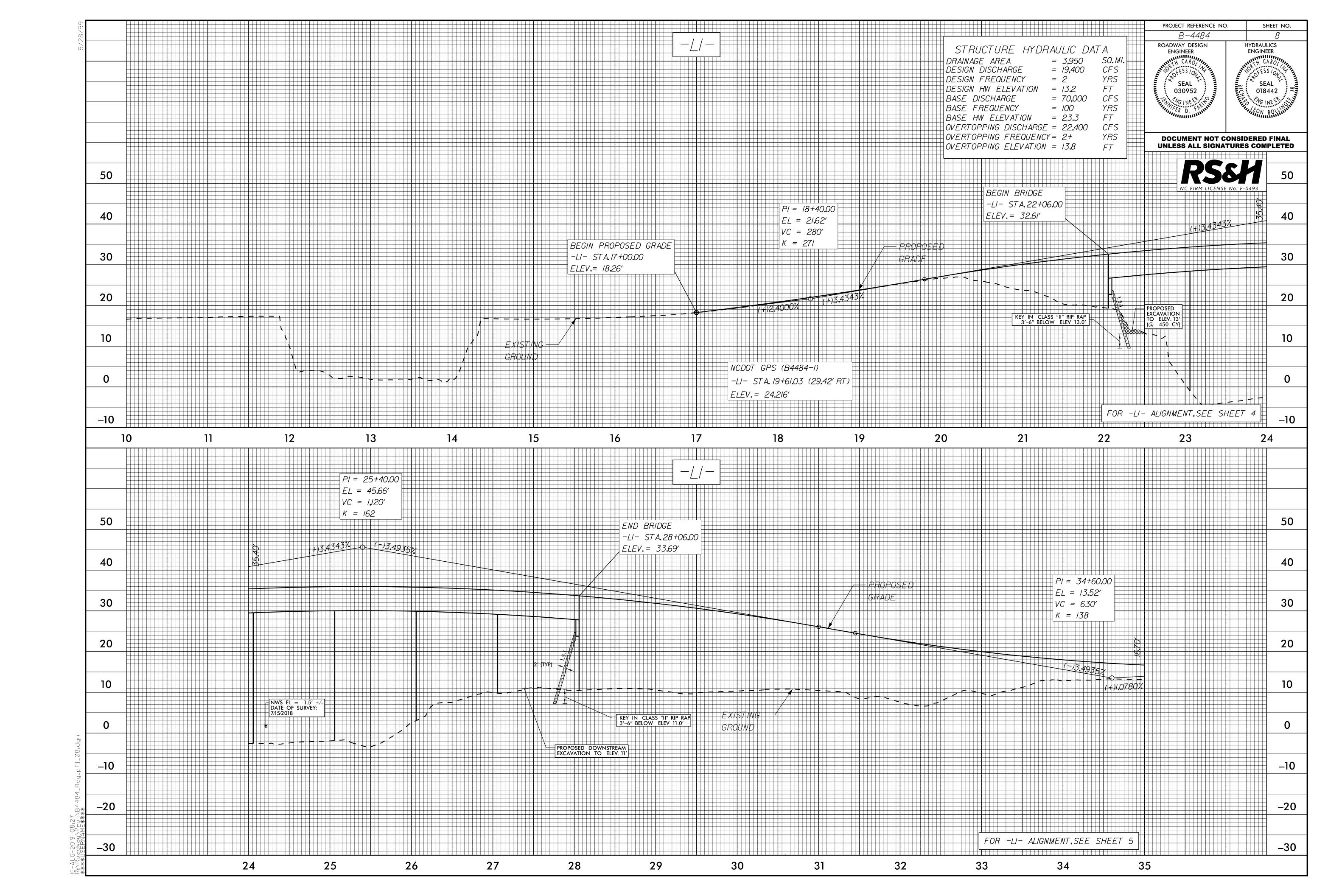
AUG-ZUIS Ufito RightOfWay\B4484\_Row\_Parcels.dgn

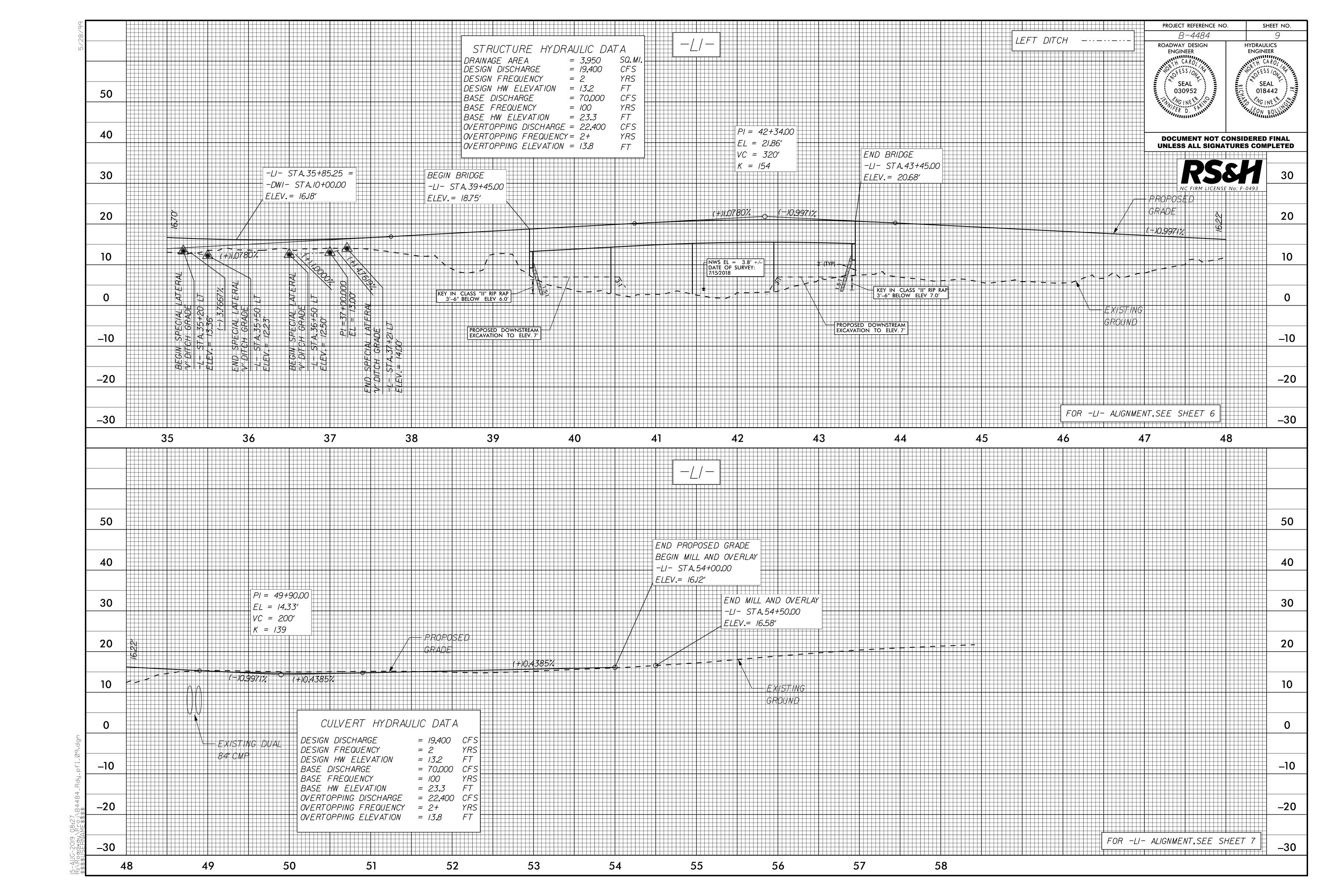


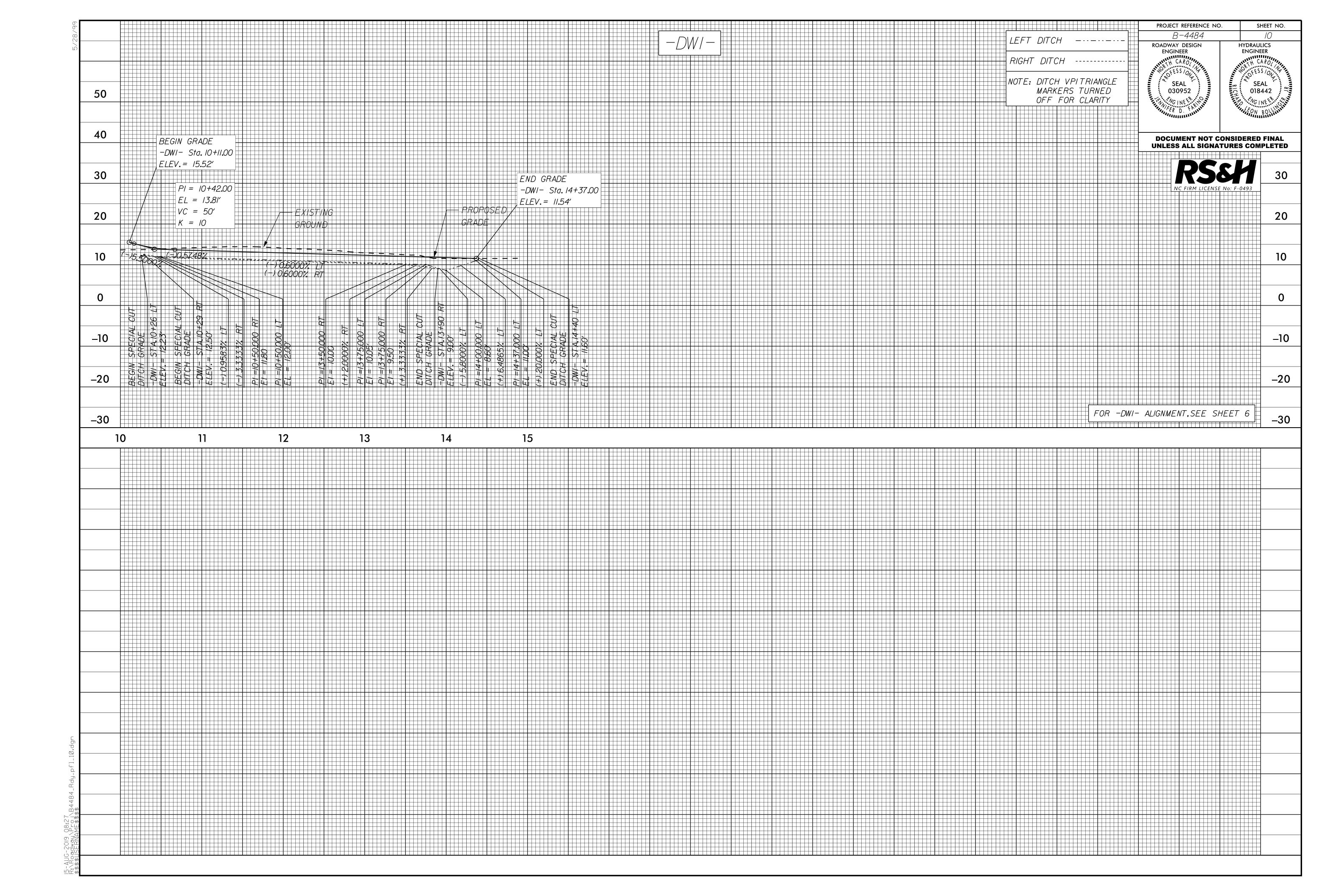












PROJECT LOCATION

VICINITY MAP

N. T. S.

## STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

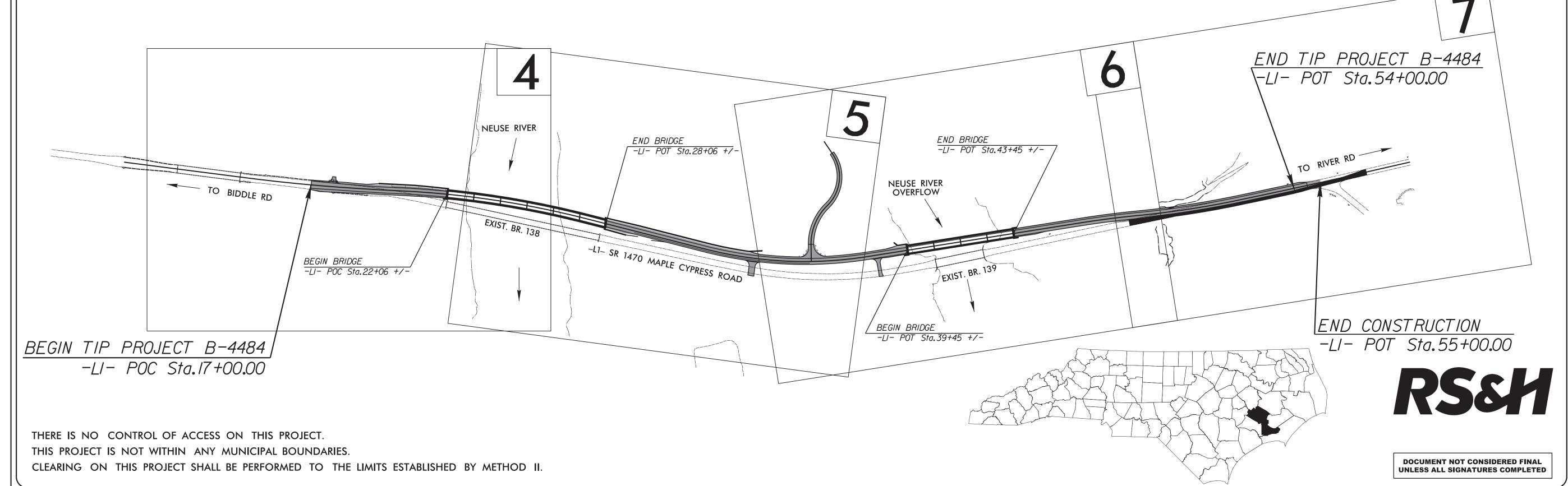
#### T.I.P. NO. SHEET NO. B-4484 UC-1

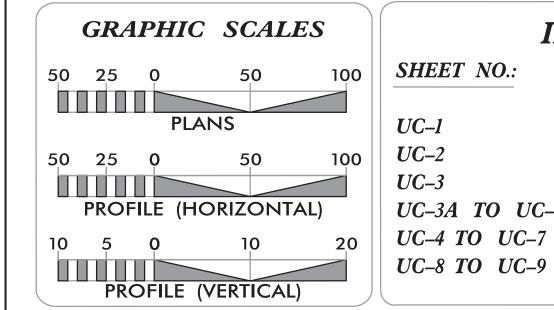
# UTILITY CONSTRUCTION PLANS CRAVEN COUNTY

LOCATION: REPLACE BRIDGES NO. 138 & 139 OVER NEUSE RIVER AND NEUSE RIVER OVERFLOW ON SR 1470 (MAPLE CYPRESS ROAD)

TYPE OF WORK: WATER LINE RELOCATION





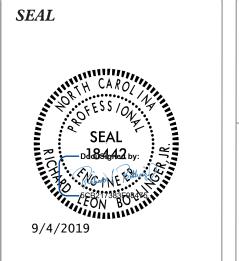


#### INDEX OF SHEETS SHEET NO.: **DESCRIPTION:** TITLE SHEET

UTILITY SYMBOLOGY **UC**–2 **UC-**3 **NOTES** UC-3A TO UC-3E **DETAILS** *UC-4 TO UC-7* UTILITY CONSTRUCTION SHEET PROFILE SHEET

WATER AND SEWER OWNERS ON PROJECT

(A) CRAVEN COUNTY WATER



#### PREPARED IN THE OFFICE OF RS&H ARCHITECTS-ENGINEERS-PLANNERS, INC.

8521 SIX FORKS ROAD, SUITE 400 RALEIGH, NC 27615

#### RICHARD BOLLINGER, PE PROJECT ENGINEER

ALEX VINSON, EI PROJECT DESIGN ENGINEER

HON YEUNG, PE

NCDOT CONTACT

## PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO. UC-2

## STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

## UTILITIES PLAN SHEET SYMBOLS

#### PROPOSED WATER SYMBOLS

## Water Line (Sized as Shown) ------22½ Degree Bend -----45 Degree Bend -----90 Degree Bend -----Gate Valve-----Butterfly Valve -----Tapping Valve -----Line Stop -----Line Stop with Bypass -----Blow Off .... Fire Hydrant ······ Relocate Fire Hydrant --Remove Fire Hydrant Water Meter ..... Relocate Water Meter --Remove Water Meter-Water Pump Station RPZ Backflow Preventer ---DCV Backflow Preventer -Relocate RPZ Backflow Preventer-Relocate DCV Backflow Preventer---

#### PROPOSED SEWER SYMBOLS

Gravity Sewer Line(Sized as Shown)	■12" SS ————
Force Main Sewer Line (Sized as Shown)	12" FSS
Manhole (Sized per Note)	
Sewer Pump StationPS(SS)	

#### PROPOSED MISCELLANOUS UTILITIES SYMBOLS

Power Pole	- <b>6</b>	Thrust Block
Telephone Pole	- <b>-0-</b>	Air Release Valv
Joint Use Pole	- <b>-\( -</b>	Utility Vault
Telephone Pedestal	TEL PED	Concrete Pier
Utility Line by Others (Type as Shown)	- PROP O/H POW LINES	Steel Pier
Trenchless Installation	- 12" TL INSTALL	Plan Note
Encasement by Open Cut	- 24" ENCAS BY OC	Pay Item Note
Encasement	- 24" ENCASEMENT	

# Air Release Valve Utility Vault Concrete Pier Steel Pier Plan Note Pay Item Note PAY ITEM

#### EXISTING UTILITIES SYMBOLS

Power Pole	•
Telephone Pole	-
Joint Use Pole	<b>→</b>
Jtility Pole	•
Jtility Pole with Base	
H-Frame Pole ·····	•—•
Power Transmission Line Tower	$\boxtimes$
Vater Manhole	<b>®</b>
Power Manhole	<b>②</b>
Telephone Manhole	⊗
Sanitary Sewer Manhole	<b>⊗</b>
Hand Hole for Cable	HH
Power Transformer	M
Telephone Pedestal	T
CATV Pedestal	C
Gas Valve	<b>♦</b>
Gas Meter	<b>♦</b>
ocated Miscellaneous Utility Object	$\odot$
Abandoned According to Utility Records	AATUR
End of Information	E.O.I.

Underground	Power Line	P ———	
*Underground	Telephone Cable	тт	
*Underground	Telephone Conduit	тс	
*Underground	Fiber Optics Telephone Cable	Т F0	
*Underground	TV Cable	тү	
*Underground	Fiber Optics TV Cable	TV F0	
*Underground	Gas Pipeline	c	
Aboveground	Gas Pipeline	A/G Gas	
*Underground	Water Line	w	
Aboveground	Water Line	A/G Water	
*Underground	Gravity Sanitary Sewer Line-	ss	
Aboveground	Gravity Sanitary Sewer Line	A/G Sanitary Se	ewer
*Underground	SS Forced Main Line	FSS	
Underground	Unknown Utility Line	?UTL	
SUE Test Hol	Le	•	
Water Meter		$\odot$	
Water Valve		$\oplus$	
Fire Hydrant	t	-∳	
Sanitary Sev	ver Cleanout	<b>(</b>	

*For Existing Utilit	ies	
Utility Line Drawn (Type as Shown)	from Record	
Designated Utility (Type as Shown)	Line	

EV: 2/1/2012

### UTILITY CONSTRUCTION

#### **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. THE PROPOSED UTILITY CONSTRUCTION SHALL MEET THE APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS OF THE NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION'S "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROADS AND STRUCTURES" DATED JANUARY 2018.
- 2. THE EXISTING UTILITIES BELONG TO CRAVEN COUNTY WATER.
- 3. ALL WATER LINES TO BE INSTALLED
  WITHIN COMPLIANCE OF THE RULES AND
  REGULATIONS OF THE NORTH CAROLINA
  DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY,
  DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES,
  PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY SECTION. ALL SEWER
  LINES TO BE INSTALLED WITHIN COMPLIANCE
  OF THE RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE
  NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF
  ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY, DIVISION OF
  WATER RESOURCES, WATER QUALITY SECTION.
  PERFORM ALL WORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
  APPLICABLE PLUMBING CODES.
- 4. THE UTILITY OWNER OWNS THE EXISTING UTILITY FACILITIES AND WILL OWN THE NEW UTILITY FACILITIES AFTER ACCEPTANCE BY THE DEPARTMENT. THE DEPARTMENT OWNS THE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT AND HAS ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITY. COMMUNICATIONS AND DECISIONS BETWEEN THE CONTRACTOR AND UTILITY OWNER ARE NOT BINDING UPON THE DEPARTMENT OR THIS CONTRACT UNLESS AUTHORIZED BY THE ENGINEER. AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE UTILITY OWNER AND CONTRACTOR FOR THE WORK THAT IS NOT PART OF THIS CONTRACT OR IS SECONDARY TO THIS CONTRACT ARE ALLOWED, BUT ARE NOT BINDING UPON THE DEPARTMENT.
- 5. PROVIDE ACCESS FOR THE DEPARTMENT PERSONNEL AND THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVES TO ALL PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION. NOTIFY DEPARTMENT PERSONNEL AND THE UTILITY OWNER TWO WEEKS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK AND ONE WEEK PRIOR TO SERVICE INTERRUPTION. KEEP UTILITY OWNERS' REPRESENTATIVES INFORMED OF WORK PROGRESS AND PROVIDE OPPORTUNITY FOR INSPECTION OF CONSTRUCTION AND TESTING.

- 6. THE PLANS DEPICT THE BEST AVAILABLE INFORMATION FOR THE LOCATION, SIZE, AND TYPE OF MATERIAL FOR ALL EXISTING UTILITIES. MAKE INVESTIGATIONS FOR DETERMINING THE EXACT LOCATION, SIZE, AND TYPE MATERIAL OF THE EXISTING FACILITIES AS NECESSARY FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPOSED UTILITIES AND FOR AVOIDING DAMAGE TO EXISTING FACILITIES. REPAIR ANY DAMAGE INCURRED TO EXISTING FACILITIES TO THE ORIGINAL OR BETTER CONDITION AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE DEPARTMENT.
- 7. MAKE FINAL CONNECTIONS OF THE NEW WORK TO THE EXISTING SYSTEM WHERE INDICATED ON THE PLANS, AS REQUIRED TO FIT THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS, OR AS DIRECTED.
- 8. MAKE CONNECTIONS BETWEEN EXISTING AND PROPOSED UTILITIES AT TIMES MOST CONVENIENT TO THE PUBLIC, WITHOUT ENDANGERING THE UTILITY SERVICE, AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UTILITY OWNER'S REQUIREMENTS. MAKE CONNECTIONS ON WEEKENDS, AT NIGHT, AND ON HOLIDAYS IF NECESSARY.
- 9. ALL UTILITY MATERIALS SHALL BE APPROVED PRIOR TO DELIVERY TO THE PROJECT. SEE 1500-7, "SUBMITTALS AND RECORDS" IN SECTION 1500 OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.

#### PROJECT SPECIFIC NOTES:

- 1. ALL PROPOSED WATER LINE SHALL BE D.I.R.J. (DUCTILE IRON RESTRAINED JOINT) PIPE FOR TRENCHED INSTALLATION AND HDPE FOR TRENCHLESS.
- 2. THE EXISTING ABOVE GROUND WATER LINE IS TO BE REMOVED AND/OR THE EXISTING UNDER GROUND WATER LINE IS TO BE ABANDONED OR REMOVED WHERE RELOCATIONS ARE PROPOSED.
- 3. CONTRACTOR'S ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO SECTIONS 102, 107, AND 1550 OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS CONCERNING TRENCHLESS INSTALLATION. IT IS CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO HAVE BORE DESIGNED AND SEALED BY A LICENSED NORTH CAROLINA PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER. NO DAMAGE IS ALLOWED TO RIVER, WETLANDS, OR BUFFER ZONES.

#### LIST OF STANDARD DRAWINGS

**1515.01 WATER METER** 

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO.

B-4484

DESIGNED BY: ARV

DRAWN BY: ARV

CHECKED BY: RLB

APPROVED BY:

REVISED:

NORTH CAROL INA
DEPARTMENT OF
TRANSPORTATION

UTILITIES ENGINEERING SEC.
PHONE: (919)707-6690
FAX: (919)250-4151

SHEET NO.

SHEET NO.

SHEET NO.

SHEET NO.

18402

CAROL

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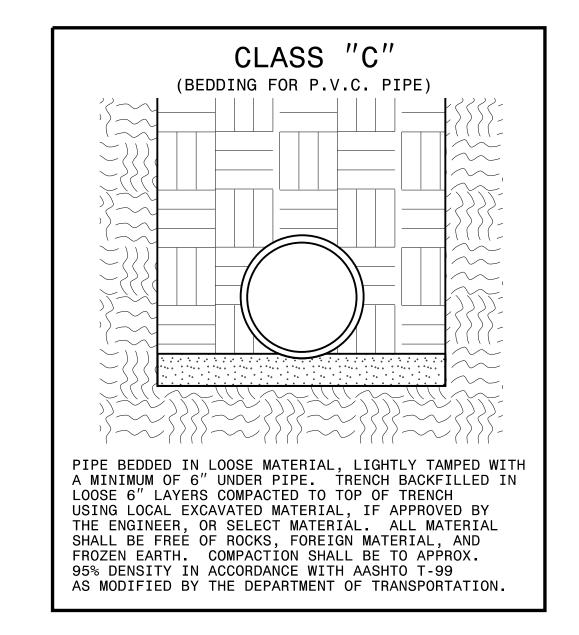
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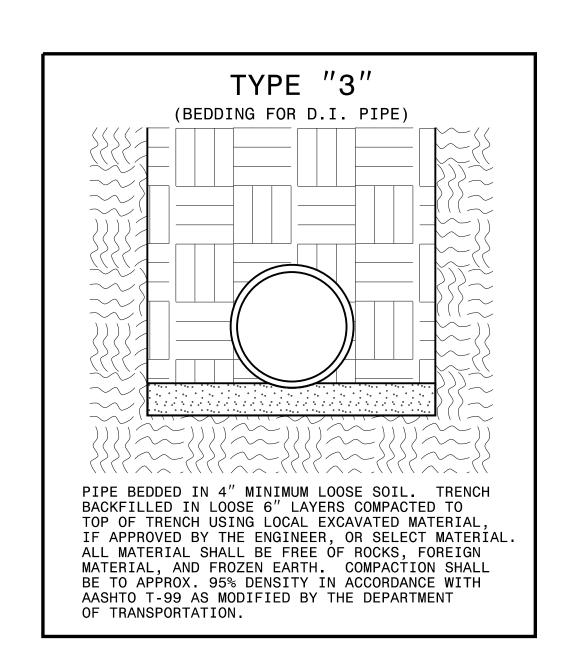
1800

UTILITY CONSTRUCTION

PROJECT REFERENCE	NO.	SHEET NO.
B-4484		UC-3A
DESIGNED BY: ARV		MIIIIIIII.
DRAWN BY: ARV	, si	ORTH CAROL
CHECKED BY: <i>RLB</i>		POFESS /ON THE
APPROVED BY:		DocuSimedby:
REVISED:	To the second	Suchard & Aldring /
NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		ECON BOTTO
UTILITIES ENGINEERING SEC. PHONE: (919)707-6690 FAX: (919)250-4151	9/  UTILI 	74/2019 TY CONSTRUCTION PLANS ONLY

#### UTILITY CONSTRUCTION



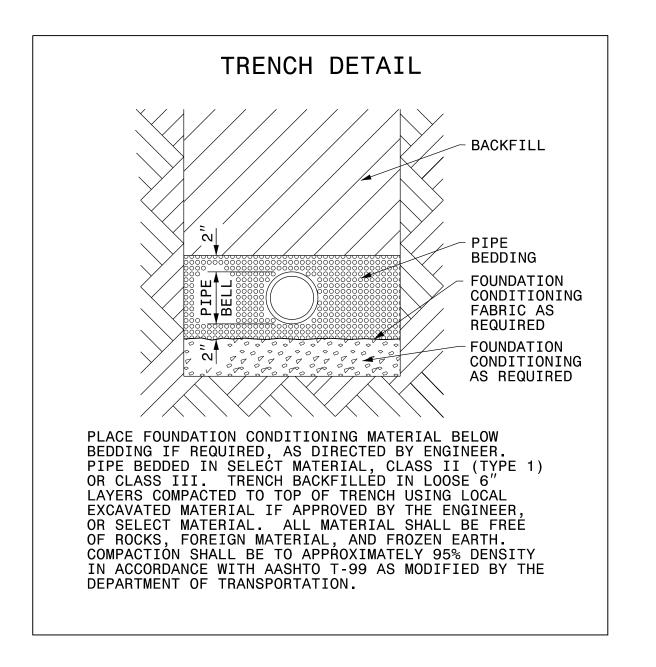


#### NOTES:

1. CONSIDERATION OF THE PIPE-ZONE EMBEDMENT CONDITIONS INCLUDED IN THIS FIGURE MAY BE INFLUENCED BY FACTORS OTHER THAN PIPE STRENGTH. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON PIPE BEDDING AND BACKFILL, SEE ANSI/AWWA

STANDARD PIPE BEDDING DETAILS

NOT TO SCALE



GENERAL TRENCH DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

MAXIMUM TRENCH WIDTH AT TOP OF PIPE					
NOMINAL PIPE SIZE (INCHES)	TRENCH WIDTH (INCHES)	NOMINAL PIPE SIZE (INCHES)	TRENCH WIDTH (INCHES)		
4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18	28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42	20 24 30 36 42 48 54	44 48 54 60 66 72 78		

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## PROJECT TYPICAL DETAILS

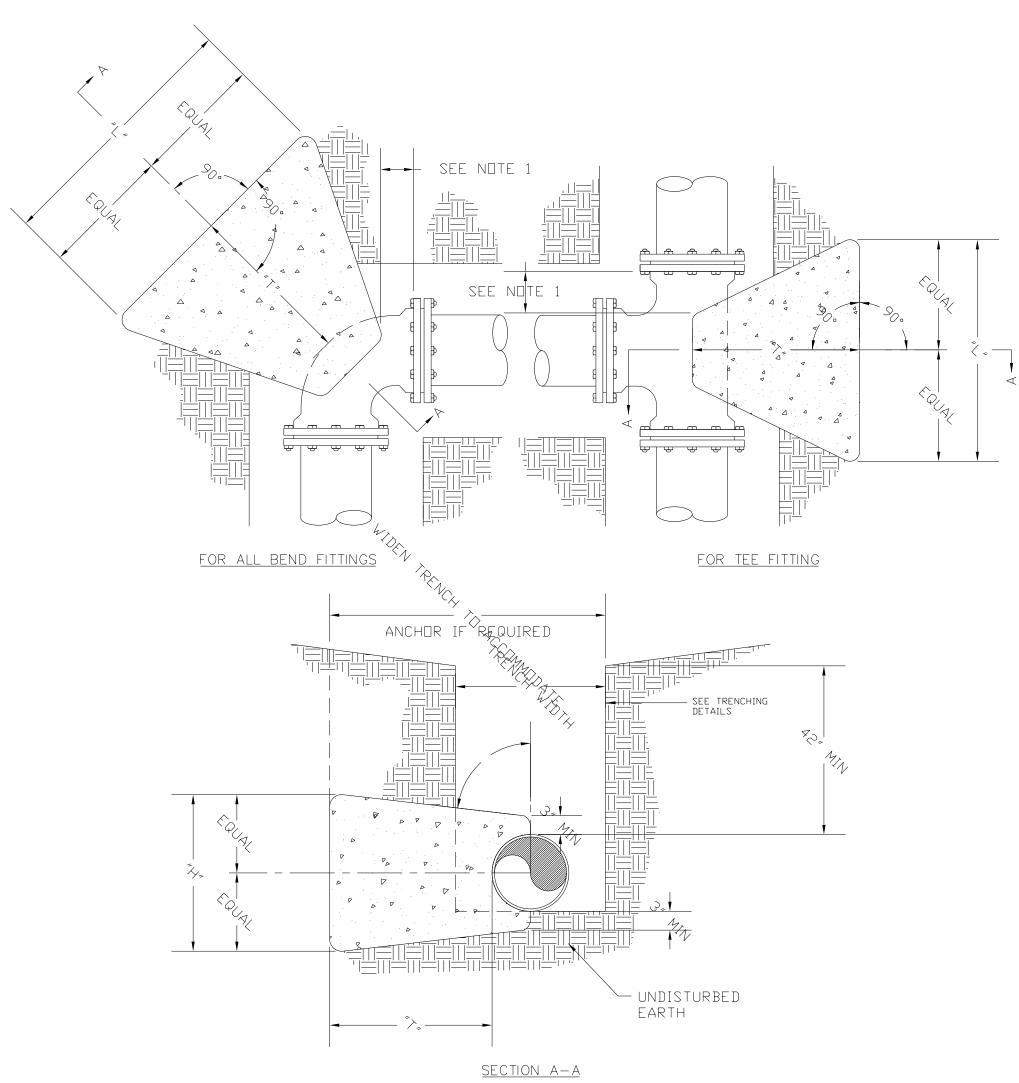
PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO. B-4484 UC-3B DESIGNED BY: ARV DRAWN BY: CHECKED BY: RLB APPROVED BY: REVISED: NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION UTILITIES ENGINEERING SEC.
PHONE: (919)707-6690
FAX: (919)250-4151

9/4/2019

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UTILITY CONSTRUCTION
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#### UTILITY CONSTRUCTION



- NOTES: 1. CONCRETE BLOCKING IS TO BE FORMED TO ENSURE ACCESSIBILITY TO FITTINGS AND POURED AGAINST
- UNDISTURBED EARTH.
- 2. ALL FITTINGS SHALL BE WRAPPED IN POLYETHYLENE TO PREVENT CONCRETE FROM CONTACTING FITTINGS, BOLTS, OR ENDS OF MECHANICAL JOINT BENDS.

THRUST BLOCKING

NOT TO SCALE

- 3. CONCRETE TO BE MINIMUM 3,000 PSI @ 28 DAYS. 4. WHEN SACKRETE IS TO BE USED, IT SHALL BE PROPERLY MIXED PER MANUFACTURER SPECIFICATIONS.
- 5. FOR REQUIRED DIMENSIONS, SEE WS\_TB2

TEST PRESSURE = 150 PSI						
PIPE SIZE	TYPE FITTING	DIMEN	VOLUME CONCRETE			
		″∟″	"H"	"T"	CU. YD.	
	11 1/4°					
<4	22 1/2°	1.00	1.00	1.50	0.06	
INCHES	45°	1.00	1.00	1.50	0.06	
	90°	1.00	1.00	2.50	0.09	
	TEE	1.00	1.00	2.00	0.07	
	11 1/4°	1.00	1.00	2.50	0.09	
4	22 1/2°	1.00	1.00	2.50	0.09	
INCHES	45°	1.00	1.00	2.50	0.09	
	90°	1.50	1.50	2.50	0.15	
	TEE	1.50	1.50	2.00	0.12	
	11 1/4°	1.50	1.50	2.50	0.15	
6	22 1/2°	1.50	1.50	2.50	0.15	
INCHES	45°	1.50	1.50	2.50	0.15	
	90°	2.00	2.00	3.00	0.28	
	TEE	2.00	2.00	2.50	0.23	
	11 1/4*	2.00	2.00	2.50	0.23	
8	22 1/2°	2.00	2.00	2.50	0.23	
INCHES	45*	2.00	2.00	2.75	0.25	
	90°	3.00	2.00	3.00	0.39	
	TEE	3.00	2.00	2.50	0.32	
	11 1/4*	2.00	2.00	3.00	0.28	
12	22 1/2°	2.00	2.00	3.00	0.28	
INCHES	45°	3.00	2.50	3.00	0.47	
	90°	4.50	3.00	3.50	0.94	
	TEE	4.50	3.00	3.00	0.81	
	11 1/4°	2.00	2.00	3.00	0.28	
16	22 1/2°	3.00	2.00	3.00	0.39	
INCHES	45°	4.00	3.00	3.50	0.84	
	90°	6.50	3.50	3.50	1.54	
	TEE	6.50	3.50	3.00	1.32	
-						

TES	T PR	RESSUF	RE =	= 20	O PSI
PIPE SIZE	TYPE FITTING	DIMEN:	VOLUME CONCRETE		
		<u>"</u> _"	"H"	"T"	LU, YD,
	11 1/4°	1.00	1.00	1,00	0.04
<4	22 1/2°	1.00	1.00	1.50	0.06
INCHES	45*	1.00	1.00	1.50	0.06
•	90°	1.50	1.50	2.50	0.15
	TEE	1.50	1.50	2.00	0.12
	11 1/4°	1.00	1.00	2.50	0.09
4	22 1/2°	1.00	1.00	2.50	0.09
INCHES	45°	1.50	1.50	2.50	0.15
	90°	1.50	1.50	2.50	0.15
	TEE	1.50	1.50	2.00	0.12
	11 1/4°	1.50	1.50	2.50	0.15
6	22 1/2°	1.50	1.50	2.50	0.15
INCHES	45°	1.50	1.50	2.50	0.15
	90°	2.50	2.00	3.00	0.33
	TEE	2.50	2.00	2.50	0.28
	11 1/4°	2.00	2.00	2.50	0.23
8	22 1/2°	2.00	2.00	2.50	0.23
INCHES	45*	2.00	2.00	2.75	0.23
	90°	4.00	2.00	3.00	0.50
	### ### ### ### ### ### #### #########	0.42			
	11 1/4°	2.00	2.00	3.00	0.28
12	22 1/2°	3.00	2.00	3.00	0.39
INCHES	45°	4.00	2.50	3.00	0.61
	90°	5.50	3.00	3.50	1.13
	TEE	5.50	3.00	3.00	0.97
	11 1/4°	2.00	2.00	3.00	0.28
16	22 1/2°	4.00	2.00	3.00	0.50
INCHES	45°	5.50	3.00	3.50	1.13
	90°	7.50	4.00	3.50	2.01
	TEE	7.50	4.00	3.00	1.72

- 1. IF BLOCKING EXCAVATION IS IN LIGHTLY COMPACTED FILL AREAS, OR IN AREAS WHERE BOULDERS OR STUMPS HAVE BEEN REMOVED, BLOCKING SIZE MUST BE RE-SIZED FOR THE SPECIFIC LOCATION/CIRCUMSTANCE BY A NC LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER.
- 2. BLOCKING SIZES SHOWN IN THESE TABLES ASSUME THE FOLLOWING:
- a. BLOCKING IS CONSTRUCTED IN RESIDUAL SOILS AS SHOWN IN DETAIL
- b. SOIL BEARING PRESSURE = 2000 PSF
- c. VELOCITY OF FLOW = 15 FPS
- 3. THIS DETAIL NOT APPLICABLE TO REDUCING BENDS.
- 4. NEITHER THE WEIGHT OF THE CONCRETE BLOCKING NOR FRICTION BETWEEN CONCRETE BLOCKING AND SOIL WAS ADDED INTO BLOCKING SIZES COMPUTATION. THEREFORE, BLOCKING SIZE IS CONSERVATIVE.

THRUST BLOCKING

NOT TO SCALE

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO.

B-4484

DESIGNED BY: ARV

DRAWN BY: ARV

CHECKED BY: RLB

APPROVED BY:

REVISED:

NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF
TRANSPORTATION

UTILITIES ENGINEERING SEC.
PHONE: (919)707-6690
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SHEET NO.

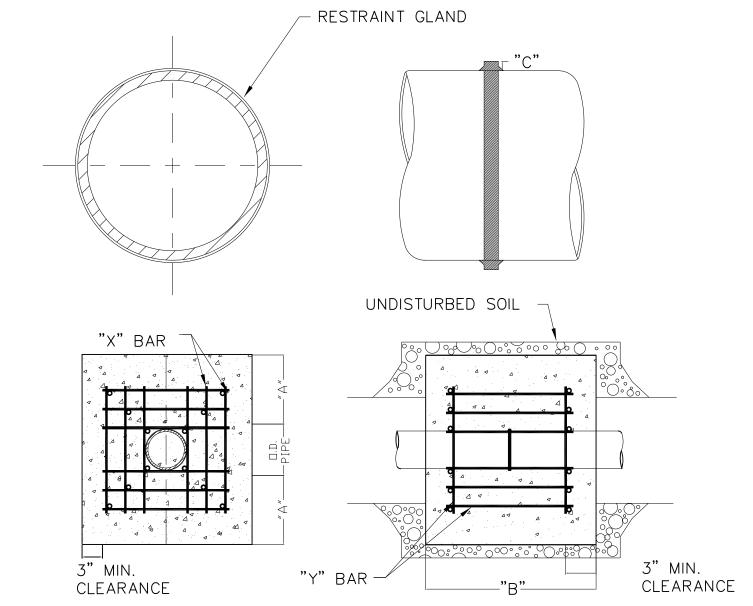
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SHEET NO.

9/4/2019

UTILITY CONSTRUCTION
PLANS ONLY

#### UTILITY CONSTRUCTION



#### REINFORCING REQUIREMENTS

I.D. PIPE	REBAR SIZE	"X" BAR LENGTH	"X" BAR WEIGHT	"Y" BAR LENGTH	"Y" BAR WEIGHT	NO. REQUIRED
6" – 36"	#5	2'-2"+ O.D. PIPE	1.043 LBS/FT	1'-1"	1.1 LBS. EACH	X-24, Y-12
48" & greater	#6	3'-0"+ O.D. PIPE	1.502 LBS/FT	1'-3"	1.9 LBS. EACH	X-24, Y-12

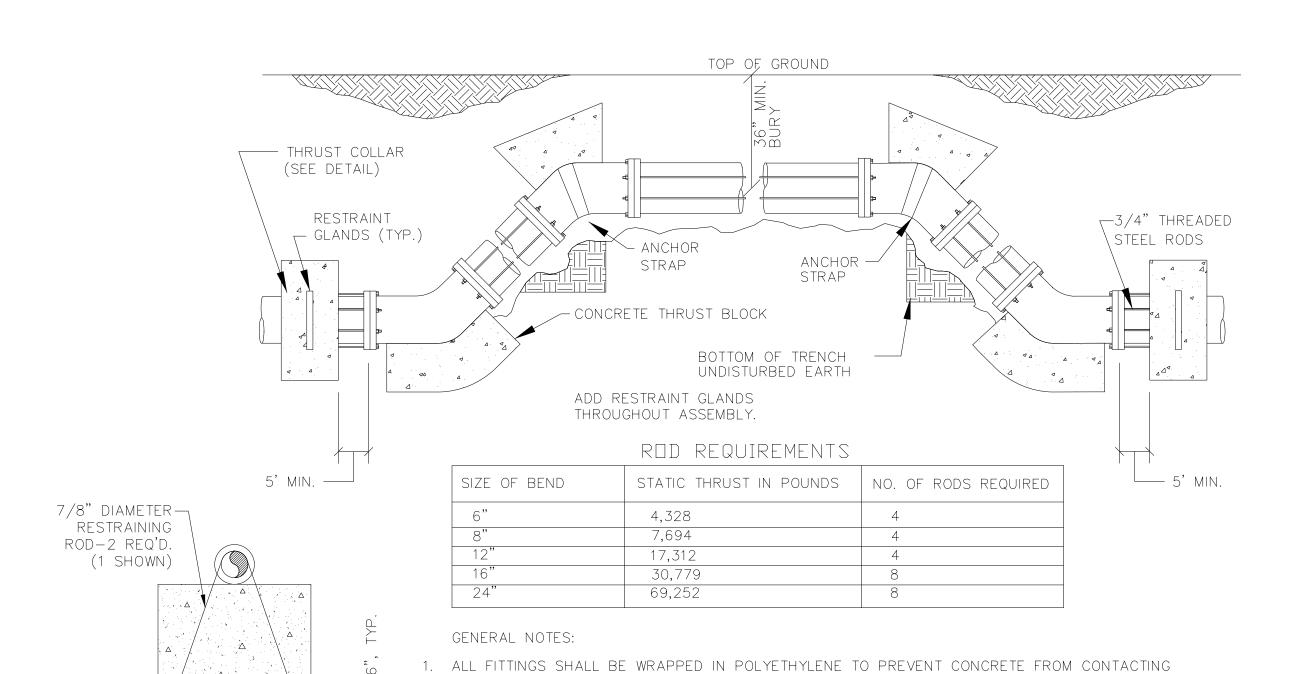
#### THRUST COLLAR, AND THRUST SCHEDULE

I.D. PIPE	"A"	"B"	"C-6"-16", 20"-24", 30"-36", 48"
6" - 36"	1'-4"	1'-7"	2" 3" 4"
48" & greater	1'-8"	1'-9"	6"

#### NOTES:

- 1. CONCRETE SHALL BE 3000 PSI AND TRANSIT MIXED.
- 2. REINFORCING BARS SHALL BE DEFORMED AND TIED TOGETHER. 3. TRENCH BOTTOM WIDTH IN VICINITY OF THRUST BLOCK INSTALLATION SHALL BE THE MINIMUM WIDTH
- AS SHOWN ON STANDARD EMBEDMENT DETAIL.
- 4. BACKFILL TAMPED IN 6" LIFTS PER STANDARD EMBEDMENT DETAIL.

THRUST COLLAR DESIGN QUANTITY TABLE



FITTINGS, BOLTS, OR ENDS OF MECHANICAL JOINT BENDS.

4. MUST USE DUCTILE IRON EYE BOLTS WHERE NECESSARY.

GALVANIZED.

ETC. MAY BE APPROVED BY ONWASA ON A CASE-BY-CASE BASIS.

6", TYP. → |

BLOCKING CROSS SECTION

NO SCALE

THRUST BLOCKING DESIGN QUANTITY TABLE
NOT TO SCALE

EACH FITTING SHALL BE SECURED BY TWO FORMS OF RESTRAINT. RESTRAINING GLANDS AND

3. IF APPROVED FOR USE BY ONWASA, STEEL RODS AND BOLTS SHALL BE 3/4" HOT DIPPED

CONCRETE THRUST BLOCKING ARE PREFERRED. WEDGE—ACTION RESTRAINT GLANDS (I.E. MEGALUGS) ARE APPROVED ONLY FOR USE ON DUCTILE IRON PIPE. FULL—CIRCUMFERENTIAL PIPE RESTRAINT GLANDS (I.E. GRIP RINGS) MAY BE USED ON PVC OR DUCTILE IRON PIPE. ALL RESTRAINT GLANDS

SHALL BÈ SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED FOR USE ON THE TYPE OF PIPE FOR WHICH THEY ARE BEING INSTALLED. OTHER FORMS OF RESTRAINT SUCH AS THREADED ROD, BELL RESTRAINT HARNESSES,

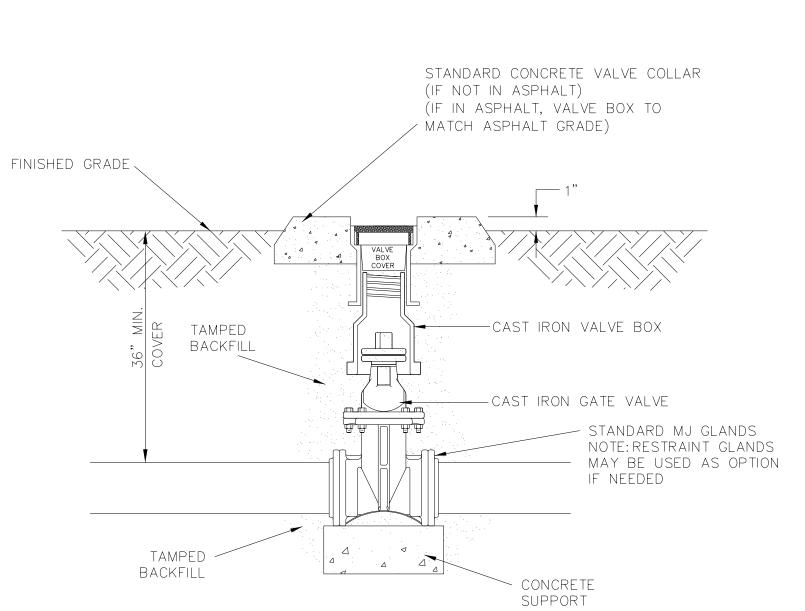
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APPROVED METHOD FOR EXTENSION OF VALVE BOX

5 3/

PROJECT REFERENCE	NO.	SHEET NO.
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NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		FON BOWNING
UTILITIES ENGINEERING SEC. PHONE: (919)707-6690 FAX: (919)250-4151	UTILI	1/2019 TY CONSTRUCTION PLANS ONLY

#### UTILITY CONSTRUCTION



TYPICAL INLINE VALVE DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

VALVE BOX DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

BACKFILL

STANDARD VALVE BOX

PAVEMENT

BACKFILL;

NOTE: CONCRETE VALVE COLLAR REQUIRED ON ALL VALVES.

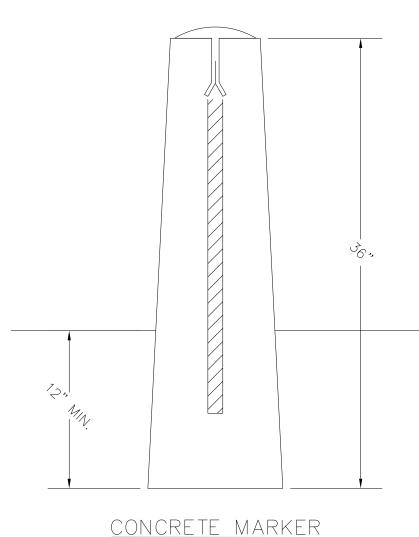
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CASTING

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APPROVED BY:		SEAL
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UTILITIES ENGINEERING SEC. PHONE: (919)707-6690 FAX: (919)250-4151	UTILI	4/2019 TY CONSTRUCTION PLANS ONLY

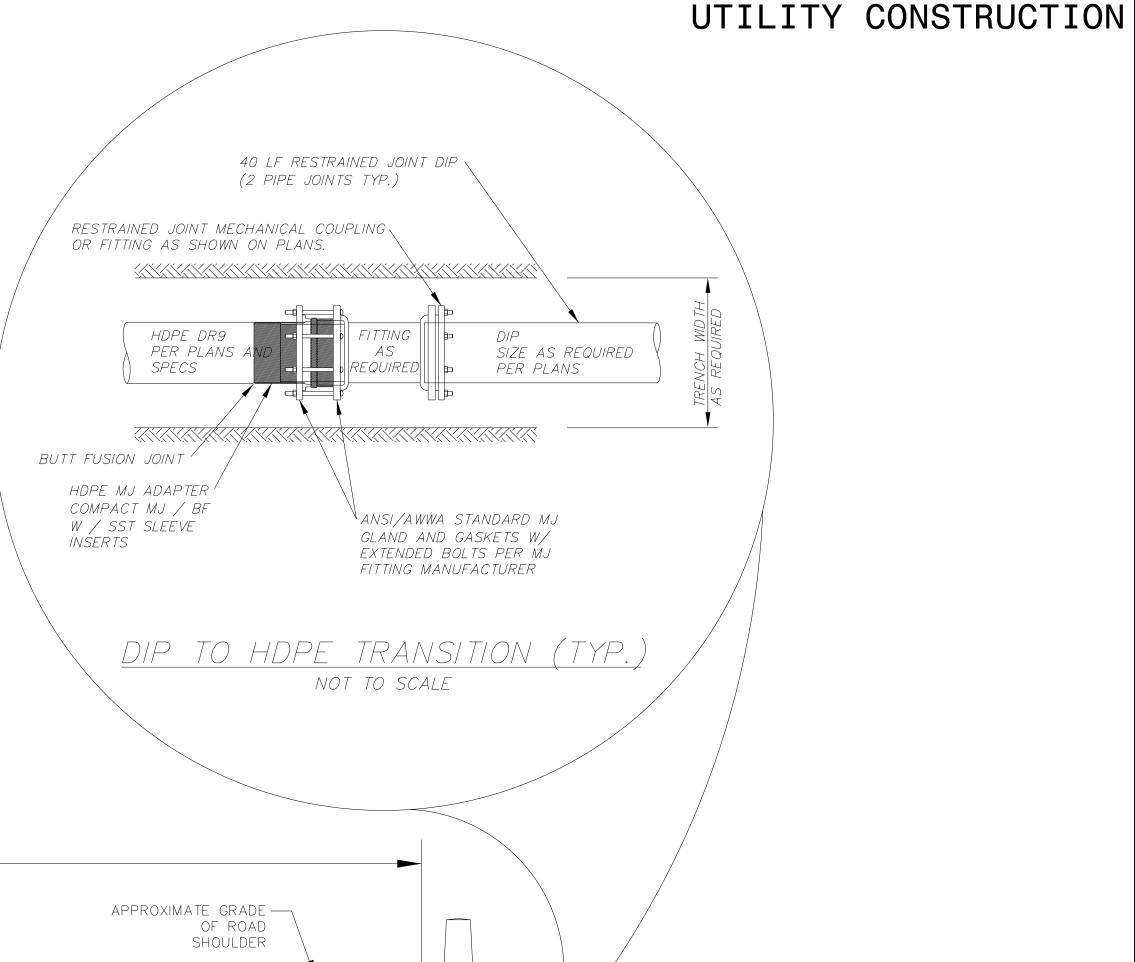




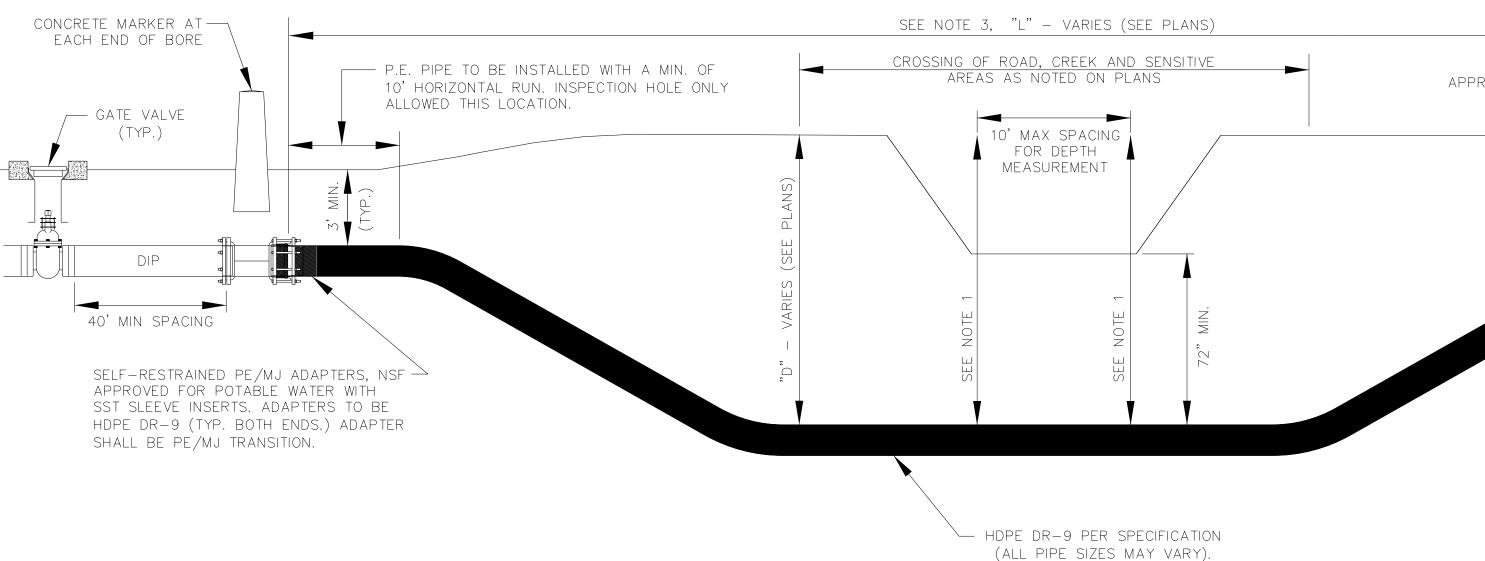
CROSS SECTION

NOTES: 1. A PROFILE AND PLAN SHALL BE PROVIDED FROM ENTRY TO EXIT FOR EACH DIRECTIONAL BORE SECTION BY THE DIRECTIONAL BORE CONTRACTOR.

- 2. ALL BORE SECTIONS SHALL BE HYDROSTATICALLY TESTED, PER SPECIFICATIONS UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION AND PRIOR TO CONNECTION TO THE MAIN WATER LINE.
- 3. LENGTH OF CROSSING, LOCATION OF INSPECTION/OBSERVATION EXCAVATION, NUMBER OF P.E. PIPE JOINTS, LOCATION OF BORE MACHINE, AUGER ENTRANCE LOCATION, AND TIE-IN POINTS ARE TO BE APPROVED BY CRAVEN COUNTY WATER PRIOR TO ANY START OF WORK OR ORDERING MATERIALS.
- 4. CONCRETE MARKERS SHALL BE PLACED AT THE BOTH THE ENTRY AND EXIT POINT OF ALL DIRECTIONAL BORES, REFERENCING THE TYPE OF UTILITY UNDERGROUND.
- 5. THE BORE DEVELOPED FOR THE LEAD-IN END OF THE PIPE SHALL BE KEPT AT A MINIMUM DIAMETER FOR THE PIPE INSTALLATION. THE LEAD—IN END SHALL BE PULLED THROUGH WITHOUT THE M.J. FLANGE ATTACHED FOR LARGER THAN 6" PIPE INSTALLATION. THE M.J. FLANGE FOR SAID LEAD-IN END SHALL BE INSTALLED AFTER THE PIPE INSTALLATION WITH THE USE OF A SPLIT M.J. FLANGE.
- 6. IF BURIED OBSTRUCTIONS ARE LOCATED IN THE LENGTH OF THE DIRECTIONAL BORE, DIRECTIONAL BORE CONTRACTOR SHALL AVOID CONFLICT WITH THESE OBSTRUCTIONS BY GOING UNDER A MINIMUM OF 12" WITH PROPOSED PIPE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED OR IDENTIFIED IN GENERAL NOTES ON SHEET, OR IN SPECIFICATIONS.



40' MIN SPACING



HORIZONTAL DIRECTIONAL DRILL PROFILE (TYP.)

31-OCT-2018 14:19 R:\Utilities\Engine \$\$\$\$USERNAME\$\$\$

